Rhodesia's Pioneer Women

(1859-1896)

Compiled by Jessie M. Lloyd

Revised and enlarged by Constance Parry
Jessie Lloyd was the daughter of Rev. and Mrs. David Carnegie and was born at Hope Fountain Mission on 12th January, 1889. She was a granddaughter of Rev. William Sykes, one of the founders of Inyati Mission, and his second wife, Margaret Charlotte Kolbe. She was in the Bulawayo laager.

About 1900 Jessie was sent to England to school at Walthamstowe Hall, Sevenoaks, and rejoined her parents at the Centenary Mission, near Figtree, in 1907. After David Carnegie's death in 1910 his family lived in the Old Waterworks Hotel, near the old Essexvale Road, Hillside, Bulawayo.

For some time Jessie worked for the Bulawayo Chronicle and the Railways, and in 1917 she married James Good Lloyd, who was also a member of a missionary family. James was born in Kanye, Bechuanaland, in 1893, and became a civil servant. After the wedding Jessie went with him to England, travelling on the Walmer Castle in convoy. James enlisted, and Jessie remained in England for the rest of the war, returning to Bulawayo in 1919. They bought a house at the corner of Leander Avenue and Flint Road, Hillside, which was then hardly developed, and Jessie made her home there for most of her life.

James died in Salisbury in 1933, and Jessie came back to Bulawayo and worked with the Railways to support her two children. In 1966 she left her Leander Avenue home for Salisbury to be nearer her family. Jessie died in the B. S. Leon Trust Home on 14th December, 1972. After a memorial service in the church at Hope Fountain, her ashes were scattered in the mission cemetery.

Jessie read widely, and young and old enjoyed her company. She was a N'debele linguist, and her heart was in Matabeleland, particularly in Bulawayo and the Matopos, where she loved to camp with her family and friends. She paid her last visit to the hills in November, 1968, during the City of Bulawayo's 75th anniversary celebrations, when she took part in the pilgrimage to Rhodes's grave, and read the lesson at the service held there.

Her name will be remembered in Bulawayo through Jessie Lloyd Road, Ilanda, and, most appropriately, that road joins with Erica Hepburn Avenue, for Erica was a great friend from girlhood days.

Jessie knew from personal experience the difficulties endured and the courage shown by Rhodesia's pioneer women, and was thus inspired to commemorate them.

She is on the Roll of Women Pioneers.
PREFACE

The Rhodesia Pioneers' and Early Settlers' Society was founded in September, 1904; but it was not until 1934 that the Society decided to include women as members. After that decision the then Secretary, Col. Dan Judson, said: "In giving Women Pioneers this recognition I am not only referring to the living but also to the dead, because possibly the majority of those who can be classed as pioneers are dead and gone. It would be a very fine thing if we had an accurate list of those names, both dead and living, which could be placed in some conspicuous position for members and visitors to see . . ." I have done my best to complete this "accurate list".

I wish to express my gratitude to all who have so kindly helped me to collect these names, especially Mrs. Boggie of Gwelo, Mrs. Edwards of Chipinga, Mrs. Black of Marula, the late Mrs. Paddon and Mr. C. W. Botton, Secretary of the Pioneers' and Early Settlers' Society. Also I am very grateful to Mrs. Hepenstall for the loan of her typewriter.

I have given the date of arrival after each name and the source of information in every case. The original index cards, with names dates, etc., and all letters I have had dealing with Pioneer Women will be kept in the archives of the Pioneers' and Early Settlers' Society in Bulawayo.

Where I have written "On Roll of Women Pioneers" it is to indicate the fact that these names have all been registered on Application Forms for Membership and have been signed by the applicants.

Where I have put "still living" I have recorded the year that I received that information, in brackets. In several cases I have names and dates only, in spite of over 60 letters and telephone calls in answer to my advertisements asking for information regarding Pioneer Women.

I should explain that this is a record of women who came to this country between the years 1859 and 1896 inclusive; not all of them stayed, and some only passed through — nevertheless they came.

This publication has been sponsored by the Trustees of the Southern Rhodesia State Lotteries, to whom I offer my grateful thanks.

Jessie M. Lloyd
Bulawayo, 1960.

FOREWORD

It is right and fitting that our record of the women who pioneered Rhodesia should be as complete as possible. To anyone with imagination it is indeed a Roll of Honour, for in a double sense frontier life is especially hard for a woman.

She feels its deprivations more keenly than a man; the absence of so much that makes for gracious and cultured living, the loss of so many aids when bringing up a family, especially the limited medical assistance available, if it is there at all.

On the other hand, the compensations that mean so much to a man: the excitement of hunting and outdoor living, do not, as a rule, have the same appeal to her. Often she has no special aptitude for her role. She accepts it in loyalty to her menfolk and faces up to risks and hardships that must appear daunting indeed. She endures the fear of the Unknown, which provokes the greatest dread of all.

The steadfastness of Rhodesia's pioneer women opened up the way for those who followed later. Let us remember them with thankfulness.

When Jessie Lloyd set herself the task of recording their names, and where possible something more than their names, she undertook something that was pre-eminently worthwhile. It was a formidable task, for she was researching a period in which deeds mattered more than words. Records were scanty and dispersed, and often hidden away in family papers and the like. She succeeded to a remarkable degree.

Nevertheless, as I said in my Foreword to her original list, she was laying a foundation on which others could build. Constance Parry and others have, with much patient work, added to what Jessie accomplished. We owe them a debt.

Here is a plain, unvarnished record with no attempt at literary embellishment. That was inevitable. Yet he would be a dullard indeed who turned these pages unmoved. Every name recorded, even where it appears without further information, should invoke a train of thought. All too often it relates to a brief, sometimes a pathetically brief life. That was part of the price that had to be paid. In the nature of things we can only know a little. That is no reason why we should be unmindful of the joys and horrors, the achievements and frustrations, the courage and endurance that, though lost to sight, are built into the fabric of the country we have inherited.

R. C. Tredgold
16th August, 1974.
NOTE FROM THE SECRETARY OF THE RHODESIA PIONEERS' AND EARLY SETTLERS' SOCIETY

There are many references in this book to people who are on the "Roll of Women Pioneers", and I should like to explain that this indicates the person concerned was either a member, as a pioneer, in her own right, of the Rhodesia Pioneers' and Early Settlers' Society, or that her descendants have joined it.

This is a record of both past and present members. In her Preface, which has been reprinted exactly as she wrote it, Jessie Lloyd refers to the phrase "still living" which she used frequently in the first edition. In fact, these words have been deleted from the revised text, because in the years since then many more have, inevitably, passed on.

After Jessie's death, her son, Arthur Lloyd, handed her files of papers concerning her work on this book over to the Society. We thank him sincerely for doing so.

The fact that women were allowed to join the Society in 1934 was due to some of them, all pioneers, who worked patiently to achieve this aim. Today we are most grateful for their perseverance. It is of interest to note that today all serving committees include women members.

It is one of the objects of the Society to record and encourage the preservation and publication of the history of the early years of our country, together with the names of those who took part in it. The research done by Jessie Lloyd and others in compiling this book will be invaluable to the Society in carrying on this work.

B. LOVEMORE

INTRODUCTION

This enlarged and revised edition of Jessie M. Lloyd's "Rhodesia's Pioneer Women" is still "her book". About 360 more names have been inserted, and inevitably some few corrections and deletions have been made to the original, but I have tried to present the additions in the same style. There is one difference, and that is, wherever possible, the husband's names and occupations or professions have been included in the brief biographies. As time goes on, and those who knew the pioneer women personally pass with it, exact identification becomes impossible without such details.

The list is still not complete. It never will be, because much knowledge has been lost. However, forgotten names are still coming to light. In addition to the sources acknowledged by Mrs. Lloyd, I am so grateful to many other people who helped with the task of research and collection. They include the Director and Staff of the National Archives; Miss H. Robertson of The Chronicle library; Miss Hetty Coakley of the Catholic Cathedral office, Bulawayo; Mrs. C. Forrest of St. John's Cathedral Parish Office; the Rev. Gertenbach of the Dutch Reformed Church; the liaison officer, Morgenster Mission; Mr. B. H. Lovemore, secretary of the Rhodesia Pioneers' and Early Settlers' Society, Bulawayo, and Mr. A. M. Ewing.

The women who came to Rhodesia before December 31, 1896, were a remarkable and varied company. Some lived and toiled in conditions of unbelievable hardship; some entertained lavishly in elegant new homes. Many enjoyed themselves at every opportunity, singing, making music and organising bazaars. Whatever the conditions, they somehow reared large families — up to 15 children — often without hope or thought of medical assistance.

Sometimes they performed feats of astonishing valour and physical endurance, and some of them died, worn out with hardship, in one case leaving her wedding ring.

They have earned their place in history.

CONSTANCE PARRY

Bulawayo, 1974.
Rhodesia's Pioneer Women

A

MRS. W. ACUTT, 1892
Neé Elsie Moodie. Daughter of Thomas Moodie, leader of the Moodie Trek. An interesting account of this journey, written by Mrs. Acutt, is to be found on pages 152-157 of "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women," by Jeannie M. Boggie. Mrs. Acutt's first husband was Frederick Markham, whom she married on 1/12/94. This was the first marriage in Melsetter. After the death of Mr. Markham she married William Acutt in 1902. See pp. 156 and 160 of "A Study in Pioneering — the Moodies of Melsetter", by Edmund H. Burrows. Mrs. Acutt died in Bulawayo on 13/12/44. Information from Mrs. Czarnikow, Bulawayo. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. H. F. ADAMS, 1896 or earlier
Henry Frederick Adams and his wife, Susan, had a son, John Frederick, who was baptised in Bulawayo on 22/5/96. Mr. Adams was a driver. Information, Register of Baptisms, 1894, Parish of St. John, Bulawayo.

MRS. W. A. ADAMS, 1894 or earlier
Mrs. Adams and her husband, Mr. W. A. Adams, were the proprietors of the Central Hotel, Umtali. Information, Umtali Advertiser, 9/4/95, National Archives. On page 116 of "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women" (Mrs. Boggie), Mrs. Adams is mentioned as one of the first women who lived in Umtali.

MRS. C. H. ADAMSON, 1895
Neé Martininde. Travelled to Salisbury from Beira by wagon. Was in the laager there during the rebellion, but had to leave the country because of malaria. Some years later she returned to Rhodesia and was lady superintendent of the S.A.C.S. House in Salisbury. She died in Gwelo in 1941. Information from "South Africa", 1/2/41, through Mr. H. A. Cripwell, Salisbury.

MRS. ADE, 1896
Neé Edith Mabel Thackway. Lived and died in Salisbury. Information from her daughter-in-law, Mrs. Eric Ade, Bulawayo, by telephone.

SISTER AGATHA, 1895

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Additional sources of information acknowledged in text.
MRS. ALLEN, 1896
Alice Margaret. Was the niece of the Bishop of Cape Town. She arrived after many adventures and taught in the first Anglican School in Salisbury. Miss Allen was in Rhodesia for only a short time. She died in Cape Town in February, 1897. Her diary is in the National Archives, Salisbury. Information from Mrs. Honey, Salisbury. A Miss Allen is mentioned on page 122 of "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women", by Jeannie M. Boggie, as having travelled up from Beira to Umtali.

MRS. ALMENDRO, 1896
Neé Elizabeth Ann Moore. Came with her husband and daughter. Was in the Bulawayo laager during the '96 Rebellion. Later returned to the Union of South Africa. Information from Rhodesia Pioneers' and Early Settlers' Society.

SISTER ALOYSIUS, 1895
Surname Dowd. Dominican Order. Letters from St. Dominic's Convent, Salisbury, dated 18/11/55 and 13/8/57. Sister Aloysius was one of the nurses at the Memorial Hospital in Bulawayo in the early days. When she was on night duty she used to spend an hour at the newly founded Convent School during the day, helping the little ones to make simple woolly articles. Information, "The History of the Dominican Sisters in Bulawayo", by Sister Mary Admirabilis.

SISTER AMALIA, 1896

MRS. ANDERSON, 1894
Neé Nora Haymer. Came from America with her husband and Mr. And Mrs. Tripp, to the Seventh Day Adventist Mission at Solusi, near Bulawayo, now known as Solusi College. Information from Mr. F. Burton Jewell, late of Solusi College, in his letter dated 9/5/57. Also letter from Mrs. W. H. Anderson, Kansas, dated 19/6/57.

MRS. ANDERSON, 1895
Sarah Harriett Anderson was buried in Bulawayo on 15/10/95. She was only 20 days old. Information, the Register of Burials, Parish of St. John, Bulawayo.

MRS. ANDREWS, 1896
Neé Emily Elsie Watson. Arrived with her mother, Mrs. Johanna Magdalena Watson, to join Mr. Watson in Bulawayo. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

SISTER ANTONINA, 1895

MRS. ARMITAGE, 1896
Neé Annie Olsen. Came from America with her husband to join the staff of the Seventh Day Adventist Mission at Solusi, near Bulawayo, later known as Solusi College. She died of malaria within two years. They trekked up from Mafeking. Information from Mr. F. Burton Jewell, late of Solusi College, in his letter dated 9/5/57. Also letter from Mr. Langley Staples to Mr. Jewell, dated 17/5/57.

MRS. ARNOTT, 1892
Neé Lucretia Coleman. Came with her parents in the Moodie Trek; was a niece of Thomas Moodie, the leader. She married in 1896 and they lost everything at Gletwin Farm during the rebellion. Mrs. Arnott was in the Salisbury laager and her husband took part in the Mazoe Patrol. After this they went to the Cape for a time, but returned to Rhodesia and lived at Good Hope Farm, near Salisbury, where Mrs. Arnott died in October 1954, aged 89. Information from her niece, Mrs. Nora Jack, in a letter dated 27/7/60, and from her son, Mr. G. E. Arnott, Wankie, in a letter dated 9/8/60. Also see p. 138 "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women" (Mrs. Boggie).

MRS. ARNOTT, 1892
Neé Mary Isabella Chalmers. Arrived by ox wagon, together with her two daughters, Gladys Mary and Kathleen Lucy. Lived at Fort Rixon and died in 1939. Information from Mrs. Grant, Bulawayo. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. ATKINSON, 1895
Neé Agnes Cranswick. Came from Kimberley by wagon and coach with her husband and two sisters, Eva and Kate. They were in the Salisbury laager in 1896. Mrs. Atkinson died in 1957, aged 93. Information from Mrs. Roland-Smith, Bulawayo, by telephone.

MRS. ATTWELL, 1894
Neé Ada Margaret Bain. Came up by ox wagon with her parents; was in the Bulawayo laager in 1896 and in later years lived in Gatooma. Information from her niece, Miss G. Howard, Bulawayo.

MARY ATTWOOD, 1896
Mary Muriel Attwood was born in the Salisbury Goal laager on 7/7/96. Her mother was Mrs. Susan Attwood and her father Mr. S. G. Attwood. Information, the Cathedral, Salisbury, Baptismal Register, Vol. I, National Archives.
MRS. S. G. ATTWOOD, 1896
Christian names, Susan Ethel. Mrs. Attwood's daughter, Mary Muriel, was born in the Salisbury Gaol laager during the 1896 Rebellion. Her husband was Sydney George Attwood of Salisbury. Information, the Cathedral, Salisbury, Baptismal Register, Vol. I, National Archives.

MRS. AUSTIN, 1893
Née Emily Ada Coxen. Came first to Fort Victoria with her husband, then trekked to Bulawayo the following year. The Austin family was about the last to go into the Bulawayo laager during the 1896 Rebellion. Mrs. Austin was a grand-niece of Captain Coxen of the "Grosvenor", which was wrecked off the Pondoland coast. She died in June, 1937. Information in letters from her grandson, Mr. Eric Muir, Bulawayo, dated 29/6/59 and 2/7/59.

MISS SOPHIA AUSTIN, 1896
Miss Sophia Decima Austin started the Bulawayo High School. Later she returned to England. Information from her nephew, Mr. Eric Muir, Bulawayo, in letters dated 29/6/59 and 2/7/59.

MRS. C. AYTOUN, 1895 or earlier
The Rhodesian Advertiser of 13/12/95 (published in Umtali) stated that Mrs. C. Aytoun was "a passenger by the last coach from the east". National Archives files.

MRS. BADENHORST, 1895

MRS. BARKER, 1893
This lady was a racehorse-owner in Umtali in the early days. The Rhodesia Advertiser of 27/3/96 reported that two of her horses gained second place at a sports meeting, including horse-racing, attended by Mr. Rhodes. National Archives files.

MRS. BARKER, 1894
Née Alice Elizabeth Storm. Arrived with her mother. On Roll of Women Pioneers. Her father died in South Africa and Mrs. Storm later married a Mr. Peters. Information, from Mrs. I. A. M. Blyth, Bulawayo.

MRS. BARRETT, 1896
Née Alice Elizabeth Storm. Arrived with her mother. On Roll of Women Pioneers. Her father died in South Africa and Mrs. Storm later married a Mr. Peters. Information, from Mrs. I. A. M. Blyth, Bulawayo.

MRS. BARTNET, 1893
Née Mattie Raath. Arrived with her mother, a sister and two brothers. Her husband had the Pioneer Bakery near the station in Bulawayo, and she was in the laager during the rebellion. The registration of her marriage is to be found in the Central Archives, Salisbury. Married in Bulawayo 21/1/96. Died in Cape Town. Information from her sister, Mrs. Lewis of Standerton, in letters dated 3/1/58 and 17/4/58, replying to my advertisement. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. BARNWELL, 1896 or earlier
This lady is mentioned in the "Bulawayo Directory and Handbook of Matabeleland", 1895/96, as the owner of Stand No. 500(½), Grey Street, Bulawayo.

MRS. BARRATT, 1896

MRS. BARRY, 1895
Née Florence Leonora Wilhelmina Bailie. Came to this country via Beira, up the Pungwe River by tug, then by mule cart to Umtali. There are mining claims registered in Mrs. Barry's name in 1895 in the National Archives, Salisbury. Bulawayo, 13/10/57. Information from her daughter, Mrs. Whittow, Bulawayo.
Mrs. Bennett, 1896
Neé Alice Stuttaford. Arrived when a girl in her teens by wagon with her parents. Died overseas. Information from Mrs. W. Stuttaford, Bulawayo.

Mrs. Bennie, 1892

Mrs. Theodore Bent, 1891

Rev. Mother Berchmans, 1891

Mrs. Berminister, 1896 or earlier
This name is given as that of the first woman to come into the country after the Matabele War. (White women were advised not to come during the year 1893). Page 223 of "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women" (Mrs. Boggie).

Mrs. Bernstein, 1894

Mrs. H. J. Bekker, 1895 or earlier
Neé Christina Gertruida Pienaar. Wife of Hendrik Johannes Bekker. Their son, Lourens Andries, was born 20/5/95, according to the Dutch Reformed Church Baptismal Register, 1893.

Mrs. J. C. Bekker, 1895 or earlier
Neé Anna Louisa Potgieter. She and her husband, Jacobus Christoffel Bekker, has a son, Hendrik, who was baptised on 17/7/95, according to the Dutch Reformed Church Baptismal Register, 1893.

Jacoba Bekker, 1895 or earlier
Jacoba Johanna was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jacobus Christoffel Bekker. She was baptised on 7/7/95, according to the Dutch Reformed Church Baptismal Register, 1893.

Mrs. Bekker, 1895
Neé Maria Christina Pienaar. Arrived with the Kruger-Bekker Trek with her husband and five daughters. Information from Mrs. M. Edwards, Chipinga, 27/6/57. Also p. 160 "Many Treks Made Rhodesia", by S. P. Olivier.

Sister Benevenuta, 1896

Mrs. Beechey, 1894

Mrs. Beechey, 1894
Neé Elizabeth Simpson. Arrived with her husband and family. They were four months on the road from Johannesburg. Later returned to Natal. Information from her son, Mr. H. H. Beechey, Bulawayo, in letter dated 24/11/59. On Roll of women Pioneers.

Miss C. J. Beesley, 1896
Cecily Joan Beesley arrived by coach with her mother and sister. They were in Bulawayo laager during the 1896 Rebellion. Information from her sister, Mrs. Woods, in letter dated 20/11/59. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

Mrs. Beesley, 1895

Mrs. Bermeister, 1896 or earlier
Her husband was a Postmaster. They were both in the Mangwe laager during the Matabele Rebellion. Information from Mrs. Black, Marula.

Mrs. Berthenstein, 1894
This lady was murdered during the rebellion, together with her husband and four sons. (British South Africa Company's "Reports on Native Disturbances", in National Archives, Salisbury).

Mrs. Beversen, 1896 or earlier
Neé Catherine Cornelia van Niekerk. Arrived with parents at Fort Victoria. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

Mrs. Bertrum, 1895
The Umfil Advertiser of 15/7/95 noted that "Miss Bertram arrived in Umtali from the coast during the week". National Archives files.

Mrs. Bester, 1894
Neé Caroline Nora Nason. Arrived with her parents by ox wagon. Was in the Bulawayo laager during the 1896 Rebellion. Stayed in Rhodesia all her life and died about 1905. Information from her sister, Mrs. Withers, Bulawayo.

Mrs. Maria Bester, 1896 or earlier
Mrs. Maria Elizabeth Bester was accidentally shot on 19/6/96 at van der Merve's farm, Enkeldoorn. Information, the Deaths Register, Vol. III, National Archives. A mention of Mrs. Bester's death is also to be made by Mrs. Dina de Klerk on pp. 264 and 265 of "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women" (Mrs. Boggie).
MRS. SUSANNAH BETER, 1896 or earlier
"A Mr. and Mrs. Beter were attacked and their son killed, but Mrs. Beter died later of her wounds". See page 63 of the British South Africa Company's Reports on Native Disturbances, in the National Archives, Salisbury. The different Christian name indicates that this was probably a separate incident from that involving Mrs. Maria Beter of Enkeldoorn.

MRS. BEWS, 1894

MRS. BEZUIDENHOUT, 1896 or earlier
Formerly Mrs. Maritz. She married Mr. Bezuidenhout in February, 1896, in Salisbury. Information, The Nugget, 7/2/96, National Archives.

MRS. BEZUIDENHOUT, 1896 or earlier
This lady, with her husband and two sons, was in the Mangwe laager during the Matabele Rebellion. Information, Mrs. Black, Marula.

MRS. BEZUIDENHOUT, 1894
Neé Agatha Mynhardt. Came with her parents in the Mynhardt-Utrecht Trek. Information from Mrs. M. Edwards, Chipinga, 27/6/57. Also page 79 "Many Treks Made Rhodesia" (Olivier).

MRS. CORNELIA BEZUIDENHOUT, 1894

MRS. H. BEZUIDENHOUT, 1895
Neé Maria Magdalena Heyns. Arrived with the Martin Trek. Information from Mrs. Edwards, Chipinga, 27/6/57. Also page 92 "Many Treks Made Rhodesia" (Olivier).

MRS. M. BEZUIDENHOUT, 1894

MRS. BEZUIDENHOUT, 1895
Neé Maria Johana Simon. Arrived at Fort Victoria on 1/6/95, with three daughters, from Pretoria. Information from her daughter, Mrs. Hunt, Bulawayo.

MRS. T. J. BEZUIDENHOUT, 1895
Neé Elizabeth Helena Labuschagne. First husband, Joubert. She arrived in Fort Victoria with her husband and four children from Pretoria. He was killed at Enkeldoorn during the 1906 Rebellion. She and her children were in the laager. Information from her daughter, Mrs. S. M. Bolha, in letters dated 27/6/59 and 6/7/59, in answer to my advertisement; also from Mrs. Hunt, Bulawayo.

MRS. W. BEZUIDENHOUT, 1895
Neé Dorothea van der Westhuizen. Came with the Kruger-Bekker Trek with three daughters, Johanna, Annie and Dorie. Information from Mrs. Edwards, Chipinga, 27/6/57. See pp. 86 and 160 "Many Treks Made Rhodesia", by S. P. Olivier.

MRS. B. BILLER, 1892
Neé Ella Rose Collins. Arrived in 1892, married in 1893. On p. 64 "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women" (Mrs. Boggie), she is referred to as "a real good sort". Her daughter, Mrs. J. M. Bain, was born in the Salisbury laager in 1896. Letter from Mrs. Bain, Marandellas, dated 4/10/57. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. BLACK, 1894
Neé Annie Prescott. Arrived at Fort Tuli with her parents in April, 1894. Was in the Mangwe laager. Mrs. Black wrote a long article (pp. 267-286) in Mrs. Boggie's "First Steps in Civilizing Rhodesia" on the early days of this country, mostly at Mangwe. Mrs. Black made a "true list of people in laager, April to November, 1896" (Mangwe), which is of great interest. This list is with the Pioneers' and Early Settlers' Society. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. BLACKBEARD, 1894
Neé Flora MacDonald. Came from Pretoria by ox wagon in December 1894. She was married in St. John's Church, Bulawayo, in January, 1896, and the crowd attending showed the interest taken in the affair because of her connection with the Nurses' Home. She wore a "magnificent costume of white satin with a train stretching almost to Thabas Induna", and was attended by Mesdames Devine and Loffhouse. Information, Bulawayo Chronicle, 18/1/96. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. BLAKEY, 1896 or earlier
Neé Maria Watters. Came by ox wagon to join her husband. Was probably in the Bulawayo laager. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. BLAKELY, 1895 or earlier
This lady was bridesmaid to Miss Helen Thompson McNealage at her marriage to Mr. James Squair in the Wesleyan Church, Bulawayo, in December, 1896. Information, Bulawayo Chronicle, 9/12/96. See pp. 192-197 "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women", by Jeannie M. Boggie, also p. 130 "The World's View", by Nora S. Kane. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MISS ROSE BLENNERHASSETT, 1891
One of the three nursing sisters (Sleeman, Welby and Blennerhassett) who walked from Beira to Umtali and established a hospital there, helped by Cecil Rhodes. With Lucy Sleeman she wrote "Adventures in Mashonaland". Pp. 97-101 "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women", by Jeannie M. Boggie, also p. 130 "The World's View", by Nora S. Kane.

MRS. BLANCH, 1893
Neé Emily Hewitt. While working in University College Hospital, London, she and Sister Mary Sanders answered an advertisement from Bishop Knight Bruce for a matron and sister for Umtali Hospital. A very interesting account of their subsequent adventures is to be found on pp. 108-112 and 118-119 of "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women" (Mrs. Boggie), also p. 130 of "The World's View", by Nora S. Kane.

MRS. E. C. BOARDMAN, 1895
Neé Hester Maria Magdalena Jacoba Engelbrecht. Mr. and Mrs. Boardman were married in Salisbury in 1895. Information from the office of the Registration of Marriages, Salisbury.

MRS. BODLE, 1894
Neé Violet Constance Bain. Came up by ox wagon with her parents. Was in the Bulawayo laager in 1896. Later left Rhodesia. Information from her niece, Miss Howard, Bulawayo.

SISTER BONAVENTURE, 1891
MRS. BOOYENS, 1894
Neé Anna Elizabeth — surname not known. Arrived with her husband Barend Mattys Booyens in Bulawayo, mid-1894, and settled at Newmansford. On Roll of Women Pioneers. Information from Pioneers' and Early Settlers' Society and Mrs. A. E. Gilfillan and Mrs. Pat Wells.

MRS. BOOYSEN, 1896 or earlier
This lady and her daughter were in the Mangwe laager during the Matabele Rebellion. Information, Mrs. Black, Marula.

MRS. BOSMAN, 1894 or earlier
This lady was present at the first subscription dance held in Bulawayo, in the "Rhodesia Company" building lent by Mr. Howard for the occasion (Mr. J. W. Howard was manager of the Rhodesia Printing and publishing Co. and the Bulawayo Chronicle). Information, the Matabele Times, 21/9/94, National Archives.

MRS. BOTHA, 1894 or earlier
Neé Elizabeth Margaritha Joubert (first husband, Muller). Sister of Martha Joubert. Arrived with her parents. Her father was killed in the rebellion at Enkeldoorn, where she and her sister were in the laager. Information from her sister in letters dated 27/6/59 and 6/5/59, in answer to my advertisement.

MRS. BOTHA, 1895

MRS. MARIA BOTHA, 1892
Mrs. C. McLaren, her daughter, from whom I got this information, tells me in her letter (4/7/67 from Umtali) that soon after the family arrived their thatched house was burnt down and all family papers lost, so she could not give me her mother's maiden name, but she was married in Old Umtali to Matthew Botha. They both knew Cecil Rhodes. After the death of her husband in 1947, Mrs. Botha lived with her daughter until 1967, when she died at the age of 102 years. There is a short write-up of Mrs. Botha in The Umtali Post of 2/3/67.

MRS. BOTHA, 1895
Neé Martha Susanna Joubert (step-father, T. J. Bezuidenhout). Arrived with her parents. Her father was killed during the rebellion at Enkeldoorn. She was in the laager there and "never left Rhodesia all these years", according to information from herself in letters dated 27/6/59 and 6/5/59.

MRS. BOTHA, 1895
May Botha was born in Salisbury in 1894. Her father was a transport rider. Information, the Cathedral, Salisbury, Baptismal Register, Vol. I, National Archives.

MRS. BOTTON, 1895
Neé Marion Carruthers. Arrived by ox wagon from Somerset East. Was in the Bulawayo laager. Died 16/11/32 in East London and is buried in Bulawayo. Information from her son, Mr. Claude Botton, Bulawayo. On Roll of women Pioneers.

MRS. BOWEN, 1894
Mrs. Dorothea Agnes Bowen was the daughter of the Archbishop of Armagh, Primate of All Ireland. She was a friend of Cecil Rhodes, and was married at Groote Schuur. Trekced up from Johannesburg to Salisbury with her husband, who was later Mining Commissioner in Salisbury. Information from "Women of South Africa", edited and compiled by Thos. H. Lewis, 1913, through Miss V. Paxton, Bulawayo. According to the Cathedral, Salisbury, Baptismal Register, Vol. I, in the National Archives, Mrs. Bowen had a son, Cecil Leander John, who was born in Salisbury on 11/6/95. The baby's sponsors were Cecil Rhodes, Leander Starr Jameson and Mary Abercorn.

MRS. BOYS, 1894 or earlier
This lady was invited to the Pioneer dance in Bulawayo at which Cecil Rhodes and Dr. Jameson were present. Information, Mr. A. M. Ewing. It was held in September, 1894.

MRS. BREWIN, 1895 or earlier
Neé Dirkie Jacoba Olwage. Came up with her parents to Melsetter in the Henry-Steyn Trek. She married and lived in Penhalonga, where her husband died in 1944. Mrs. Branken stayed on at the farm until 1950, then moved to various places, and died in Gwelo in May, 1968, aged 87 years. Information, The Herald, Salisbury, 15/5/68. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. BRAY, 1896 or earlier
Wife of Major Bray. She and her husband nearly lost their lives in the Mashona Rebellion. Page 96 "In God's White Robed Army", by a Dominican Sister.

MRS. BRENT, 1894
Neé Prudence Mary Anne Theresa Gifford. Travelled with the Edenburg Trek and has written a very interesting article about this journey and early days in Gazaland in "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women", pp. 158-166 (Mrs. Boggie). Information from her sister, Mrs. Shinn, Bulawayo. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. BREWIN, 1895 or earlier
This lady, whose address was given in advertisements as The Kopje, Salisbury, was a popular costumier and modiste in that town. She made the "rich trained dress" worn by Miss Constance Halliwell at her wedding to Mr. H. Harper, and those of the attendants. In December, 1895, Miss Brewin moved to the Causeway, near the Standard Bank. She was presumably related to Mr. A. Brewin, one of the oldest residents in Salisbury, who died in November, 1894, from injuries sustained in an accident in Pioneer Street. Information, The Nugget files, National Archives.

MRS. BRIDGER, 1896

MISS BROWN, 1894 or earlier
This lady won the potato race at the 1894 Occupation Day sports in Umtali. Eight ladies took part in the race. Information, the Umtali Advertiser, September 1894, National Archives.
MRS. A. BROWN, 1876
Daughter of the famous Boer hunter, Piet Jacobs. Her husband, Mr. Alexander Brown, was a trader at Tati and they travelled to Hope Fountain in 1876 to be married by the Rev. J. B. Thomson. Information, "The Far Interior" (Tabler).

MRS. AMANDA BROWN, 1893 or earlier
Rented at 9 Main Street, according to the Bulawayo Directory and Handbook of Matabeleland, page 68, 1895-1896. There are some missing claims, Reef "Oboron", registered in 1895, under the name of Amanda Brown. National Archives, Salisbury.

MRS. C. H. G. BROWN, 1892

MRS. G. H. BROWN, 1893 or earlier
Christian name, Frances. A son, George Harry Frances Crewe, was born to Mrs. Brown on 12/11/93. Her husband, George Hamilton Brown, was Staff Officer, Mashonaland, and they lived in Salisbury. Information, the Cathedral, Salisbury, Baptismal Register, Vol. I, National Archives.

MRS. BROWN, 1896
Christian names, Jessie Mary. Met her husband on board ship travelling from England to Cape Town. The following year she arrived in Bulawayo. Her journey from Johannesburg took three months, starting with two landaus drawn by teams of horses, and a mule wagon. All the horses died on the way up and the travellers were finally drawn into Bulawayo by wagons. Mrs. Brown died in Salisbury in April, 1963. Information, The Herald through Mrs. Honey.

MRS. BURROWS, 1896

MRS. BURTON, 1896

MRS. BULL, 1896
Neé Mary Driver. Arrived in September, 1896, with her mother and two sisters, to join their father in Gwelo. Information from Mrs. Dawson (neé Driver), Bulawayo.

MRS. BUNKER, 1893
Wife of Rev. Fred Bunker. They came with a party of eight American missionaries, their two children, and four Zulu evangelists and families to start the American Mission at Mount Selinda. Information in pamphlet from Rev. W. D. Webb, Mount Selinda, in answer to my enquiries.

MRS. B. BURNETT, 1895 or earlier
On 24/4/95 the Rhodesia Advertiser reported that Mr. and Mrs. Buring, who had been married recently, received a hearty welcome back to Umtali. Mr. Buring died in November, 1896. National Archive files.

MRS. BURNETT, 1896
Neé Julie Nooman. Came in the first train from Beira to Umtali. Information from Mr. P. J. Pike, her son-in-law, by telephone.

MRS. BURNETT, 1894

MRS. F. R. BURNHAM, 1893
Wife of Major F. R. Burnham, D.S.O., author of "Scouting on Two Continents", which book is dedicated to her. She came to this country with her husband, often sharing great hardships and dangers with him, and she was held in great esteem by his many admirers. Also see p. 245 "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women" (Mrs. Boggie).

NADA BURNHAM, 1896 or earlier
This child died in Bulawayo in May, 1896, aged two years. Information Register of Burials, Parish of St. John, Bulawayo.

MRS. BURROWS, 1896

MRS. BURROWS, 1895
Neé Mary Brummage. Left Johannesburg, where they were 1885 Pioneers, with her husband and family, and arrived in Matabeleland in May, 1895. She was in the Bulawayo laager during the rebellion and lived in Rhodesia until her death in June, 1921. Mrs. Burrows died at Mvimvi Ranch, Gutu, where she is buried. Information from her second son, Charles L. Burrows, of P.O. Mazoe, 26/9/60.

MRS. BURTON, 1896
Neé Edith Mabel Ebbage. Born in the Free State and arrived as a baby with her parents and two brothers by wagon from Francistown in October, 1896. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. BUSHNEY, 1893
Neé Martha Johanna van Rooyen. Arrived by ox wagon with her parents. On Roll of Women Pioneers.
MRS. A. R. CALDECOTT, 1892  
Neé Drake, daughter of Sir William Henry Drake. Mr. and Mrs. Caldecott were married in 1887 and came to Rhodesia early in 1892. Mrs. Caldecott attended the first dance held in Rhodesia in August, 1892. It was given in Salisbury by Mr. Stamford Brown and, according to the Mashonaland Herald and Zambian Times, it was either "to commemorate the opening of his large store or the arrival and settling in Salisbury of so many charming ladies". Information, National Archives files. Mr. Caldecott was Public Prosecutor and Attorney-General.

MRS. CALLAGHAN, 1894 or earlier  
This lady was one of those present at the first subscription dance held in Bulawayo. It was attended by Mr. Rhodes and Dr. Jameson. Information, the Matabele Times, 21/9/94, National Archives.

MRS. CAMERON, 1893  
This lady is mentioned in Mrs. Black's article, p. 110 "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women", by Jeannie M. Boggie. She was a carpenter's wife who arrived in Salisbury with a cat and kittens, and got $10 for each kitten.

MRS. ARCHIE CAMPBELL, 1896  
Neé Poppy Smith. Her husband was an 1890 Pioneer. He went back to South Africa and returned with his wife in 1896 to be Native Commissioner at Fort Rixon. Mrs. Campbell lived the rest of her life in Rhodesia and died here in 1954 or 1955. Information from her daughter-in-law.

MRS. ETHEL CAMPBELL, 1895  
Arrived in Rhodesia from South Africa in December, 1895, after travelling from Beira by sea, rail and road. There is an article by Miss Campbell in Publication of No. 8 of the Rhodesiana Society entitled "A Young Lady's Journey to Umtali, 1895"; the original of which is in the Historical Manuscripts Collection of the National Archives (Mise/CA8).

MRS. CAMPBELL, 1896  
Neé Eva Coker. Arrived with her parents "before the railway". Information from Mrs. A. M. O'Connor, Salisbury, in answer to my advertisement; letter dated 4/10/57.

MRS. CAMPBELL, 1896  
Neé Gladys Mary Ashburner. Came up with her mother by ox wagon. She became Mrs. Rixon (Fort Rixon being named after her husband, Colonel Rixon), and later married Mr. Jock Campbell, also of Fort Rixon. Information, Mr. A. M. Ewing. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

SISTER CANISA, 1896  

MRS. CLIFF CANNELL, 1894  
Neé Molly Mollet. Wife of the leader of the Edenburg Trek. Died in Melsetter. Information from Mrs. Otterson, who also came with the Edenburg Trek. P. 161 "Many Treks Made Rhodesia", by S. P. Olivier.

MRS. CAREY, 1896  
Neé Zillah Hulley. Niece of Mr. and Mrs. James Cawood. Came up by donkey wagon with the Hulley-Cawood Trek, leaving Pretoria at the age of 14. Eventually settled at Penhalonga. Mrs. Carey has written a long and interesting account of their experiences on their journey, etc., which is to be found on pp. 292 to 300 "First Steps in Civilizing Rhodesia", by Jeannie M. Boggie. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. CARNUS, 1896  
Came with her husband and daughter, Mrs. Weinand, who is on the Roll of Women Pioneers as having "arrived with parents".

MRS. CARLISLE, 1894  
Neé Jessie Cumming. Came up with her parents and five sisters from Johannesburg by ox wagon in July, 1894. Information from her niece, Mrs. Long, Bulawayo, by telephone.

MRS. CARMICHAEL, 1895  
Came to join the Seventh Day Adventists at Solusi Mission, near Bulawayo. Information from Solusi College.

MRS. D. CARNEGIE, 1862  

SISTER CAROLINE, 1892  
Surname Berchtold. Dominican Sister. Came up with Mother Clare's band of Sisters from Kingwilliamstown. Letters from Mother Mary Auxilla, the Convent, Salisbury, dated 11/7/55 and 13/8/57. Also p. 16 of "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women" (Mrs. Boggie).

MRS. CARROLL, 1896 or earlier  
Arrived with her family at the age of three months from Pietersburg. Was educated at Morgenster Mission. Mrs. Carroll, the last survivor of her family, lived all her life in the Shabani and Fort Victoria districts and died at Fort Victoria in 1862. Information, The Herald, 9/5/60, through Mrs. Honey.

MRS. P. CARROLL, 1896 or earlier  
Neé Catherine Rorich. This lady had a daughter, Mary, who was baptised by Father A. M. Daignault on 9/1/96. Information, the Catholic Church, Bulawayo, Baptismal Register.

MARY CARROLL, 1895  
Mary Catherine Carroll, born 23/10/95 and baptised by Father A. M. Daignault on 9/1/96, has her names inscribed in the Baptismal Register of the Catholic Church, Bulawayo. Her parents were Patrick and Catherine Carroll.

MRS. J. CARRUTHERS, 1896  
Neé Josephine Amelia Bradfield. Married 6/10/96 in Kimberley. She was given an armchair, a signed photograph of C. J. Rhodes and a cheque for $100 by Mr. Rhodes for a wedding present. She lived most of her life in Salisbury and died there in October, 1944. Information from her daughter, Mrs. G. D. Peake, of Banket. On Roll of Women Pioneers.
MRS. CARTER, 1895
According to the Umtali Advertiser of 1/7/95, Miss Carter had arrived in Umtali from the coast. This may have been the same lady referred to in an 1896 copy of the Rhodesian Times and Financial Review, which states: "A thrill of gladness ran through the laager (Salisbury) when the arrival of refugees from near Marandellas was announced. Their names were Miss Carter . . . (etc.). They left on Saturday morning and had an exciting experience, having been from time to time attacked by natives".

MRS. CARTER, 1895/6
Née Schultz. Her first husband was George Whittaker, who took part in the Jameson Raid and was killed in the First World War. Later she married William Carter, an 1893 Pioneer. She was in the Bulawayo laager during the rebellion. Information from her grand-daughter, Mrs. Creamer, Bulawayo.

MRS. CASHEL, 1896
MOTHER CLARE, 1892
Neé Alice Marion Nunn. Came up to join her husband. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. CASSELLS, 1896 or earlier
This lady sang "Ye Banks and Braes" at a Wesley Institute member's concert at the Wesleyan Church, Bulawayo, in October, 1896. Information, the Bulawayo Chronicle, 24/10/96.

MRS. CAWOOD, 1896
Née Elizabeth Anne Hulley. Travelled up with her husband, niece and four sons by donkey wagon from Pretoria. Their experiences are told by her niece, Mrs. Carey, on pp. 293-300 in "First Steps in Civilizing Rhodesia" (Mrs. Boggie).

MRS. CHALMERS, 1896
Née Lilian Lucy Pullen. Arrived with her parents and her own family via Mangwe. Died in Bulawayo and is buried in the Pioneers' Section of the cemetery. Information to the Pioneers' and Early Settlers' Society from her daughter, Mrs. Ketteringham. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

SOPHIA CHALMERS, 1895
Sophia Chalmers was buried on 25/10/95, aged 25 days. Her home was at Umgusa. Information, Register of Burials, Parish of St. John, Bulawayo.

MRS. CHAPMAN, 1894
Was in the Nurses' Home, 96 Main Street, according to the Bulawayo Directory and Handbook of Matabeleland, 1895-1896, pp. 69 and 117. The Bulawayo Chronicle of 18/1/95 mentions her as nursing there, while on 4/1/95 she was reported among the guests at the "Passing of the Year" dance, which took place in the Courthouse about 31/12/94. Mrs. Chapman and Mrs. Devine started their own hospital on the stand given them about May, 1895. Mrs. Chapman was in the Bulawayo laager during the rebellion. The supplement to the Matabeleland News of 25/9/95 gives Mrs. Chapman's address as "corner of 6th Avenue/Grey Street".

MRS. CHATHAM, 1896 or earlier
This lady was in the Salisbury laager and left in convoy in November, 1896. Information, Mr. G. H. Tanser, Salisbury, in letter 21/1/62.

MRS. CHAWNER, 1896
Née Annie Shaw Driver. Arrived in September, 1896, with her mother and two sisters to join her father in Gwelo. Information from Mrs. Dawson, née Driver, Bulawayo. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. CHESNEY-GRANDI, 1895
Née Marie Sawerthal. Arrived in September, 1896, with her mother and two sisters to join her father in Gwelo. Information, Mr. G. H. Tanser, Salisbury, in letter 21/1/62.

MRS. CHRISTIE, 1896
This lady was the church organist in Salisbury in June, 1894. Information, Mr. G. H. Tanser, Salisbury.

MRS. CLARK, 1894 or earlier
Mrs. Annie Clark had a son, Rens Alexander, born on 16/4/94 and baptised on 11/12/94. Her husband, Mr. Alexander Clark, was a book-binder. Information, Register of Baptisms, 1894, Parish of St. John, Bulawayo.

MRS. CLARK, 1895

MISS. CLARK, 1894
This lady was the church organist in Salisbury in June, 1894. Information, Mr. G. H. Tanser, Salisbury.

MRS. CLARKE, 1896 or earlier
This lady was in charge of a new hospital opened in the Stock Exchange, Bulawayo, when the laager hospital was abolished. The Bulawayo Chronicle, 13/5/96.

MRS. CLARKE, 1895

MRS. CLARKSON, 1895
Née Emmerich. She travelled to Rhodesia with her sister and family, Mr. and Mrs. Strobel and two children, settled in the Fort Victoria district, where Mr. Clarke had a farm. See article by Mrs. Light on pp. 185-186 "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women" (Mrs. Boggie).

MRS. CLARKSON, 1895

MRS. CLIFF, 1894
Came from the Rand. Opened her bar in August, 1894. Information, Mr. A. M. Ewing.
MRS. G. S. CLOETE, 1894
Née Letitia Bell. Came with her husband, Gert Stephanus Cloete and was in the Mangwe laager during the Matabele Rebellion. Died suddenly at the age of 94, as she sat in her chair reading the Bible, in December, 1898. Information from her grand-daughter, Mrs. Black, Marula, in letter dated 25/11/59.

MRS. STEPHEN CLOETE, 1894
Née Lee. Was in the Mangwe laager during the Matabele Rebellion, with her husband and one child. Information from her niece, Mrs. Black, Marula, in letter dated 25/11/59.

MRS. ANNIE COCKIN, 1878
Wife of Rev. J. Cockin, of Hope Fountain. Mr. and Mrs. Cockin left on a visit to Bechuanaaland in 1880, where he died. His wife did not return. Pp. 92-102 "First Steps in Civilizing Rhodesia" (Mrs. Boggie).

MRS. CODRINGTON, 1892
Formerly Mrs. Caldecott, née Drake. Mentioned in the "Mashonaland Herald and Zambian Times" of 13/8/92 as being one of the seven ladies present at the first dance held in Salisbury. It was given by Mr. Stamford Brown and, according to the Mashonaland Herald, was either "to commemorate the opening of his large store or the arrival and settling in Salisbury of so many charming ladies". Mrs. Codrington was the daughter of Sir William Henry Drake. She married Mr. A. E. Caldecott in 1887 and came to Rhodesia early in 1892. He became Public Prosecutor and Attorney-General. Information, National Archives.

MRS. HARM COETZER, 1895
Née Herculina Johanna Steyn. Came with the Henry-Steyn Trek, three sons and two daughters all named on page 160 of "Many Treks Made Rhodesia", by S. P. Olivier. Information also from Mrs. M. Edwards, Chipinga. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. WENTZEL COETZER, 1895
Née Johanna Petronella Steyn. Came with the Henry-Steyn Trek bringing three daughters and four sons, all named on page 160 of "Many Treks Made Rhodesia" by S. P. Olivier. Information also from Mrs. M. Edwards, Chipinga. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MADAME F. COILLIARD, 1877
Née Christine Mackintosh. Wife of Rev. F. Coilliard of the Paris Society of Evangelical Missions. Lobengula would not let them stay because they had brought a number of Basuto evangelists with them. They had to return to Shoshong, Bechuanaaland, having suffered untold hardships. Madame Coilliard died there in 1891. They were accompanied by their niece, Elsie. See pp. 227-245 "First Steps in Civilizing Rhodesia" (Mrs. Boggie).

MRS. FULLER COKER, 1896
Née Martha Holt. With her husband, who was a friend of Cecil Rhodes, Mrs. Coker was among the guests at the banquet given at the Palace Hotel on the occasion of the opening of the Railway in Bulawayo. She died in Bulawayo in May, 1927, aged 88 years. Information from Mrs. O'Connor, Salisbury, in letter dated 4/10/57, in reply to my advertisement.

MISS. MAUD COKER, 1896 or earlier
Took part in the play "Caste" at the Masonic Theatre, Salisbury, according to a report in The Herald. Information from Mr. G. H. Tanser.

MRS. COLEMAN, 1892
Née Margery Hester Moodie, sister of Thomas Moodie, leader of the Trek to Melsetter. She came with her husband and four daughters. They opened the first boarding house in Salisbury. Mrs. Coleman had exciting adventures during the Mashona Rebellion and was six weeks in the Salisbury laager. An account of her early experiences, written by herself, is to be found in "Women of Central Africa", pp. 9 to 12. Also see pp. 138-143 "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women" (Mrs. Boggie). Information from Mrs. Stidolph, Bulawayo. Mrs. Coleman died in January 1935.

MRS. ALPHONSE COLENBRANDER, 1896
Née Elizabeth Mullins. As Mrs. Smith she come up to Bulawayo to visit her sister, Mrs. Johann Colenbrander, in August 1896. With her, she accompanied Cecil Rhodes and his party to-the second Matopos Peace Indaba and gives an account of this on pp. 273-277 "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women" (Mrs. Boggie). See also pp. 113-114 "The World's View" by Nora S. Kane. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. JOHANN COLENBRANDER, 1890
Née Molly Mullins. Wife of the well-known pioneer and hunter. She was a friend of Cecil Rhodes, and with her husband and sister accompanied him to the second Peace Indaba in the Matopos. She was a splendid shot and an excellent horsewoman. There are many stories of her kindness to all. She was in the Bulawayo laager during the rebellion. Mrs. Colenbrander died in Bulawayo in October 1900, and is buried in the cemetery there. See pp. 113-114 "The World's View", by Nora S. Kane; also pp. 217, 219, 223, 273 and 277 "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women" (Mrs. Boggie). On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MISS ELLA COLLINS, 1896 or earlier
According to The Nugget of 22/12/96, Miss Ella Collins had taken over the management of the Albion Hotel, Salisbury. National Archives files.

MRS. G. COLLINS, 1895 or earlier
The Nugget of 30/8/95 stated: "Another new cafe is to be opened very shortly on the Market Square (Salisbury) by Miss G. Collins". Information, National Archives.

MRS. COLTEMAN-CRONIN, 1896
Née Harriet Maud Driver. Came by wagon with her mother and two sisters to join her father, who was Native Commissioner in Gwelo in 1896. Information from Mrs. Dawson, née Driver, Bulawayo. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. J. J. COMBRINK, 1896 or earlier
This lady, whose names were Frances Margaret, was the wife of Jacobus Johannes Combrink, a farmer in the Bulawayo area. Their son, John Francis, was baptised on 22/9/96. Information, Register of Baptisms, 1894, Parish of St. John, Bulawayo.

SISTER CONSTANTIA, 1891
Surname Fromknecht. Chosen from the Convent in Potchefstroom. Sister Constantia came up with Mother Patrick's small band of Dominican Sisters and settled in Fort Salisbury. Information from St. Dominic's Convent, Salisbury, in letter dated 13/8/57, also pp. 4-10 "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women" (Mrs. Boggie).
MRS. COUTTS, 1894
Née Lizzie Watt. Arrived in May or June, 1894, with her husband. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. COWAN, 1892
Née Charlotte Emily Webb. Mrs. Cowan's first husband was Captain H. M. Greenfield, who was killed with the Shangani Patrol, 1893, while she was in the Fort Victoria laager. In 1895 she married Jack Cowan. Mrs. Cowan died on her son's farm at Selukwe in 1925, and is buried in the cemetery there. Information from Mr. H. A. Greenfield, Selukwe. Also pp. 80 and 84 "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women" by Jeannie M. Boggie. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. E. COXWELL, 1895 or earlier
Christian names Eliza Catherine. Mrs. Coxwell had a son, William Stewart Gordon, born on 29/8/95. Her husband was Edward Coxwell, an accountant in Salisbury. Information, the Cathedral, Salisbury, Baptismal Register, Vol. I, National Archives. A Mrs. Coxwell was present at an Assembly Ball in the Masonic Hotel, Salisbury, on 17/9/94. Information, Mr. G. H. Tanser.

MISS CRAMER, 1895
This lady shot herself with a revolver. She came to Bulawayo about January, 1894, but was not with the Shangani Patrol, 1893, while she was in the Fort Victoria laager. In 1895 she married Jack Cowan. According to the Deaths Register in the National Archives, Mrs. Cramer was a widow aged about 35 years. She came from England and her mother's name was Mrs. Peakman. The official verdict on her death was "suicide while temporarily insane". Information from Mr. H. A. Greenfield, Selukwe. Also pp. 80 and 84 "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women" (Mrs. Boggie), Miss Cramer is standing in the back row, wearing a dark hat. She is often mentioned in "Raiders and Rebels in South Africa" by Elsa Goodwin Green.

MRS. CRAVEN, 1896
Née Mabel Fraser. Left England with her two sisters and came to Salisbury via Beira to join their father. Theirs was the last coach to reach Salisbury during the Mashona Rebellion, and they occupied the "oakum-picking cell" in the gaol, which was the laager. Mrs. Craven was married in Salisbury and she died in Beira. Information from her nephews, C. C. Wigg, Bulawayo, and P. H. F. Wigg, Salisbury. Mrs. Craven travelled from Beira in the party that is described on p. 260 "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women" (Mrs. Boggie). Mrs. Crewe's daughter, Mrs. Vaughan Evans, in a letter dated 4/10/59, from Nyamandhlovu. The Matabele Times of 21/9/94 reported that Mrs. Crewe attended the first subscription dance held in Bulawayo, at which Mr. Rhodes and Dr. Jameson were present. Mr. R. H. Crewe was a mining contractor.

MRS. CREWE, 1895
Née Alice Button. Married in Johannesburg and came up by coach with her husband. They lived first at Trenance near the present Government House, Bulawayo. They were received warning just in time to move into the laager before their house was burnt down by the Matabele. Information from Mrs. Crewe's daughter, Mrs. Vaughan Evans, in a letter dated 4/10/59, from Nyamandhlovu. The Matabele Times of 21/9/94 reported that Mrs. Crewe attended the first subscription dance held in Bulawayo, at which Mr. Rhodes and Dr. Jameson were present. Mr. R. H. Crewe was a mining contractor.

MRS. CROSBY, 1895
Née Mary Pittendrigh. Left Port Elizabeth with her husband, John Skinner Cooksley, a trader, in 1862. They visited Kuruman, Tati and Inyati, and returned to South Africa in 1869. Mrs. Cooksley died in 1937, aged 93 years. Information from Mr. G. H. Tanser, Salisbury, by telephone.

MRS. COPPOCK, 1895
Née Kate O'Neill. The Bulawayo Chronicle records that in October, 1895, a Miss "Kitty O'Neill" arrived in Bulawayo from the Rand. "Some time before her coach was due," states the report, "all available carts, spiders and carriages of Bulawayo, laden with Miss O'Neill's admirers, went out to meet her". Owing to the demand for vehicles, Mr. Wilson of the Caledonian Hotel was unable to go out himself to welcome her. A local broker had the honour of driving her into town. The registration of the marriage of Miss O'Neill to Fred Coppack, an engineer, in Bulawayo on 8/2/96 is to be found in the National Archives.

MRS. CORBETT, 1894

MRS. CORBETT, 1896 or earlier
The Register of Baptisms, 1894, Parish of St. John, states that Pieter Jacobus, son of Frank Montague and Albertina Wilhelmina Corbett of Bulawayo, was baptised on 6/8/96. Mr. Corbett was a farmer.

MRS. J. W. CORDEROY, 1895 or earlier
Mrs. Corderoy was a well-known singer in Umtali. She took the role of the plaintiff in "Trial by Jury", the first opera of any description ever produced in Rhodesia. It was presented by the Umtali Musical and Dramatic Club at the Theatre Royal, Umtali, as part of the Queen's Birthday festivities on May 24 and 25, 1895. Her husband, Mr. John Corderoy, farmed at Inyanyombi, and was also a general merchant in Umtali. He was drowned in October 1896 by jumping into the Pungwe River from a boat, supposedly in a delirium of fever. Information, the Umtali Advertiser, National Archives.

MRS. COTHWAITE, 1894
Née Bessie Reid. Arrived with parents. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. COTHWAITE, 1894

MRS. COTTON, 1894
This lady arrived in Umtali from the coast on 7/7/94, travelling with Mr. and Mrs. Norton. On 23/10/94 she left "Chimoya" with Commander and Mrs. Raposa for Beira en route for England. Information, the Umtali Advertiser, National Archives.
MRS. CROMBIE, 1896
Neé Eva Wilson. This lady, having travelled all over the world, finally arrived in Rhodesia, met her husband, and remained in the county. She died at Figtree in 1943. Information from her son in Bulawayo.

MRS. CRONJE, 1894
Mother of Mrs. Pohl, whose name is on the Roll of Women Pioneers as having "arrived with parents".

MRS. FAIRBAIRN CRONWRIGHT, 1894
Neé Rosina Elizabeth du Preez. Arrived with the Martin Trek. Information from Mrs. Molly Edwards, Chipinge, 2716/57. Also on p. 79 "Many Treks Made Rhodesia" (Olivier).

MISS. EILEEN RUBY CROSS, 1896
Came up to join her mother. Information from herself, 1959.

MRS. CROSS, 1894
Neé Mary Elizabeth Niland. Kept a boarding-house, Bavaria Lodge, in Bulawayo. She died in Queenstown in 1942. Information from her daughter, Miss Cross, in Bulawayo.

MRS. CULVERWELL, 1895
"Miss Culverwell", aged 10, was bridesmaid at the wedding of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Howard, of Bulawayo, in April. 1895. Mr. and Mrs. Culverwell arrived in Bulawayo in July, 1891.

MRS. CULVERWELL, 1891
Neé Emily Jane Brooks. Trekked up with her husband from Barberton, and arrived in July, 1891. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. G. CUMMING, 1894
Neé Berry. Arrived with her husband, Guybon Cumming, and six daughters, by ox wagon from Johannesburg. Information from her grand-daughter, Mrs. Long, Bulawayo, by telephone.

MRS. CUMMING, 1896

MRS. P. G. CUMMING, 1896

MRS. CUNNINGHAM, 1896 or earlier
This lady was murdered by the rebels at Insiza, together with her husband, two daughters, Alice and Amy, son Henry, grand-daughter Evelyn Milne, and two grandsons. Bodies found on 24th March, 1896. Information from British South Africa Company's "Reports on Native Disturbances", p. 46, in National Archives. Also on p. 35 "Sunshine and Storm in Rhodesia", by F. C. Selous.

ALICE CUNNINGHAM, 1896 or earlier
Alice was murdered by Matabele rebels at Insiza in March, 1896, together with her parents, sister, brother, niece and two nephews. Information, B.S.A. Company's "Reports on Native Disturbances", in National Archives.

AMY CUNNINGHAM, 1896 or earlier
Amy was murdered by Matabele rebels at Insiza in March, 1896, together with her parents, sister, brother, niece and two nephews. Information, B.S.A. Company's "Reports on Native Disturbances", in National Archives.

MRS. TOM CURRY, 1893 or earlier
This lady is mentioned as giving birth to a daughter, p. 56 "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women" (Mrs. Boggie).

MISS CURTIS, 1895
This lady arrived in Bulawayo in August, 1895, and attended the wedding of Captain Spreckley and Miss Beatrice Borrow, according to a report in the Bulawayo Chronicle, 9/8/95.

MRS. A. DA FONSECA, 1895
Neé Florence Leith Matilda Roberts. The registration of this marriage is to be found in the National Archives, Salisbury. Married in Bulawayo 17/8/95. Mr. A. da Fonseca was a farmer.

THE MISSSES DALLAMORE, 1894
The two Misses Dallamore were reported in the Bulawayo Chronicle of 4/1/95 as among the ladies invited to the Queen's Club "Passing of the Year" Dance held in the Courthouse, Bulawayo, on or about 31/12/94. Miss E. Dallamore attended the first subscription dance held in Bulawayo, at which Mr. Rhodes and Dr. Jameson were present. Information, the Matabele Times, 21/9/94, National Archives.

MRS. J. M. DALLAMORE, 1895
Neé Lea Magdalena Boshoff. The registration of this marriage is to be found in the National Archives, Salisbury. The lady was a widow. The marriage took place in Bulawayo on 7/5/95. Mr. James M. Dallamore was a manufacturer of aerated water.

MRS. W. E. DALLAMORE, 1894
Was among the ladies invited to the Queen's Club "Passing of the Year" dance in the Bulawayo Courthouse, on or about 31/12/94 and reported in the Bulawayo Chronicle on 4/1/95. She attended a presentation of athletic prizes at the Charter Hotel, Bulawayo, in November, 1894. The Bulawayo Sketch mentions that "Mrs. Dallamore" arrived with her husband by the Transvaal coach on 27/10/94. Her Christian name was Ena. Her husband, Walter Ernest Dallamore, was a mineral water manufacturer, apparently a family business. Their son, Vivian George, was baptised on 21/9/96. Information, the Register of Baptisms, 1894, Parish of St. John, Bulawayo.

MRS. DARVILLE, 1896
Neé Lydia Stanley (married three times). She came up from Mafeking by wagon and spent most of her life in Rhodesia, first in Bulawayo, then in Salisbury. She was in the Bulawayo laager in 1896. Information from Mrs. Honey.

MRS. J. DAVIDSON, 1896 or earlier
Mrs. Johanna Davidson was the mother of Mary Evelyn, who was baptised in Bulawayo on 8/3/96. Her husband, John Davidson, was the Poundkeeper. Information, Register of Baptisms, 1894, Parish of St. John, Bulawayo.

MARY DAVIDSON, 1896
Mary Evelyn was the daughter of John and Johanna Jacoba Davidson of Bulawayo. She was baptised on 8/3/96. Her father was Poundkeeper. Information, Register of Baptisms, 1894, Parish of St. John, Bulawayo.

MRS. E. O. DAVIES, 1895
Neé Annie Octavia Bowker. On Roll of Women Pioneers. Mrs. Davies' son, Ronald Mitford, was baptised on 3/3/96. Her husband, Edwin Owen Davies, was married at "Rangemoor", Bulawayo. Information, Register of Baptisms, 1894, Parish of St. John, Bulawayo.

MRS. DAVIS, 1895 or earlier
This lady ran the Oxford Restaurant at 391 Rhodes Street, according to the Bulawayo Directory and Handbook of Matabeleland, 1895/1896, p. 95.
MRS. A. DAVIS, 1896 or earlier
Her husband was editor of the Bulawayo Sketch. She left by coach for the Cape on holiday on 19/6/96.

MRS. S. DAVIS, 1896 or earlier
This lady and her child were brought into Bulawayo by Captain Napier's Column from the Shangani area in April, 1896. Information, the Bulawayo Chronicle 4/4/96.

MRS. DAVISON, 1894
Neé Emily Louisa Stoodley. Came up to join her husband in October, 1894. On Roll of Women Pioneers. The name Emily Louisa Davison appears in the Register of Baptisms, 1894, Parish of St. John, as being the mother of Helen Leonora, and probably refers to the above lady.

HELEN DAVISON, 1895
Helen Leonora, daughter of Charles R. and Emily Louisa Davison, was baptised on 17/11/95. Her father was a shoemaker. Information, the Register of Baptisms, 1894, Parish of St. John, Bulawayo. Mrs. Emily Louisa Davison, who is on the Roll of Women Pioneers, was probably the mother of this child.

MRS. CHARLIE DAY, 1896 or earlier
On Mr. Day's application form to join the Pioneers' and Early Settlers' Society, under the heading "General Information" he writes: "Wife also did good service in laager". Mrs. Day is mentioned in a letter from Mrs. Lewis dated 24/6/58 as having been in the Bulawayo laager.

MRS. H. J. DEARY, 1892
Mentioned in the "Mashonaland Herald and Zambesian Times" of 13/8/92 as being one of the seven ladies present at the first dance held in Mashonaland. Mr. H. J. Deary was a well-known general dealer in both Salisbury and Umtali. Information, the Rhodesia Advertiser, National Archives. He became Mayor of Salisbury in 1899.

MRS. DE BEER, 1895
Neé Dorie Bezuidenhout. Came with the Kruger-Bekker Trek. Information from Mrs. M. Edwards, Chipinge, 27/6/57. Also p. 86 "Many Treks Made Rhodesia", by S. P. Olivier.

MRS. DE BEER, 1896

MRS. DE KLERK, 1895

MRS. DE KOCK, 1895 or earlier
This lady was amongst those invited to a complimentary dance held in Umtali in September, 1895. It was given by Mr. Otto Siegrist, local representative of Messrs. Fabre et Fils, in the firm's new premises, "the room being perhaps the largest in Rhodesia at present". Information, the Rhodesia Advertiser, 16/9/95, National Archives.

MRS. DE MEYER, 1894
Neé Anna Elizabeth Coetzee. Born at Melsetter 10/7/94. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. D. DOREHILL, 1882
Wife of Mr. George D. Dorehill, the son of a British General, a friend and hunting companion of Selous, and a trader. Her name is on a list of women (pre-1890) taken from a map sheet published by the Director, Federal Department of Trigonometrical and Topographical Surveys, Rhodesia and Nyasaland, 1964.

MRS. DE VETTER, 1895 or earlier
Of the Nurses' Home, 96 Main Street, according to the Bulawayo Directory and Handbook of Matabeleland, 1895-96, pp. 69 and 117. She is mentioned as nursing there by the Bulawayo Chronicle of 18/1/95, and the edition dated 22/2/96 says: "the Chartered Company have presented Mesdames Chapman and Devine with a stand in recognition of the services they have rendered to the people here. The two ladies intend to erect a substantial nurses' home on the stand, which is situated at the corner of 3rd Avenue and Main Street, rather above the English Church". Mrs. Devine did splendid work in the Bulawayo laager during the rebellion. When it was over, Earl Grey paid expenses for her to take a trip to the Colony (Cape) as a mark of his appreciation of her valuable services at the "Laager and Exchange Hospitals". Information, Bulawayo Chronicle, 13/6/96.

MRS. DIAMOND, 1896
Arrived with four teenage children. Information from her grand-daughter, Mrs. Aylward, Bulawayo.

MRS. DICKENSON, 1896 or earlier
One of the three ladies who had the terrible experience of being brought into Salisbury laager by the Mazoe Patrol during the Mashona Rebellion. Her husband had already been murdered. Pp. 59, 60 and 262 "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women" (Mrs. Boggie).

MRS. DICKINSON, 1894
Neé Millicent Irene van Wyk. Arrived with her parents and was in the Bulawayo laager during the Matabele Rebellion. Information from Mrs. Withers (née Nason), Bulawayo. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

GERTRUDE DIPPENAAR, 1896
Gertrude Anne was baptised on 20/9/96, according to the Register of Baptisms, 1894, Parish of St. John, Bulawayo. She was the daughter of Martin and Mary Dippenaar.

MRS. DIPPENAAR, 1896
Mary Dippenaar was the wife of Martin Dippenaar, a mason in Bulawayo. Their daughter, Gertrude, was baptised on 20/9/96. Information, Register of Baptisms, 1894, Parish of St. John, Bulawayo.

MISS WINNIE DIXON, 1896
This lady performed in the first variety company to visit Bulawayo at the opening of the first theatre, founded by Mr. A. E. Wilson of the Caledonian Hotel. The Bulawayo Chronicle, 4/11/96. The Bulawayo Sketch of 14/11/96 described the visitors as "the London Variety Company of specially selected artistes".

MRS. G. D. DOREHILL, 1882
Wife of Mr. George D. Dorehill, the son of a British General, a friend and hunting companion of Selous, and a trader. Her name is on a list of women (pre-1890) taken from a map sheet published by the Director, Federal Department of Trigonometrical and Topographical Surveys, Rhodesia and Nyasaland, 1964.
SISTER DOROTHY, 1896

MRS. DOVER, 1895
Neé Elizabeth Mary Ferwin. Arrived with her husband. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MISS DRAKE, 1892
This lady attended the first dance held in Rhodesia, given by Mr. Stamford Brown of Salisbury in August 1892. She was possibly Mrs. A. E. Caldecott's (later Codrington's) sister. A report of the dance appears in the Mashonaland Herald and Zambesian Times which is in the National Archives, Salisbury.

MRS. A. DREW, 1893
Neé Caroline Lucinda Beere. "One of the band of seven nursing sisters who took over from Mother Patrick in Fort Victoria". See letter from her daughter, Mrs. Goddard, dated 2/7/59.

MRS. DRIVER, 1896
Neé Maria Boyce Impey. Came to join her husband in Gwelo. She had a very trying journey from Vryburg by ox wagon with her three daughters during the time of the rinderpest. She was a sister of Lady Heyman, who had arrived two years previously. Mrs. Driver died in Durban in 1942, aged 93 years. Information from her daughter-in-law, Mrs. Dawson, Bulawayo. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. R. DRIVER, 1895 or earlier
Ralph and Magdalena Driver's son, John Henry, was baptised on 29/9/95. Mr. Driver was a wheelwright in Bulawayo. Information. Register of Baptisms, 1894, Parish of St. John, Bulawayo.

LEONORA DROSKIE, 1896
Leonora Deborah Caroline was baptised on 31/1/96. She was the daughter of Martinus and Aletta Droskie of Bulawayo. Mr. Droskie was a mason. Information. Register of Baptisms, 1894, Parish of St. John, Bulawayo.

MRS. M. DROSKIE, 1896 or earlier
Mrs. Aletta Droskie's daughter, Leonora, was baptised in Bulawayo on 31/1/96. Her husband, Martinus was a mason in the town. Information. Register of Baptisms, 1894, Parish of St. John, Bulawayo.

MISS DUFFEE, 1895
This lady arrived in Umtali from the coast in July, 1895, according to the Umtali Advertiser files in the National Archives.

MRS. J. DUNCAN, 1896 or earlier
Mr. and Mrs. J. Duncan were among the guests at the wedding of Miss Helen Thompson McNealage and Mr. James Squair in the Wesleyan Church, Bulawayo, in December, 1896. Information, the Bulawayo Chronicle, 9/12/96.

MRS. J. E. DUNFORD, 1893

MISS DULPNIUS, 1896
On page 203 of "Raiders and Rebels of South Africa", by Mrs. Elsa Goodwin Green, the author mentions Miss Dupleis who had shared a hut with her at Chimoio. She died of fever shortly afterwards.

MRS. D. PLESSIS, 1894
Neé Wielhmina Wilhelmina Kok. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MISS DUPLIES, 1896
Mrs. Aletta Droskie was a widow. Arrived with the Martin Trek. Information, Mrs. M. Edwards, Chipinga, 27/6/57. Also p. 161 "Many Treks Made Rhodesia" (Olivier).

MRS. F. J. DU PLESSIS, 1894
Neé Aletta Maria Lee. Mrs. du Plessis was born in 1888 and came to Rhodesia with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Carl Lee, and Mr. and Mrs. Gert Cloete. She married Frans Jacob du Plessis in Bulawayo in 1905. Information, Mrs. Joan Nott and Mrs. Daphne Palmer, Salisbury. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. HENDRIK DU PLESSIS, 1893
Arrived in the du Plessis Trek with three daughters, Gertrude, Christina, Hendrika Aletta, and two sons. Page 81 "Many Treks Made Rhodesia" (Olivier).

MRS. LEA DU PREEZ, 1895
Arrived with the Kruger-Bekker Trek, with one daughter, Johanna. Information from Mrs. M. Edwards, Chipinga, 27/6/57. Also p. 161 "Many Treks Made Rhodesia" (Olivier).

MRS. N. D. DU PREEZ, 1895 or earlier
Miss Dyagere came from the Cape Colony and apparently lived at Washbank Farm, Inyazibzi. She died of fever on 29/1/93, aged 25 years. Information from the Deaths Register, Vol. I, National Archives.

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MRS. EASTMAN, 1895

MRS. EBBAGE, 1896
Neé Kathleen McMartin. Arrived in Bulawayo in October, 1896, with her husband, Ernest George Ebbage, two sons and a baby daughter, Edith Mabel. Information, Register of Baptisms, 1894, Parish of St. John, Bulawayo.

MRS. EASTMUIRE, 1893
Neé Florence Lydia Macloutsie Reilly. First husband, Mr. Willows. Came to Bulawayo with her parents. Information from herself. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. EBBAGE, 1896
Neé Kathleen McMartin. Arrived in Bulawayo in October, 1896, with her husband, Ernest George Ebbage, two sons and a baby daughter, Edith Mabel.

MRS. EDWARDS, 1895

MRS. J. E. DUNFORD, 1893
Neé Kathleen McMartin. Arrived in Bulawayo in October, 1896, with her husband, Ernest George Ebbage, two sons and a baby daughter, Edith Mabel.

MRS. EDWARDS, 1893
Neé Maria Boyce Impey. Came to join her husband in Gwelo. She had a very trying journey from Vryburg by ox wagon with her three daughters during the time of the rinderpest. She was a sister of Lady Heyman, who had arrived two years previously. Mrs. Driver died in Durban in 1942, aged 93 years. Information from her daughter-in-law, Mrs. Dawson, Bulawayo. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. LEA DU PREEZ, 1895
Arrived with the Kruger-Bekker Trek, with one daughter, Johanna. Information from Mrs. M. Edwards, Chipinga, 27/6/57. Also p. 161 "Many Treks Made Rhodesia" (Olivier).

MRS. D. PLESSIS, 1894
MRS. EDWARDS, 1894
Neé Hester Mary Smith. Came by ox wagon with her husband from Pretoria. She lived on the farm Douglasdale, near Bulawayo, for 50 years, and died there in 1950. Information from her daughter, Mrs. Breare, Bulawayo, by telephone.

MRS. ELLIOTT, 1992
Neé Neé Rhoda Gereef. Was the first girl born at Fort Tuli and was named after Mr. Rhodes and remembered by him in his will, according to an article by Mrs. Black of Manula on p. 285 of "First Steps in Civilizing Rhodesia", by Jeannie M. Boggie.

MRS. ELLIOTT, 1894
Neé Tempofsky. She was the first white child born in Bulawayo. Her birth on 4/4/94 was hailed with enthusiasm by the Matabele Times, which described her as "a damsel of alabaster transparency . . . the first white production born on the soil of Bulawayo since the occupation by the Chartered Company". The paper added that prospectors for miles around came into camp specially to congratulate her father, Mr. Moses Tempofsky, who was a baker and grocer in Bulawayo. Information from files in the National Archives.

MRS. W. ELLIOTT, 1877

MISS ELY, 1894
Arrived by ox wagon with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Tom Ely. The date of their arrival is not known, but the family was in Bulawayo on 29/6/94. Information, the Matabele Times, National Archives.

MRS. ELY, 1894
Neé Clara Bugden. Arrived with her husband and daughter by ox wagon. Was in the laager during the rebellion in Gwelo. Died in Bulawayo in 1925. Information from her son, Bulawayo. On Roll of Women Pioneers. According to the Matabele Times of 29/6/94, Mrs. Ely was living in Bulawayo at that time. In 1895, it was reported that Mr. Tom Ely had left Bulawayo and opened a butchery in Selukwe. Information, National Archives.

MRS. EMILY, 1895
This lady arrived in Bulawayo about 9/8/95, according to the Bulawayo Chronicle of that date, and attended the wedding of Captain Spreckley and Miss Beatrice Borrow.

MRS. ENGELBRECHT, 1896
Neé Catherina Sophia Lottering. Came up to join her husband and was here during the rebellion. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. D. ENGELBRECHT, 1895
 Came with the second Du Plessis Trek. Page 81 "Many Treks Made Rhodesia" (Olivier).

MRS. J. ENGELBRECHT, 1870
This lady's name is among those on a list of women taken from a map sheet published by the Director, Federal Department of Trigonometrical and Topographical Surveys, Rhodesia and Nyasaland, 1964. She was the wife of Jan Engelbrecht, a professional hunter, and brother of Cornelius Engelbrecht.

MRS. J. H. ENGELBRECHT, 1891 or earlier
Neé Johanna Maria Oosthuizen. She was the mother of Petrus Martinus Engelbrecht, an 1891 pioneer and was in the country at that time. She was also the mother of Mrs. Johanna Maria Phipps. Her husband, Johannes Henry Engelbrecht, was a hunter who came up before the Occupation. Information, A. M. Ewing.

MARGARETHA ENGELBRECHT, 1895 or earlier
Margaretha Elizabeth Engelbrecht was baptised at Bulawayo on 6/9/95, aged 19, according to the Dutch Reformed Church Baptismal Register, 1893. She had come from Standerton.

MRS. ENGELBRECHT, 1896
Neé Sarah Elizabeth Ferreira. Her mother was Mrs. S. E. Ferreira. Sarah was born in 1895 and came to Rhodesia with her parents on a return trip in 1896.

MRS. ENGELBRECHT, 1895
Neé Ellen Brown. Was born in Bulawayo on 14/7/95 and lived there for over 60 years. Information from herself, 1959. Ellen had a twin brother, Edwin. Their baptism on 8/9/95 is recorded in the Dutch Reformed Church Baptismal Register, 1893. It may have been the first registered record of twins born in Rhodesia. Their parents were Mr. and Mrs. C. H. G. Brown.

MRS. EMINELI, 1894
Neé Catharina Gesina van der Riet. Came with Martin Trek. Information from Mrs. M. Edwards, Chipinga, 27/6/57. Also p. 161 of Olivier's "Many Treks Made Rhodesia".

MRS. ERASMUS, 1896
Wife of a trader who lived about 60 miles from Salisbury. The story of their escape from death by the rebels is told on pp., 267 and 268 of Jeannie M. Boggie's "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women". Their names are mentioned on p. 60 of the B.S.A. Company's "Reports on Native Disturbances", in the National Archives.

MRS. D. J. ERASMUS, 1895 or earlier
Neé Maria Gesina de Jager. Maria was married at the age of 16, with her parents' consent, to Diedrik Johannes Erasmus, aged 26, a farmer in the Bulawayo area. The marriage took place on 20/4/96. Information, the Dutch Reformed Church Marriage Register. The Church's Baptismal Register shows that Maria was baptised at Bulawayo on 6/9/95. She came from Middelburg.

MISS ERSKINE, 1893
Travelled up by coach as a nursing sister. She was the daughter of Major Erskine of the Mining Board in Kimberley, but did not stay long in this country. Information in a letter to Mrs. Boggie dated 14/8/32 from Mr. Marshall Hole.

MRS. S. H. ESTERHUIZEN, 1895
Neé Johanna Christina Maria de Beer. This lady, a widow, was married in Bulawayo on 2/12/95. The registration of the marriage is to be found in the National Archives, Salisbury. Mr. S. H. Esterhuizen was a farmer.

MRS. R. K. EUSTACE, 1896 or earlier
Mrs. Eustace attended the reception given by Lady Grey at Government House, Salisbury, in November, 1896. Mr. R. K. Eustace was connected with the Salisbury Board of Executors. Information, The Nugget, 30/11/96, National Archives.
MRS. G. J. EUVRARD, 1894
Neé Hester Elizabeth Hugo. Mrs. Euvrard's son, Frederick George, was baptised on 16/6/96 at Morgenster, near Fort Victoria. Her husband was George Johannes Euvrard. Information, Dutch Reformed Church Baptismal Register, 1893. Mr. and Mrs. Euvrard were at Morgenster Mission from 1894 to 1896, when they returned to South Africa. Information, Mr. G. M. Murray, Liaison Officer, Morgenster Mission.

MRS. F. H. EVA, 1895
Arrived in Bulawayo in December, 1895. Mr. Eva started the Wesleyan Church in the town, and later went to Pretoria, according to the Bulawayo Chronicle, "to secure a Pretoria lady for his wife".

MRS. EVANS, 1896
Neé Ida Mulliner. Came up to join her husband. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. EYLES, 1896
Neé Helen Rosalie Lovemore. Travelled with her husband in Griqualand. Later he came to Rhodesia by wagon and she and her children, including her son, Kingsley, went by sea from Delagoa Bay to Beira, where they were met by Mr. Rhys Fairbridge and travelled by train and coach to Old Umtali. Later they lived in New Umtali, where Mrs. Fairbridge died in 1929. Information from Kingsley Fairbridge's Autobiography, and from her nephew, Mr. J. F. Fairbridge, Salisbury.

MRS. R. FAIRBRIDGE, 1896
Neé Sarah Elizabeth Lange. On Roll of Women Pioneers. She arrived in the country in 1891. Mrs. Agnes Fairbairn gave birth to a son, Andrew Angus, on 21/12/92. Her husband, James George Fairbairn, was an engineer. They lived in Salisbury. Information, the Cathedral, Salisbury, Baptismal Register, Vol. I, National Archives.

MRS. AND MISS FAIRBRIDGE, 1892
Mr. A. Crispell, Salisbury, in a letter dated 26/8/57, sent the following extract from the Rhodesia Chronicle and Mashonaland Advertiser, published weekly at Tuli, dated 26/11/92, Issue No. 30, under "Local and General": "Mrs. and Miss Fairbridge arrived at Tuli by the coach on Monday on their way to Salisbury".

MRS. R. FAIRBRIDGE, 1896
Neé Helen Rosalie Lovemore. Travelled with her husband in Griqualand. Later he came to Rhodesia by wagon and she and her children, including her son, Kingsley, went by sea from Delagoa Bay to Beira, where they were met by Mr. Rhys Fairbridge and travelled by train and coach to Old Umtali. Later they lived in New Umtali, where Mrs. Fairbridge died in 1929. Information from Kingsley Fairbridge's Autobiography, and from her nephew, Mr. J. F. Fairbridge, Salisbury.

MRS. FAIRBRIDGE, 1893 or earlier
Mentioned by Mrs. Nesbitt on p. 147 "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women" (Mrs. Boggie) as having lived near them at Mazoe. A Mrs. Fairburn is also mentioned by Mrs. J. Carruthers as having been in Salisbury in 1891, in a letter to Mrs. Boggie dated 19/6/35.

MISS FAIRWEATHER, 1896 or earlier
Nurse-companion to Mrs. Norton, and was murdered by the Mashona rebels at the same time as the Norton family. Page 71 "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women", by Jeannie M. Boggie. Also recorded in "Sunshine and Storm in Rhodesia" (F. C. Selous).

MRS. FALKENSTEIN, 1894
The Matabele Times of 20/4/94 notes that "arrivals in Camp (Bulawayo) during the week include Mrs. Falkenstein".

MRS. FIFE-SCOTT, 1895 or earlier
Neé Louisa Maria Francina Venter. She married Anthon Hendrik Willem Faulconer, and their son, Francois Alwyn, was born on 20/1/93 and baptised 13/3/94. Information, Dutch Reformed Church Baptismal Register, 1893.

MRS. A. H. W. FAULCONER, 1894 or earlier
Neé Agnes Fairbairn. She married Anthon Hendrik Willem Faulconer, and their son, Francois Alwyn, was born on 20/1/93 and baptised 13/3/94. Information, Dutch Reformed Church Baptismal Register, 1893.

MRS. I. FERREIRA, 1891
Neé Martha Johanna Greeff. Mrs. Ferreira died at Enkeldoorn in 1896 of malarial fever, aged 24 years. Her husband was Pieter L. Ferreira, a farmer. Information, the Deaths Register, National Archives, Salisbury. She was the daughter of Mr. Wilhelm Hendrik Greeff.

MRS. T. FERREIRA, 1895
Neé Sarah Elizabeth Lange. On Roll of Women Pioneers. She arrived in the country in 1891.

MRS. F. FIFE-SCOTT, 1895 or earlier
Neé Gertrude Caroline Lee. Arrived by ox wagon from Pietersburg and had her home in Rhodesia till she died in 1958, aged 80. Mrs. Fath was in the Bulawayo laager in 1896. Information from her daughter, Mrs. Millam of Redcliff, Que Que, letter dated 25/11/58.

MRS. T. FERREIRA, 1895
Neé Sarah Elizabeth Lange. On Roll of Women Pioneers. She arrived in the country in 1891.

MRS. A. H. W. FAULCONER, 1894 or earlier
Neé Louisa Maria Francina Venter. She married Anthon Hendrik Willem Faulconer, and their son, Francois Alwyn, was born on 20/1/93 and baptised 13/3/94. Information, Dutch Reformed Church Baptismal Register, 1893.

MRS. J. G. FAIRBAIRN, 1892 or earlier
Mentioned by Mrs. Nesbitt on p. 147 "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women" (Mrs. Boggie) as having lived near them at Mazoe. A Mrs. Fairburn is also mentioned by Mrs. J. Carruthers as having been in Salisbury in 1891, in a letter to Mrs. Boggie dated 19/6/35.

MRS. S. F. FAIRBRIDGE, 1896 or earlier
Neé Alice Ramsay Cannell, daughter of the leader of the Edenburg Trek. Information from Mrs. Otterson, neé Gifford, who was on the same trek. Page 160 "Many Treks Made Rhodesia" (Olivier). On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. P. L. FERREIRA, 1894 or earlier
Neé Martha Johanna Greeff. Mrs. Ferreira died at Enkeldoorn in 1896 of malarial fever, aged 24 years. Her husband was Pieter L. Ferreira, a farmer. Information, the Deaths Register, National Archives, Salisbury. She was the daughter of Mr. Wilhelm Hendrik Greeff.

MRS. T. FERREIRA, 1895
Neé Maria Steyn. Travelled up with the Henry-Steyn Trek bringing two daughters, Maria and Catherina, and four sons. Page 161 "Many Treks Made Rhodesia" (Olivier).

MRS. FIFE-SCOTT, 1895
Mentioned by Mrs. Harrell on p. 247 "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women" as having nursed in the Gwelo laager. According to a report in the Bulawayo Chronicle of 16/9/95, Mrs. Fife-Scott played in the mixed doubles of an Occupation Day tennis tournament in Gwelo, and won the final.

MRS. F. FIFE-SCOTT, 1895 or earlier
Neé Ida Brown. The Nugget of 22/10/95 offered its congratulations to Miss Ida Brown and Mr. George Finch on the occasion of their marriage. National Archives files.

MRS. FAIRLINGH, 1893
Neé Carter. Came up with Mr. and Mrs. James Lamb to assist in opening Store Bros. drapery shop in Salisbury. Was in the laager there. She and her husband had the Queen's Hotel, Salisbury. Pages 45 and 199 of "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women" (Mrs. Boggie).

MRS. F. FIFE-SCOTT, 1895 or earlier
Neé Gertrude Caroline Lee. Arrived by ox wagon from Pietersburg and had her home in Rhodesia till she died in 1958, aged 80. Mrs. Fath was in the Bulawayo laager in 1896. Information from her daughter, Mrs. Millam of Redcliff, Que Que, letter dated 25/11/58.
MISS A. L. FOSTER, 1896
Sister of Rev. H. Foster. Came up via Beira, nursed in the Umtali laager during the rebellion and was eventually matron of the hospital there. Page 77 "Raiders and Rebels in South Africa" by Mrs. Elsa Goodwin Green. Also pp. 121-123 "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women", by Jeannie M. Boggie.

MRS. ESTER JANE FOSTER, 1894
Previously Mrs. Wilkinson. She was the mother of Mrs. Gertrude McDonald and grandmother of Mrs. Ellen Jessie Toshack. She came to Rhodesia in 1894 with the McDonalds. Information from Mr. A. M. Ewing.

MRS. FOTHERINGHAM, 1895

MRS. G. D. FOTHERINGHAM, 1895 or earlier
This lady was well known in Umtali in the early days as a member of the Musical and Dramatic Club, and she led the orchestra at the presentations of "Trial By Jury", the first opera ever produced in Rhodesia. Together with Mrs. J. W. Nesbitt, she was one of the only two white women who ever saw and talked to the great chief Umtassa. Information, the Umtali Advertiser, National Archives. "Trial By Jury" was produced in Umtali on May 24 and 25, 1895.

MRS. FOURIE, 1896 or earlier
This lady was murdered by Matabele rebels, together with her husband and family. Their bodies were buried by Napier's Gwelo Patrol. See p. 47 of "Reports on Native Disturbances", National Archives, Salisbury. Also pp. 209-213 "Sunshine and Storm in Rhodesia", by F. C. Selous.

MRS. FOY, 1891
Came to Salisbury with her husband and his partner, Mr. Bradley. They walked most of the way from Johannesburg. Started to provide meals "in Pioneer Street" and died the following year. Letter from Hampton, dated 18/3/34. P. 63 "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women" (Mrs. Boggie).

MRS. FRANCES, 1895 or earlier
Mrs. Frances' name appeared in the Government Gazette of 15/2/95 as an applicant for the registration of a brand. She was recorded as residing at Tuli. National Archives files.

REV. MOTHER FRANCIS, 1894
Surname Condon. Dominican Order. As Sister Francis she came up with Mother Patrick from Kingwilliamstown and worked in Mafeking and Mueloutsie. Did splendid work during the 1896 Rebellion. Died in Gwelo Convent in 1934. Letters from Salisbury Convent dated 13/8/57. Also pp. 4, 21, 23, 24, 37 and 38 "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women" (Mrs. Boggie).

MRS. FRANCIS, 1894
Neé Mary Florence Read. Came up with her parents, and over 60 years later was living in Salisbury with her daughter, Mrs. J. Webb, who gave me this information in a letter dated 2/10/57 in answer to my advertisement.
MRS. W. C. FRANCIS, 1875
Mrs. Francis, an Afrikaner lady, was the wife of William C. Francis, a trader at Shoshong in partnership with Edward Chapman. Mrs. Francis travelled with her husband and Mr. and Mrs. George Westbeech and party to the Falls in 1875. Mrs. Francis and Mrs. Westbeech were the first white women to see the Falls. King Sepopo of Barotseland presented the two of them with fifty pounds of ivory. Information, p. 406 "The Far Interior" (Tabler). In "First Steps in Civilizing Rhodesia", p. 223, Mrs. Boggie states that the party travelled first by ox wagon, then by donkey cart owing to tsetse fly, and finally on foot.

MRS. FRANKS, 1894
Née Ruby Sylvester. Arrived with her mother, who later married Mr. "Tottie" Hay. Mrs. Franks' first husband was Dr. Gladstone Clark. Information in letter from herself to Mrs. Boggie dated 6/1/39.

MRS. FRASER, 1895
The Umtali Advertiser of 1/7/95 mentioned that Mr. and Mrs. Fraser had arrived in Umtali from the coast. A Mr. Fraser was a blacksmith and farrier in the town. Information, National Archives.

MRS. FRASER, 1870 or earlier
This lady was the mother-in-law of George Wood, the well-known hunter. Her daughter, the first Mrs. Wood, and her baby, died of fever, together with Mrs. Fraser, near Hartley Hills in 1870.

MRS. C. A. FRASER, 1893/94
Née Katrina Ferreira. Her first husband was Trooper George Broomsman van Wyk, and after his death she married Mr. Colin A. Fraser and lived on a farm near Marula, and is buried there. Information from Dorothy Dickinison, Umtali.

MRS. J. FRASER, 1895 or earlier
Christian names Euphemia Darg. This lady had a son, Eon Roderick Davidson, born in Salisbury on 27/9/95. Her husband, John Fraser, was a mining engineer. Information, the Cathedral, Salisbury, Baptismal Register, Vol. I, National Archives.

MISS KATE FRASER, 1896
Left England with her two sisters and came to Salisbury via Beira to join their father. Theirs was the last coach to reach Salisbury before the rebellion broke out and they were sent straight to the laager in the gaol and occupied the "oakum-picking cell". In November, 1896, The Nugget mentioned that "Mrs. Fraser and the Misses Fraser" attended the reception given by Lady Grey at Government House, Salisbury. Miss Kate Fraser left Rhodesia later and died in Vancouver. Information from her nephews C. C. Wigg, Bulawayo, and P. H. Wigg, Salisbury. On their journey from Beira the sisters travelled with the party described by Mrs. D. Fleming on pp. 259-262 "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women" (Mrs. Boggie).

MRS. M. FRASER, 1894 or earlier
Formerly Elizabeth Chatham, a widow. Mrs. Chatham and Mr. Malcolm Fraser, a widower, were married in Salisbury on 22/5/94. The marriage was witnessed by Elizabeth Carter. Mr. Fraser was described as a hotelkeeper. Information, the Original Marriage Register, National Archives. Mr. and Mrs. Fraser ran the Avenue Hotel, Jameson Avenue, Salisbury.

MRS. M. A. FRASER, 1896
This lady was one of the first nurses in Rhodesia. She came to join her husband, travelling via Beira, then to Salisbury by ox wagon, with her daughter, aged three. Mrs. Fraser nursed in the Salisbury laager and once in the very early days she nursed Cecil Rhodes through a bout of malaria. She died at Nazareth House, Salisbury, in September 1944. Information, The Herald, supplied by Mrs. Honey.
MRS. A. S. GIFFORD, 1894
Neé Phoebe Emma Glanz. Travelled with the Edenburg Trek with her husband and five children. This trek is described by one of her daughters, Mrs. Brent, on pp. 159-166 of "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women" (Mrs. Boggie). Mrs. Gifford's maiden name is spelt Glanz. It is incorrectly spelt on p. 60 of Olivier's "Many Treks Made Rhodesia". Information from her daughter, Mrs. Otterson, of Chipinge. On Roll of Women Pioneers. The Cathedral, Salisbury, Baptismal Register, Vol. I, National Archives, records that a son, Rob Rowland, was born on 2/8/94 to Mrs. Catherine Johanna Gifford, whose husband was Alfred Samuel Gifford, abode Melsetter.

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MRS. GILFILLAN, 1894
Neé Ann Elizabeth Pretorius. Her name is in the records of the Rhodesia Pioneers' and Early Settlers' Society as having been enrolled as one of the women pioneers. She is mentioned in the Rhodesia Weekly Review of 31/10/94 (National Archives), as being present at the laying of the foundation stone of the Memorial Hospital in Bulawayo by Mrs. Heyman. Mr. C. E. Gilfillan was a government surveyor.

MRS. GILLWARD, 1896 or earlier
Mentioned on page 127 "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women" (Mrs. Boggie), as having gone into laager at Umtali. The Rhodesia Advertiser of 16/9/95 states that she attended Mr. Otto Siegrist's dance in Umtali that week. National Archives files.

MRS. GILPIN, 1894
Neé Dolly Heyman. Her first husband's name was Bellasis. Came up by ox wagon with her mother, Mrs. Alexander, later Lady Heyman. At one time she lived at Marandellas. Lady Heyman's first married name has also been recorded as Anderson.

MRS. CHARLES GILSON, 1896
Appointed from America to the Mount Selinda Mission. Information in pamphlet received from Rev. W. D. Webb, Mount Selinda, January 1956.

MISS JULIET GILSON, 1896
Joined the American Mission at Mount Selinda and became responsible for the school. She gave many years of service to the Mission. Information in pamphlet received from Rev. W. D. Webb, Mount Selinda, January 1956.

MRS. GLADWIN, 1895
Her daughter, Mrs. Rose-Innes, whose name is on the Roll of Women Pioneers, was born in Salisbury on 26/6/96.

MRS. GODEREY, 1896

MRS. GOELST, 1896
Neé Hendrina Johanna Schoonveldt. Was in the Fort Victoria laager and later lived in Salisbury. Information from her niece, Mrs. Roussouw, Fort Victoria, in letter dated 10/12/58.

MRS. GOLDING, 1896 or earlier
This lady is mentioned as living in Umtali by Mrs. Elsa Goodwin Green in her book "Raiders and Rebels in South Africa", p. 110. The Rhodesia Advertiser of 10/12/96 mentions Mrs. Golding as being amongst those invited to Mr. Otto Siegrist's dance in Umtali.

MRS. R. GORLE, 1889
Neé Ruth Thomas. She was the daughter of Mr. W. E. Thomas, the well-known Native Commissioner, and grand-daughter of Thomas Morgan Thomas, the famous Inyati missionary. She married Mr. Robert Gorle, V.C.

MRS. GOUDVIS, 1894
Neé Bertha Frances Annie Cinnamon. Arrived in Bulawayo with her mother by wagon to join her father. She and her mother were among those invited to the Queen's Club, "Passing of the Year" dance held in Courthouse, Bulawayo, according to the Bulawayo Chronicle of 4/9/95. Mrs. Goudvis was in the Bulawayo laager in the rebellion. Information from Mrs. Myerson, Bulawayo, by telephone. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. GRADWELL, 1894

MRS. H. S. GRADWELL, 1894
Neé Emily Elizabeth Jane Manley. Trekked up with her children, arriving in Bulawayo on 29/9/94. On Roll of Women Pioneers. According to the Register of Baptisms, 1894, Parish of St. John, Bulawayo, Lionel Rhodes, son of Emily Elizabeth Jane Gradwell and Harry Strickland Gradwell, was baptised on 6/9/95. Mr. Gradwell was a merchant in Bulawayo.

MRS. GRADY, about 1892
The tragic murder of this lady, together with her husband and baby, by a Zulu named Jim, is described by Mrs. Coleman in Mrs. Boggie's "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women". A Mrs. Ida Grady had a son, John William, baptised in Salisbury on 24/7/92. Her husband, Mr. C. Grady, was a farmer near Salisbury. Information, the Cathedral, Salisbury, Baptismal Register, Vol. I, 23rd June 1892-April 1920, National Archives.

MRS. GRAHAM, 1893

MRS. GRAVES, 1890
Wife of Major Graves. Her first husband was Mr. Ellis of the Bechuanaland Police, according to Marshall Hole's letter to Mrs. Boggie dated 14/8/32. Mentioned by Mr. W. E. Fairbridge as showing him "much kindness." Only stayed a short time. Pp. 77 and 78 "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women" (Mrs. Boggie). Also pp. 112-113 "How We Made Rhodesia", by Major A. G. Leonard.

MRS. E. G. GRAY, 1895 or earlier
The Umtali Advertiser of 2/4/95 reported the death of Mr. and Mrs. Gray's little son. The family lived at Christmas Pass. Information, National Archives.

MRS. GREEFF, 1894 or earlier
Neé Elizabeth Maria Gibson. Arrived with parents by ox wagon. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. FREKKIE GREEFF, 1890 or earlier
Was in the Mangwe laager with six children. Information from Mrs. Black, Manuela. Also p. 285 "First Steps in Civilizing Rhodesia" (Mrs. Boggie).

MRS. ELSA GOODWIN GREEN, 1896
Author of "Raiders and Rebels in South Africa". Came up as a nurse under the British South Africa Company, via Beira, Fontesvilla, Chimoio and Umtali. She only stayed a short while and returned via Beira. Pp. 128 and 129 "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women" (Mrs. Boggie).
MRS. ROSETTA GRIEVE, 1895 or earlier
Née Gregory. Mrs. Grieve died in her own house in Bulawayo on 4/8/95. Her husband's name is given as William Parker Grieve, but she was apparently previously married to a man named Folkard. She left a minor child named Rosetta Folkard. Information. The Deaths Register, National Archives.

MRS. GROEBLER, 1895
Née Maria Johanna Bezuidenhout. Arrived with her mother and two sisters at Fort Victoria from Pretoria on 1/6/95. Information from her sister, Mrs. Hunt, Bulawayo.

MRS. GROETWALL, 1894
Née Katrina Herbst. Came with her husband in the Edenburg Trek, but returned to the Orange Free State five years later when he died. Information from Mrs. Otterson, Chipinga; also p. 161 of Olivier's "Many Treks Made Rhodesia".

ELIZABETH GROTWALD, 1895
Elizabeth Louise Stella Grotwald was born at Melsetter on 12/2/95. Her mother was Catherine Johanna Alida Grotwald and her father Emil Theodor Grotwald. Information, the Cathedral, Salisbury, Baptismal Register, Vol. I, National Archives. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. A. E. GREGORY, 1895
Née Winifred Liddon Howard. Arrived by ox wagon from Johannesburg. Left the country in 1903. Mrs. Gregory was in the Bulawayo laager. Information from her son in Bulawayo.

MRS. GREYTE, 1877 or earlier
A trader's wife remembered by Mrs. Jessie Lovemore. Her husband, August Greite, was in Matabeleland in the 1870's. Mrs. Greit(e) is mentioned in the Diaries of the Jesuit Missionaries as having shown them much kindness when they came up to Matabeleland in 1879. There is some confusion regarding the spelling of the name and whether in fact there were two families (or men) of the same name is not known. See "Rhodesiana" Vols. 18 and 27.

MRS. GREY, 1894
The Bulawayo Chronicle of 16/11/94 reported that Nurse Smeaton "intends to start a nurses' home near the Masonic Hotel", and went on to state: "Mrs. Grey, having taken her diploma at St. Bartholomew's Hospital, and having had considerable experience on the Rand, is well qualified to pull men through the thousand ills that flesh is heir to".

COUNTRESS GREY and her daughter LADY VICTORIA, 1896
Wife and daughter of Earl Grey, lived in Rhodesia most of the time that he was Administrator. They joined Rhodes' camp at the second Matopos Peace Indaba, and spent ten days there. They were also at the third Indaba on 9/9/96. Early in December of that year the Countess and her daughter returned to England. See pp. 113, 114, 143 "The World's View", by Nora S. Kane. At a reception she gave at Government House, Salisbury, in November, 1896, Lady Grey was "elegantly attired in a black watered silk skirt and heliotrope blouse trimmed with peach chiffon and sequins. Lady Victoria looked charming in a black skirt and pink blouse". The Nugget, 30/11/96, National Archives.

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MRS. C. HARMSE, 1866

Came to Rhodesia with five daughters. Her husband, Christian Harmse, was "an experienced old Boer elephant hunter" who accompanied Henry Hartley on some of his hunting trips. Early in 1868 the Hunter Finaughty found Mrs. Harmse "struggling desperately to get herself, her son and her dilapidated wagon out of the country. Harmse and his family had left the Hartley party after the season of 1867 and had gone back to Mashonaland . . . they all sickened with fever, and Harmse, his three grown daughters, and two younger ones died one after another . . . Mrs. Harmse moved off with her only remaining child, a small boy. All save one servant deserted her, and with the one faithful one to lead, she sat on the forechest and drove the span. After several weeks of difficult travel, at the sight of Finaughty, she lost her stern courage and cried on his shoulder". P. 298 "The Far Interior", by E. C. Tabler.

MRS. HAMILTON, 1893

On page 83 of Dr. Neville Jones' book "Rhodesian Genesis", there is a paragraph which reads: "When the Column left Victoria, a Mrs. Hamilton accompanied it in the regular uniform then in vogue. She rode at one side of the Column and she and her husband had a small tent to themselves when camp was reached. However, she was not destined to see much of the campaign, for when the Salisbury Column was reached, Dr. Jim (who went with the Column) sent her back, escorted by her husband". I have tried in vain to get more information about this lady.

MRS. HAMMAN, 1894

Neé Annie de Beer. Came with her daughter in the Mynhardt-Utrecht Trek. Information from Mrs. M. Edwards, Chipinga. Also p. 161 of "Many Treks Made Rhodesia" (Olivier).

MRS. A. J. J. HAMMAN, 1895

Neé de Beer. Her first husband's name was Potgieter. Mrs. Hamman came up from Vryheid, Natal, spending five months in an ox wagon. She settled in Fort Victoria and was in laager there in 1896, having arrived on 21/9/95. She died on 21/10/46. Information from her son, Mr. J. Potgieter, Fort Victoria, in letter dated 13/8/59.

MRS. A. M. HAMMAN, 1893

Trekked up by ox wagon with her husband, and her son was born on the way to Fort Victoria. Named Jacobus, this child was the first to be baptised in Fort Victoria. Mrs. Hamman was one of the few women in the 1893 laager at Fort Victoria. Information, Mrs. Boggie's "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women". Mr. Hamman and his brother were transport riders.
MRS. J. P. HARTMAN, 1896 or earlier
Neé Wilhelmina Christina Elizabeth Briel. Mrs. Hartman died on 14/11/96 in the Vaal Kop laager, Enkeldoorn, aged 26 years. Her husband was John Philip Hartman. Information, the Deaths Register, Vol. III, in the National Archives.

MRS. HARTZENBERG, 1894
Neé Martha Madelina Denever. Arrived 15/12/94. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. HAVNAR, 1894

MRS. HAWKINS, 1895
Formerly Mrs. Hill, neé Emily Wilson. Arrived in June, 1895, with her daughter, travelling in one of Mr. Tom Meikle's wagons. She opened the first baby linen shop in Bulawayo, and died in the town in 1925. Information by telephone from Mrs. Roland-Smith, Bulawayo. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. A. G. HAY, 1894

MRS. HAYES, 1896

MRS. HAYNES, 1894
Neé du Preez. Travelling as a single lady with her parents in the Martin Trek, she married Mr. Haynes when they reached Fort Victoria. P. 168 "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women" (Mrs. Boggie).

MRS. HAZELHURST, 1891
Neé Anna Albasini. Daughter of Count Albasini. Came up with her sister, Mrs. Zeederberg, and rode all the way on a white horse called Champagne. Returned to the Transvaal, but came back to Rhodesia, first to Salisbury, then to Gwelo, and finally settled in Selukwe. Information from her daughters, Mrs. Cranswick and Mrs. Stenslunde. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MISS HEALY, 1896 or earlier
When the Exchange Hospital was broken up, Miss Healy and Miss Southey decided to start private nursing in people's homes in Bulawayo. They took up quarters in 9 Wanderer's Chambers. Information, the Bulawayo Chronicle, 8/7/96. The Bulawayo Sketch of 28/11/96 noted that “Nurse Healy (of) the Laager, Exchange and Gwelo hospitals, has returned to Bulawayo and is willing to undertake nursing of the sick at their private residences”.

MISS HEANY, 1896 or earlier
Was in the Bulawayo laager during the rebellion. Information from a cutting from the Bulawayo Chronicle (Mrs. Cummins).

MRS. HENRY, 1895
Neé Emily Helmore. Arrived with the Henry-Steyn Trek, her husband being the leader. Information from Mrs. M. Edwards, Chipinga. Also p. 161 of Olivier's "Many Treks Made Rhodesia".

MRS. F. HERBERT, 1895 or earlier
Neé Elizabeth McCabe. Mrs. Herbert had a daughter, Maria, who was born on 20/4/95 and baptised on 30/4/95. Her husband was Frederick Herbert. Information, the Catholic Church, Bulawayo, Baptismal Register.
MRS. HEYNS, 1894
Née Dirkie Elizabeth Zondagh. Arrived with the Martin Trek, with six daughters. Information from Mrs. M. Edwards, Chipinga, 27/6/57. P. 161 "Many Treks Made Rhodesia" (Olivier).

MRS. J. A. HEYNS, 1894
Née Petronella Susannah du Preez. Arrived with the Martin Trek. Information from Mrs. M. Edwards, Chipinga, 27/6/57, and p. 79 "Many Treks Made Rhodesia" (Olivier). Her husband was John Andrew (Johan Andries) Heyns. According to the Deaths Register in the National Archives, Mrs. Heyns died at the farm Mowbray, Melsetter, on 13/11/95, aged 19 years. Cause of death, malaria fever. Her names have also been given as Petronella Susara and Sussana.

PETRONELLA HEYNS, 1895
Petronella Susannah Heyns died of malaria and hepatitis at Umtali on 13/10/95, aged three months. Her parents were John Andrew and Petronella Susannah Heyns. Information, the Deaths Register, National Archives.

MRS. HEYNS, 1894
Christian names Rosina Elizabeth. Arrived in the Martin Trek with her husband and children, including two daughters, Rosina and Christina. Information, Mrs. M. Edwards, Chipinga, 27/6/57. P. 79 "Many Treks Made Rhodesia".

MRS. HILL, 1894
Née Caroline Letitia Ives. Arrived with her husband and two daughters by donkey wagon. Went away for a while, but returned in May, 1921, and died in Bulawayo in 1950. Information from her granddaughter, Mrs. Smith, Bulawayo.

MRS. H. P. HILL, 1894
Née Margaret Isabella Squair, only daughter of Mary and Hugh Squair. She arrived in Bulawayo with her parents on 1/3/94, and in May, 1896, married the 1892 pioneer transport rider, Herbert Peter Hill. They were married from the Bulawayo laager, and their honeymoon was a short ride round the streets in a gig. Information, a letter from Mrs. Faith Moseley, of Recovery Farm, Bulawayo, dated 27/6/59. On Roll of Women Pioneers. The Rev. G. H. Eva conducted the wedding ceremony in the Wesleyan Church, and a reception was held at the Bonsor Chambers, followed by a dance in the evening.

MRS. W. G. HILL, 1895 or earlier
A son, Herbert William, was born in 3/4/95 to Mrs. Edith Winifred Hill and her husband, William George, a contractor, of Salisbury. Information, the Cathedral, Salisbury, Baptismal Register, Vol. I, National Archives.

MRS. HINES, 1894
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MRS. HOCKING, 1894

MRS. HOCKLEY, 1896 or earlier
The registration of the birth of this lady's daughter, Dorothy May, at Umtali, is to be found in the Registrar's Office, Salisbury, dated 26/3/96.
MRS. HUBBARD, 1896 or earlier
This lady was in the laager in Salisbury during the rebellion, and left in convoy in November, 1896.

MRS. G. F. HUDSON, 1895 or earlier
Christian name Lettie. Mrs. Hudson had a daughter, Phyllis, born on 15/2/95. Her husband, George Frederick Hudson, was a farmer. Information, Register of Baptisms, 1894, Parish of St. John, Bulawayo.

MRS. J. H. HUDSON, 1896 or earlier
The Bulawayo Chronicle of 8/7/96 stated that Mr. J. H. Hudson left Bulawayo by mule wagon to take his wife and family down to Zeerust.

PHYLLIS HUDSON, 1895
This child was born on 15/2/95 to Mrs. Lettie Hudson, wife of George Frederick, of Bulawayo. Information, Register of Baptisms, 1894, Parish of St. John, Bulawayo.

MRS. HUFF, 1896
Neé Aletta Maria Moolman. Travelled up with the Webster Trek. She lived in Chipinga. Information, National Archives, Salisbury. Married in Bulawayo 2/3/96. Mr. G. J. Human was a transport rider.

MRS. HUMAN, 1896 or earlier

MRS. HUMAN, 1893
Neé Aletta Maria Moolman. Travelled up with the Webster Trek. She lived in Chipinga. Information, Mrs. M. Edwards, Chipinga. Page 162 "Many Treks Made Rhodesia" (Oliveir). On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. HULLEY, 1896
Neé Elizabeth Webster. Travelled from Pretoria by donkey wagon with her husband and five children. Their experiences are told by Mrs. Carey on pp. 293-300 "First Steps in Civilizing Rhodesia" (Mrs. Boggie).

MRS. HULLEY, 1895

MRS. HUMLI, 1896

MRS. HUMAN, 1893
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MRS. HUMAN, 1896

MRS. HUMAN, 1893
Neé Aletta Maria Moolman. Travelled up with the Webster Trek. She lived in Chipinga. Information, Mrs. M. Edwards, Chipinga. Page 162 "Many Treks Made Rhodesia" (Oliveir). On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. HUMAN, 1896

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MRS. HUMAN, 1896
MRS. S. HUMPHREYS, 1896
Neé Sarah Poole (formerly Mrs. Babb). Arrived in Bulawayo when she was 17. Was a foundation member of the B.E.S.L. and a member of the S.P.C.A. She died in Bulawayo in 1958. Information from her son-in-law, Mr. Bushell, Bulawayo.

MRS. H. J. HUMPHRIES, 1896 or earlier
Mrs. Rosetta Humphries was the wife of Henry James Humphries of Salisbury. She had a son, William Henry. She was killed with the Allan Wilson Patrol at Shangani in 1893. She returned to England the following year. Information, Mr. G. H. Tanser, Salisbury.

MRS. F. G. M. ISSELS, 1894
Neé Margaret Downing. Arrived with her husband and infant son in October, 1894. They had one of the first piano's in the country and showed kindness to a great many. They did not move into the Bulawayo laager during the rebellion, but stayed in their cottage. Mrs. Issels' husband was Francois Gerard Marie Issels. She died in Bulawayo in February, 1933. Information from her son, Mr. Harry Issels. See also p. 233 "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women" (Mrs. Boggie). On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. ISAAC, 1894

MRS. H. J. HUMPHRIES, 1896 or earlier
Mrs. Rosetta Humphries was the wife of Henry James Humphries of Salisbury. She had a son, William Henry. She was killed with the Allan Wilson Patrol at Shangani in 1893. She returned to England the following year. Information, Mr. G. H. Tanser, Salisbury.

MRS. HUNT, 1895
Neé Aletta Sophia Christina Bezuidenhout. Arrived at Fort Victoria from Pretoria with her mother and two sisters on 1/6/95. Married three times (the names being Coetzee, Knoesen and Hunt). Information from herself, Bulawayo.

MRS. HUNTLEY, 1894

MRS. HURRELL, 1892
Neé Florence Annie Dearsley. Her Memoirs are to be found on pp. 242-249 "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women" (Mrs. Boggie). There is an article by her in "Women in Central Africa", pp. 53-55, entitled "Into the North". This tells of the beginning of Gwelo. Mr. and Mrs. Hurrell had the first hotel there, the Horseshoe, which was eventually sold to Mr. Tom Meikle, who built the Midlands in its place. Mrs. Hurrell was in the Gwelo laager. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

JANE HURRELL, 1895
Jane Dearsley Hurrell was the daughter of Mrs. Florence and Mr. William Hurrell. Information, the Cathedral, Salisbury, Baptismal Register, Vol. I, National Archives. Jane was born in Gwelo on 17/4/95.

MRS. HUTSON, 1896
Neé Hilda Seymour Fairbridge. Arrived with her parents. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. HUXHAM, 1895
Neé Marie Magdalene Steyn. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MOTHER IGNATIUS, 1894
Surname Haslinger. Dominican Order. Came from Kingwilliamstown Convent with other Reverend Sisters by wagon to Fort Victoria. Letters from the Convent, Salisbury, dated 11/7/55 and 13/8/57. Also pp. 4 and 16 "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women" (Mrs. Boggie).

MRS. ILSLEY, 1896
Neé Lily C. Walker. Married in Bulawayo 23/10/1895, according to the Marriage Register in the National Archives. Mr. Pearl Ingram, a miner, was one of the American scouts with Major Forbes' Shangani Column, and was one of the three men sent back by Major Allan Wilson just before the battle in which the Shangani Patrol was massacred. Information, "The Downfall of Lobengula" (Willis and Collingridge).
MRS. A. JACOBS, 1895
Naëe Rose Frank. Married in Bulawayo 28/11/95. The registration of this marriage is to be found in the National Archives, Salisbury. Mr. Aaron Jacobs was a timber merchant. According to the Bulawayo Directory and Handbook of Matabeleland, this was the first Jewish wedding celebrated in Bulawayo. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. D. JACOBS, 1862
Naëe Sara Lee, daughter of John Lee and his wife, Louisa. She married David Jacobs, son of the famous hunter, Piet Jacobs. In "The Far Interior" Tabler wrote: "The white people at Mangwe were excited about the coming marriage of Sara Lee and David Jacobs, and the artist (Baines) sketched a wedding portrait of the couple. He bought handkerchiefs for the 'groom at Elston's Store, but could find nothing for the bride. The people, firing blank salutes at intervals, danced all evening to a concertina in celebration of the wedding". The Rev. J. B. Thomson of Hope Fountain had been asked to perform the ceremony.

MRS. E. JACOBS, 1872
One of the names of women (pre-1890) taken from a map sheet published by the Director, Federal Department of Trigonometrical and Topographical Surveys, Rhodesia and Nyasaland, 1964. Mrs. Jacobs was probably a daughter-in-law of the famous hunter, Piet Jacobs.

MRS. JACOBS, 1896
Naëe Johanna Susanna Engelbrecht. Her first husband was Sam Rautenbach. She came by wagon with her husband and baby from Zeerust and lived in the Bulawayo district for many years. Information from herself. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. P. JACOBS, 1872
Wife of the famous Boer hunter, Piet Jacobs. They lived with their family at Tati, and she apparently accompanied her husband on some of his hunting trips into Matabeleland. Her name is on a list of women who came to Rhodesia before 1890. This list was taken from a map sheet published by the Director, Federal Department of Trigonometrical and Topographical Surveys, Rhodesia and Nyasaland, 1964.

MRS. JAMES, 1894
Naëe Helen Maria Sinclair. Arrived in October, 1894. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. JANSEN, 1879
This lady was the wife of a trader. Her name is on the list of women (pre-1890) taken from a map sheet published by the Director, Federal Department of Trigonometrical and Topographical Surveys, 1964.

MRS. A. A. JANSEN, 1895
Naëe Martha de Jager. The registration of this marriage is to be found in the National Archives, Salisbury. Married in Bulawayo, 8/6/95. Mr. A. A. Jansen was a brickmaker. Martha was 15 when she married with her parents consent. She and her sister Maria were baptized at Bulawayo on 6/9/95. Information, Baptismal Register of the Dutch Reformed Church, 1893.

MADAME JEANMAIRET, 1877
Naëe Elise Coilliard. Travelled up with her uncle and aunt, Francois and Christina Coilliard, and only stayed in Matabeleland for about four months. Her baby, Marguerite, born in September, 1886, was very likely the first European child to be born at Shesheke, in Zambia. Pages 227-238 "First Steps in Civilizing Rhodesia" (Mrs. Boggie).

MRS. J. H. JEFFREYS, 1896 or earlier
Naëe Minnie Ruth White. Lived at Penhalonga Mine. She was in Umtali during the rebellion of 1896 and was in the laager there. Pp. 84 and 88 "Raiders and Rebels in South Africa", by Elsa Goodwin Green. Letters from Cecil J. M. Jeffreys, Marandellas, dated 25/5/59 and 20/7/59. The Rhodesia Advertiser of 8/5/96 reported that Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Jeffreys had arrived in Umtali from England, via the Cape. National Archives files. According to his son, Cecil. Mr. Jas. Jeffreys came to Manicaland in 1888. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

ALICE JELLIMAN, 1896 or earlier
Alice Ada was the daughter of Mrs. Edith Jessie Jelliman, who died at Marandelas on 11/1/96. Alice was a minor child at that time. Information, the Deaths Register, National Archives.

MRS. A. R. JELLIMAN, 1896 or earlier
Edith Jessie Jelliman died of fever at Marandelas on 11/1/96. Her husband was Albert Reuben Jelliman. She left a minor child named Alice Ada. Her maiden name is partially illegible, but may have been Phelard. Information, the Deaths Register, National Archives.

EMMA JENKINS, 1895 or earlier
This name appears in the Government Gazette of 15/5/95 as that of an applicant for a duplicate of a lost mining claim certificate, No. U/809. Information, National Archives files.

MRS. W. J. JOCKS, 1895 or earlier

MRS. NANCY JONES, 1893
An American negress who came with a party of eight American missionaries — "the first representative of the negro race to be sent by the American Board as a missionary to Africa". Information in pamphlet from Rev. W. D. Webb, Mount Selinda Mission, in answer to my enquiries, January, 1956.
MRS. DAN JUDSON, 1894  
néé Wilhelmina Freestone Eckard. Wife of Colonel Dan Judson. She came to Salisbury via Beira, having many adventures en route. Pages 206-214 "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women", by Jeannie M. Boggie. Mrs. Judson and her baby daughter were in the condemned cell of the Salisbury gaol, which was the laager during the Mashona Rebellion. Mrs. Judson is on the Roll of Women Pioneers.

K

MRS. F. J. KELLY, 1896 or earlier  
Christian names, Rose Ella. Mrs. Kelly had a daughter named Rhodesia, who was born in Salisbury Gaol laager in 1896. Her husband, Frederick James Kelly, was a builder. Information, the Cathedral, Salisbury, Baptismal Register, Vol. I, National Archives.

RHODESIA KELLY, 1896  
Rhodesia Elizabeth May Kelly was born on 5/7/96 in the Salisbury laager. Her parents were Mr. F. J. and Mrs. Rose Ella Kelly. Information, the Cathedral, Salisbury, Baptismal Register, Vol. I, National Archives.

MRS. W. H. KELLY, 1896 or earlier  
Christian names Edith May. Mrs. Kelly's son, Harold John Mayor, was born in Salisbury on 18/5/96. Her husband, Mr. William Henry Kelly, was a builder. Information, the Cathedral, Salisbury, Baptismal Register, Vol. I, National Archives.

MRS. KENNEDY, 1879  
This name is on the list of women (pre-1890) taken from a map sheet published by the Director, Federal Department of Trigonometrical and Topographical Surveys, 1864. Apparently Mrs. Kennedy was a "traveller in Southern and Northern Rhodesia" in 1879. At that time, of course, the territories were not known by those names.

MRS. E. T. KENNY, 1891  
née Agnes Marriott. The family of Henry Heath Marriott came to Rhodesia about August, 1891. The family returned to the Transvaal in 1893, but were back in Rhodesia in 1898. All the children, including Amy, were born in South Africa but came up with their parents in 1891. The Quitrent Register records that Henry Heath Marriott obtained his farm in the Mazoe district on 30/8/93. Information, National Archives letter c/1/12/74. Mr. Edward Thomas Kenny was an 1892 Pioneer. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. A. KERSFELDER, 1895 or earlier  
née Susanna Magdalena — ? Mrs. Kersfelder had a son, Frederick Alexander, born 13/2/94, and baptised on 13/2/95. It is not stated if he was born in Rhodesia. Her husband, August Kersfelder, was a brick-maker in Bulawayo. Information, Register of Baptisms, 1894, Parish of St. John, Bulawayo.

MRS. ENID KERR, 1895  
Travelled up with a son and daughter, both under six years, in one of Zeederberg's coaches. The coach was lost in a flooded river (the Shashi) but no lives were lost. A thrilling account of this journey is given by Mrs. Kerr's son on pp. 255-6 "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women", by Jeannie M. Boggie.

MURIEL KERR, 1895  
Daughter of Mrs. Enid Kerr. She travelled up with her mother in one of Zeederberg's coaches which was lost in the flooded Shashi. Muriel returned to England later. Information, Mrs. Jessie Lovemore.

MRS. KETTERINGHAM, 1896  

MRS. C. J. E. KIDSON, 1895  
née Potgieter. Came up with her parents from Vryheid, aged one year. She lived in Fort Victoria for many years and was in the laager there in 1896. Information from her brother, J. Potgieter, Fort Victoria, in letter dated 13/8/59.

MRS. F. KING, 1893  
née Mary Alice Webster. Trekked up with her parents from Zeerust and later lived at Chipinga. Information from Mrs. M. Edwards, Chipinga, 27/6/57. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. K. KING, 1894  

MRS. F. J. KELLY, 1896 or earlier  

MRS. KINNEAR, 1894  
Mother of Jessie Macdonald and Agnes McLeod, whose names are on the Roll of Women Pioneers as having "arrived with parents".

MRS. KIRBY, 1894  
This lady was invited to the first subscription dance held in Bulawayo in September, 1894, at which Mr. Rhodes and Dr. Jameson were present. Information, Mr. A. M. Ewing. She also attended the Queen's Club "Passing of the Year" dance (1894/95) held in the Court-house. The Bulawayo Chronicle reported on 21/12/94 that Mrs. Kirby sang at a concert in aid of the English Church choir fund.

MISS AGNES KIRK, 1896  
The adopted daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ross. She was murdered by the Matabele rebels in 1896 at the same time as her adopted parents. Pages 209 and 212 "Sunshine and Storm in Rhodesia", by F. C. Selous.

MRS. KIRK, 1895  

MRS. KIRKHAM, 1869  
On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. A. KERSFELDER, 1895 or earlier  
née Susanna Magdalena — ? Mrs. Kersfelder had a son, Frederick Alexander, born 13/2/94, and baptised on 13/2/95. It is not stated if he was born in Rhodesia. Her husband, August Kersfelder, was a brick-maker in Bulawayo. Information, Register of Baptisms, 1894, Parish of St. John, Bulawayo.

MRS. KIRKMAN, 1896  
The family returned to the Transvaal in 1893, but were back in Rhodesia in 1898. All the children, including Amy, were born in South Africa but came up with their parents in 1891. The Quitrent Register records that Henry Heath Marriott obtained his farm in the Mazoe district on 30/8/93. Information, National Archives letter c/1/12/74. Mr. Edward Thomas Kenny was an 1892 Pioneer. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. K. King, 1894  
Information from herself to the Pioneers' and Early Settlers' Society. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. C. J. E. KIDSON, 1895  
née Potgieter. Came up with her parents from Vryheid, aged one year. She lived in Fort Victoria for many years and was in the laager there in 1896. Information from her brother, J. Potgieter, Fort Victoria, in letter dated 13/8/59.

MRS. F. KING, 1893  
née Mary Alice Webster. Trekked up with her parents from Zeerust and later lived at Chipinga. Information from Mrs. M. Edwards, Chipinga, 27/6/57. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

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MRS. KIRK, 1895  

MRS. KIRKHAM, 1869  
On Roll of Women Pioneers.
MRS. L. KLEYN, 1895
Neé Debora Maritz. Came with the second Du Plessis Trek. Page 161 "Many Treks Made Rhodesia" (Olivier).

MISS ALETTA KLOPPERS, 1895
Aletta Elizabeth Kloppers arrived with her parents in the Henry-Steyn Trek from Cradock. She was killed in a car accident near Marandellas on 23/5/57, aged 78 years. Page 162 "Many Treks Made Rhodesia" (Olivier). On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. KLOPPERS, 1895
Neé Annie Jansen van Vuuren. Came with the Henry-Steyn Trek and brought seven children, including her daughters Martha, Aletta and Annie. Information from Mrs. M. Edwards, Chipinga, 27/6/57. Also p. 162 "Many Treks Made Rhodesia" (Olivier).

MRS. S. KLOPPERS, 1894
Neé Gertruida Kok. Came up with the Martin Trek. Information from Mrs. M. Edwards, Chipinga, 27/6/57. Also p. 162 "Many Treks Made Rhodesia" (Olivier).

ELIZABETH KNIGHT, 1896 or earlier
This name is in the Bulawayo Directory and Handbook of Matabeleland, 1895/96. The owner of Stand No. 46, Main Street, Bulawayo, is given as Elizabeth Knight.

MRS. JAMES LAMB, 1893

MRS. LANDSBERG, 1896
Neé Rhoda Martha Wade. Lived many years in Bulawayo, and died in October, 1955. Mrs. Landsberg was a niece of the famous Dick King. Information from her daughter, Mrs. K. Smith, in letter dated 30/6/59. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. C. A. KRIENKE, 1891
"Krienke's Party" trekked to Mashonaland from the Transvaal in 1891. It included Mrs. Krienke, her husband Carl August, and their ten children. An interesting article by Walter Krienke about their journey and the hardships they suffered at their farm, Stoneridge, near Salisbury, appears on pp. 53-56 "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women" (Mrs. Boggie). A further tragedy was the death of their son, Charles, as the result of a shooting incident.

MATILDA KRIENKE, 1891
Matilda was one of the ten children of Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Krienke, who trekked to Mashonaland in 1891. The Rhodesian Times and Financial News of 6/6/96 mentioned that she gave evidence in the court case which followed the death of her brother, Charles, as the result of a shooting incident. National Archives files.

OTHILIA KRIENKE, 1891
Othilia was one of the ten Krienke children who arrived in Salisbury with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Krienke, on 25/10/91. They had trekked from the Transvaal by ox wagon. Othilia died of fever on 11/2/92, and was the first female to die in the country after the Occupation. Her brother Walter described her as "a brave and helpful child". Information, "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women" (Mrs. Boggie).

MRS. KRITZINGER, 1895

MRS. KRUGER, 1896
Neé Cornelia Maria Bezuidenhout. Arrived with the Kruger-Bekker Trek. Information from Mrs. M. Edwards, Chipinga. 27/6/57. Also p. 162 "Many Treks Made Rhodesia" (Olivier). On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. KRUGER, 1896 or earlier
Neé Lizzie du Plessis. Her parents came with the Moodie Trek and she lived at Melsetter. Information from Mrs. M. Edwards, Chipinga.

MRS. LABUSCHAGNE, 1894

CHRISTINA LAMB, 1896
Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Lamb. Christina Annandale is in the Voluntary Register of Births in the National Archives. She was in Salisbury in the laager with her mother and two sisters.

MRS. JAMES LAMB, 1893
Christian names Eleanor Rosina. Came from Johannesburg with her husband to start a drapery business for Store Bros. in Salisbury. She and her three children were in the laager there. Her daughter, Rose, was given the first birth certificate issued in Salisbury on 20/8/93 (see facsimile on p. 202 "Many Treks Made Rhodesia" by Jeannie M. Boggie). On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. LAMB, 1895

ROSE LAMB, 1893
Hers was the first birth certificate to be issued in Salisbury. It was dated 20/8/93. Rose died of malaria. Pages 202-203 "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women" (Mrs. Boggie).

MRS. LANDSBERG, 1896
Neé Rhoda Martha Wade. Lived many years in Bulawayo, and died in October, 1955. Mrs. Landsberg was a niece of the famous Dick King. Information from her daughter, Mrs. K. Smith, in letter dated 30/6/59. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. LANGFORD, 1896
Wife of Dr. Langford. They had only been married a short time and had just left Bulawayo for Insiza when they were both murdered by the Matabele rebels. This sad story is told on pp. 214-215 of "Sunshine and Storm in Rhodesia", by F. C. Selous. Also on p. 266 of the document: "Bodies found on Rixon's farm and buried by Napier's Gwelo Patrol".

MRS. LANNING, 1896

MRS. LANNING, 1896
Neé Ethel Harriet Snooke. Came with her husband, who was Native Commissioner at Shiloh and Inyati for 21 years, and later at Plumtree. Mrs. Lanning died in September, 1924. Information from her daughter, Mrs. Wooler, at Plumtree.
MRS. LESS, 1892

Née Marie Riemer. Was in two laagers in Fort Victoria, one during the Matabele War in 1893 and one during the rebellion in 1896. Twice their home was wrecked. Mrs. Less lived many years in Rhodesia and died in Umtali in 1948. aged 81 years. Information from Mrs. M. Edwards, Chipinga, and pp. 80, 82-94 "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women" (Mrs. Boggie). On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. HERMINA LEWIS, 1894

Née Hermia Frances Shawe. Was born in Salisbury on 7/12/94. Her parents were Henry Adrian Shawe, a transport rider, and Mrs. Alethea Shawe. Information, the Cathedral, Salisbury, Baptismal Register, Vol. I, National Archives. On Roll of Women Pioneers. Mrs. Lewis lived in Rhodesia all her life.

MRS. LEWIS, 1894

Née M. Raath. Arrived with her parents and three other children. They lived near the Bembesi River and on the Camperdown Mine, where her husband kept a store. Left Rhodesia in 1902 and later lived in Standerton. Mrs. Lewis lived near Mrs. Welensky in Bulawayo and was in the laager during the rebellion. Information in letters from herself, dated 3/1/58, in answer to my advertisement.

MAY LEWIS, 1896

May Caroline Lewis was baptised on 18/10/96, according to the Register of Baptisms, 1894, Parish of St. John, Bulawayo. Her mother was Catherine Lewis, and her father, a speculator, was Samuel John Lewis.

MRS. S. J. LEWIS, 1896 or earlier

Catherine, wife of Samuel John Lewis, a speculator in Bulawayo, was the mother of May Caroline, who was baptised on 18/10/96, according to the Register of Baptisms, Parish of St. John, Bulawayo.

MRS. LICHFIELD, 1891

Née Beryl Welby. One of the three English nursing sisters who walked from Beira to Umtali and established a hospital there, helped by Mr. Rhodes. She married Dr. Lichfield of Umtali. Pages 101-104 "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women" (Mrs. Boggie) and p. 130 "The World's View" (Mrs. Kane).

MRS. LIGHT, 1893

Née Anna Wilhelmina Strobel. Travelled with her parents to Fort Victoria when she was 18 months old. Mrs. Light drew a number of the illustrations in Mrs. Boggie's book "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women" (pp. 184-191). On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. JOHN LEE, 1863 or earlier

Neé Jacoba van Rooyen. Second wife of John Lee and sister of the hunter, Cornelius van Rooyen.

MARIA LEE, 1863

Daughter of John Lee and his first wife, Louisa. Her name is on a list of women (pre-1890) taken from a map sheet published by the Director, Federal Department of Trigonometrical and Topographical Surveys, 1964.

MRS. LEWIS, 1894


MRS. HANS LEE, 1896 or earlier

Née Louisa van Wyk. Wife of the trader and hunter, arrived with eight children. She was buried at Mangwe in 1870. Pp. 115, 160-161 "First Steps in Civilizing Rhodesia" (Mrs. Boggie).

MRS. JOHN LEE, 1870 or earlier

Née Jacoba van Rooyen. Second wife of John Lee and sister of the hunter, Cornelius van Rooyen.

MRS. LEONARD, 1878

Née Winifred Martin. Came to Inyati when about six years old, with her parents, who started a trading store there. Mrs. Leonard died at Marandellas in 1955 and is buried at Inyati. Information from friends at Inyati.

MRS. DAVID LIVINGSTONE, 1862

Née Mary Moffat, daughter of Rev. Robert Moffat. Married Dr. Livingstone at Kuruman in 1845. Lived in Bechuanaland and in England for some years. In 1862 Mrs. Livingstone travelled to the Zambezi to join her husband, but died of fever soon after. Her grave is at Shupanga on the banks of the Zambezi. Pages 113-121 "First Steps in Civilizing Rhodesia" (Mrs. Boggie). David Livingstone wrote: "... Poor Mary sleeps on Shupanga brae and beeks forenent the sun . . . " Extract from an article by Rev. J. S. Moffat in the Cape Argus.
MRS. D. M. LIVINGSTONE, 1896
Neé Emma Jane Tennant. Arrived at Umtali, travelling from Beira to Macheque by train, and from there by trolley and machila. Married in 1899 and lived many years in Umtali. Information from herself.

MRS. H. LOFTHOUSE, 1894
Was invited to the “Passing of the Year” (1894-95) dance held by the Queen's Club in the Bulawayo Courthouse. In July, 1895, she assisted at the St. John's Church bazaar. Information, the Bulawayo Chronicle. Mrs. Lofthouse and family arrived in Bulawayo in October, 1894. Mr. Herbert Lofthouse was a solicitor. Information, the Rhodesia Weekly Review, 10/10/94, National Archives.

MRS. J. I. LOGAN, 1896
Neé Suzanne Elizabeth Montgomery. Mrs. Logan was born on a farm near Mangwe on 26/5/96. Her mother, Mrs. G. C. C. Montgomery, died the next day, and in desperation her father took the new-born baby with him on horseback to Zeerust, via Mcloutsie, and handed her over to her maternal grandparents. He kept the child alive on the journey by letting her suck a piece of cloth dipped in milk. Suzanne grew up in Zeerust and was put into a concentration camp during the Boer War until her father appealed for her release as a British subject. In 1921 Suzanne married Mr. John Innes Logan of the B.S.A. Police, Salisbury. She died in 1962. Information from her son, Mr. L. R. Logan, Bulawayo. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. LOMBARDT, 1894

MRS. LONGDEN, 1896
Neé Jane Harriet Muller. Came up by coach to marry Mr. Longden, a lawyer in Gwelo, and was in the Gwelo laager. Mrs. Longden died at the Cape in 1946. Information from her son, Mr. S. Longden, Essexvale.

MRS. J. S. LOOSLEY, 1862
Neé Mary Meta Moffat. Daughter of Rev. J. S. Moffat. She was the first white baby girl born in Rhodesia, at Inyati Mission on 2/2/62. Mrs. Loosley lived the greater part of her life in Rhodesia and died in Cape Town in 1954. Information from relatives. She married Mr. James S. Loosley.

MRS. LOTTS, 1895
Neé Hester Maria Magdalena Engelbrecht. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. LOTTERING, 1896

MRS. A. A. LOUW, 1894
Neé Francina Susanna Malan. Wife of the Rev. A. A. Louw, founder of the Dutch Reformed Mission of Morgenster, near Fort Victoria. According to the Dutch Reformed Church Baptismal Register, 1893, Mr. and Mrs. Louw had a son, Andries Adriaan, who was baptised on 12/7/95, when he was one week old. Mrs. Louw died in 1935.

MRS. LOVE, 1894
Neé Ethel Wardle. Arrived with her parents on 24/5/94, and lived many years in Bulawayo. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. LOVELL, 1896
This lady was a passenger on the Zeederberg coach which arrived in Bulawayo on 30/11/94. Information, the Bulawayo Chronicle.

MRS. H. LOVEMORE, 1875
Neé Jessie Constance Helm. Arrived with her parents, Rev. and Mrs. C. D. Helm, at Hope Fountain Mission, when she was 19 months old. Her valuable memoirs entitled "Thy Beginning", were arranged for publication in 1956 by the Rhodesia Pioneers' and Early Settlers' Society, and an interesting article by her appears on pp. 86-91 of "First Steps in Civilizing Rhodesia" (Mrs. Boggie). Mrs. Lovemore was affectionately known as the "Grand Old Lady of Rhodesia". She died in Bulawayo on 6th September, 1960. She had lived longer in Rhodesia than any other white person and was given a state funeral at Hope Fountain Mission. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. LOWENSTARK, 1895
Neé Susanna Catharina Giertruide Nortje. Arrived with her first husband, Mr. F. C. Swart, in October, 1895. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. C. G. LOWINGER, 1896 or earlier
This lady left Bulawayo for a trip South in June, 1896. Information, the Bulawayo Chronicle.

MRS. LUDEKE, 1895
Neé Susanna Catharina Giertruide Nortje. Arrived with her first husband, Mr. F. C. Swart, in October, 1895. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. LYLE, 1896 or earlier
She and her husband had a wonderful escape from being murdered at Headlands during the Mashona Rebellion, and she was in the Umtali laager. Pages 125-126 "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women" (Mrs. Boggie).

MRS. LYNN, 1891
Mother of Mrs. Watts, whose name is on the Roll of Women Pioneers as having "arrived with parents" at Fort Victoria.

MRS. J. MABERLEY, 1895/6
Came with her husband, Dr. John Maberley, a surgeon, to Bulawayo. She was a Dutch lady of good family, and with her husband and infant son went into the laager. Information in a letter from Mr. S. Candler, dated 26/6/33 from Rhodesia House, London, through Mrs. Jeannie Boggie. The Maberley's son, John Frederick, was baptised in Bulawayo on 10/5/96. Information, Register of Baptisms, 1894, Parish of St. John, Bulawayo.

MRS. VIOLET McAULIFFE, 1891
A trader's wife. She did not stay long in the country. Page 62 "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women" (Mrs. Boggie).

MRS. E. McCABE, 1896 or earlier
Neé "Tolae" Gordon. According to the Catholic Church, Bulawayo, Baptismal Register, Mrs. McCabe had a son, Gordon, born on 3/10/96 and baptised by Fr. A. M. Daignault on 15/11/96. Her husband was Mr. Edward McCabe.
MISS MACDONALD, 1894
This lady was a nurse at the Nurses' Home in Bulawayo, and according to the Bulawayo Chronicle of 4/1/95, she was invited to the 1894/95 "Passing of the Year" dance held by the Queen's Club in the Court-house.

MRS. A. MCDONALD, 1893 or 1894
Née Gertrude Wilkinson. Arrived with her husband, Angus McDonald, in 1893 or 1894. They had been married at Pilgrim's Rest, Eastern Transvaal. Her daughter, Ellen, who became Mrs. Toshack, was born in Bulawayo in 1895, and lived there for many years. Her mother, Mrs. E. J. Foster (previously Mrs. Wilkinson) accompanied the Mc Donalds to Rhodesia. Information, Mr. A. M. Ewing.

MRS. MCDONALD, 1895

MRS. MACDONALD, 1894

MRS. MCDONALD, 1895

MRS. MACDOUGALL, 1896
This lady was married in Bulawayo in August, 1896. Her husband was in Salisbury in the early days and entered Matabeleland with the Salisbury Column in 1893. Information, the Bulawayo Chronicle.

MRS. F. MACK, 1896 or earlier
Née Minnie Florence Loder. Drowned at sea off the Normandy coast, 16/6/96, aged 30 years. Her husband was Mr. Frank Mack. Information, the Deaths Register, National Archives, Salisbury.

ANNE MACKENZIE, 1863
Infant daughter of the Rev. John and Mrs. Mackenzie, who arrived at Inyati Mission on 29/8/63 and left again in mid-February, 1864. Annie died at Inyati in October, 1863, and was buried in the cemetery there, her grave being the fourth to be made. Information, pp. 267-268 "The Far Interior", by E. C. Tabler.

MRS. J. MACKENZIE, 1863
Came with her husband, Rev. John Mackenzie, to the Mission at Inyati, but left again the next year. Their baby daughter, Annie, died and was buried in the Inyati cemetery. Page 268 'The Far Interior", by E. C. Tabler, also p. 18 of Rev. A. J. Haile’s "Brief History of the London Missionary Society".

MRS. F. McKINNON, 1894
Formerly Mrs. Purdy or Purdey. The Bulawayo Chronicle of 16/11/94 reported that Jim, a Zulu, "went to Mrs. Purdy's at the Bulawayo Club and took away a box. Not finding much in the box, he returned to the house, when he was disturbed by Mrs. Purdy and absconded". The Rhodesia Weekly Review of 6/3/95 offered "our heartiest congratulations to Mr. F. McKinnon and Mrs. Purdey, who were married by special licence by the Rev. Archdeacon Upecher".

MRS. MACLACHLAN, 1896
Née Fanny Hancorn Smith. Arrived by coach and was in the Bulawayo laager during the rebellion. Information from herself, June 1957.

MRS. MACLACHLAN, 1896
Née Muriel Maud Matthews. She was born in Salisbury just before the rebellion and was in the laager there with her mother, Mrs. Alice Matthews. Information from herself in letter dated 15/12/58. According to the Cathedral, Salisbury, Baptismal Register No. I, Muriel Matthews was born on 11/2/96. Her father was Charles Joseph Matthews, an engineer. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. MACLEOD, 1894

EUPHEMIA McMaster, 1869 or 1870
Euphemia, the small daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Tom McMaster, was christened at Inyati Mission. Her father was the well-known hunter. Information, p. 361 "The Far Interior" (Tabler).

MRS. T. McMASTER, 1869
... in 1869 Baines says, "The hunters were absent, but Mrs. McMaster and the other ladies (no names) welcomed me" — p. 160 "First Steps in Civilizing Rhodesia" (Mrs. Boggie). Mrs. McMaster was a sister of Mrs. George Wood. A member of the hunting party complained she cooked too many rich dishes "like pies of fat game meat and plum puddings". P. 350 "The Far Interior", by E. C. Tabler. Mrs. McMaster's husband, Tom, was a hunter. Her mother was Mrs. Fraser.

MRS. C. A. McPHERSON, 1895
Née Effie Scott. She was born on the road to Bulawayo in 1895 and was in the laager there in 1896. Letter from herself dated 25/6/59 from Gwelo, in answer to my advertisement.

MRS. McPherson, 1894
Née Thereszrena Christina de Beer. Came to Melsetter. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. PEARL MACRAE, 1892
Arrived in Salisbury with her husband. They built the Albion Hotel in Pioneer Street and were there for some years. She was musical and very popular. Mrs. Macrae's second husband, whom she married during the Boer War, was Mr. Somebody. Information from Mrs. Boggie.

MISS MADDEN, 1896 or earlier
Was in the Salisbury laager during the Mashona Rebellion. Page 203 "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women" (Mrs. Boggie).

MRS. MADDOCKS, 1894
Née Manuel Dix. Came up to join her husband and was in the laager in Bulawayo during the 1896 rebellion. Information by telephone from her daughter, Mrs. Hocking.

AILEEN MAINWARING, 1896
Aileen Frederika Ellen Mainwaring was baptised on 31/10/96. She was the daughter of Major Reginald and Mrs. "Murray" Mainwaring of Bulawayo. Information, Register of Baptisms, 1894, Parish of St. John, Bulawayo.

MRS. R. MAINWARING, 1895 or earlier
Formerly Mrs. Harrison. She married Captain (later Major) Reginald Mainwaring of the B.S.A. Company's Forces, in August, 1895. She wore at her wedding "a costume of electric blue crepon with sleeves of flowered silk, and a hat to match". Mr. P. B. Fletcher gave her away. The couple spent their honeymoon at "the Bembezi". Information, the Bulawayo Chronicle, August 1895.
MRS. MAKIN, 1894
This lady was invited to the Queen's Club "Passing of the Year" dance (1894-95) in the Bulawayo Courthouse, according to the Bulawayo Chronicle dated 4/1/95. In July, 1895, she was one of the workers at the St. John's Church bazaar.

MRS. MARY MANN, 1895
The Bulawayo Chronicle of 9/11/95 reports that Mrs. Mann and her husband, Mr. William Mann, who kept the Shashani Hotel and store, were attacked and beaten in a most cruel manner by a storekeeper named Hanny and a farmer, Krohun. Mrs. Mann was badly knocked on the head with a knobkerrie, but survived to give evidence in court. According to Mrs. Black of Marula, a Mrs. Mann with her husband and daughter, Mina, was in the Mangwe laager during the rebellion.

MRS. MARKHAM, 1896, probably earlier
Eva Cecillia Markham died of malarial fever on 21/3/96 at Westward Ho Farm, Melsetter, aged one year, six months. She was the daughter of Frederick Edmond Markham and Elsia Elizabeth Markham.

MRS. MARRIOTT, 1891
Settled in the Mazoe district. Left the country on account of fever, but returned later. A letter from Mr. Marshall Hole to Mrs. Boggie, dated 19/11/32, says: "... Mrs. Marriott had three daughters and two sons, and was accompanied by an elderly lady, Miss Rubridge...". Her husband was Henry Heath Marriott, and her daughter, Amy Agnes, became Mrs. E. T. Kenny. Mr. Marriott had a farm in the Mazoe district. Information from the Rhodesia Pioneers' and Early Settlers' Society.

MRS. MATHYSSEN, 1894
Née Jacoba Magdaleena Meinges. Arrived 4/1/94 to join her husband. She came by ox wagon and they lived on "Matabele" Wilson's farm, near Bulawayo. She died in 1956, aged 95 years. Information from her daughter, Mrs. Titus. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. MARTINUS MARTIN, 1894
Neé Rosina Elizabeth du Preez. Wife of the leader of Martin's Trek. An account of this trek is to be found on pp. 167-171 of Mrs. Boggie's "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women". See also p. 78 "Many Treks Made Rhodesia" (Olivier).

MRS. MARITZ, 1894
Née Susanna Johanna Kok. Arrived with her parents by ox wagon. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. MATTHEWS, 1895
Neé May Clarice Kneiser. Born in Salisbury, 11th August, 1896. Her father, Henry Kneiser, was a member of the 1890 Column, and her mother, Sophia Kneiser, arrived in 1891. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. MATTHEWS, 1896
Neé Mary Park Montgomery, daughter of Henry Martin Montgomery, the pre-pioneer trader who came to Rhodesia in 1869. Maria married the trader George Martin who had a store in Inyati, where Mrs. Martin died and was buried in 1888. Information from Mr. L. R. Logan and Mrs. Jessie Lovemore. Mrs. Martin is mentioned in the diaries of the Jesuit missionaries as having shown them kindness.

MRS. J. L. MARTIN, 1894
Née Hester Elizabeth du Preez. Arrived with the Martin Trek. P. 79 "Many Treks Made Rhodesia" by S. P. Olivier.

MRS. MARTINUS MARTIN, 1894
Neé Rosina Elizabeth du Preez. Wife of the leader of Martin's Trek. An account of this trek is to be found on pp. 167-171 of Mrs. Boggie's "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women". See also p. 78 "Many Treks Made Rhodesia" (Olivier).

MRS. MATTHEWS, 1895
Née Alice Maud McDermot. Her daughter Muriel was born in Salisbury in February, 1896, and they were both in the laager there during the rebellion. Mrs. Matthews died during the 'flu epidemic of 1918, in Salisbury. Information from her daughter, Mrs. McLachlan. Mr. Charles Joseph Matthews was an engineer.

MRS. MATTHEWS, 1895
Née Alice Maud McDermot. Her daughter Muriel was born in Salisbury in February, 1896, and they were both in the laager there during the rebellion. Mrs. Matthews died during the 'flu epidemic of 1918, in Salisbury. Information from her daughter, Mrs. McLachlan. Mr. Charles Joseph Matthews was an engineer.

MRS. MATTHEWS, 1896
Née May Clarice Kneiser. Born in Salisbury, 11th August, 1896. Her father, Henry Kneiser, was a member of the 1890 Column, and her mother, Sophia Kneiser, arrived in 1891. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. MATHYSSEN, 1894
Née Jacoba Magdaleena Meinges. Arrived 4/1/94 to join her husband. She came by ox wagon and they lived on "Matabele" Wilson's farm, near Bulawayo. She died in 1956, aged 95 years. Information from her daughter, Mrs. Titus. On Roll of Women Pioneers.
CECILY MAUND, 1895
Cecily Elenora Niele Maund was born to Mrs. Elenora Maund in Salisbury on 12/4/95. Her father was Mr. Edward Arthur Maund. She was sponsored at her baptism by Cecil J. Rhodes, Leander S. Jameson and Alice Pincham (partial illegibility). Information, the Cathedral, Salisbury, Baptismal Register, Vol. I, National Archives.

MRS. E. A. MAUND, 1894, probably earlier
Christian name Elenora. Her husband, Edward Arthur Maund, was very friendly with Lobengula and first visited Matabeleland in 1885. He was involved in the concession-seeking before the Occupation, and accompanied two Matabele indunas to London to see Queen Victoria. The birth of Mrs. Maund's daughter, Cecily, is recorded in Vol. I of the Cathedral, Salisbury, Baptismal Register, now in the National Archives. Mrs. Maund was present at an Assembly Ball at the Masonic Hall, Salisbury, on 7/9/94. Information, Mr. G. H. Tanser.

MRS. MAYES, 1896
Néé Rose Dunn. Arrived by wagon. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. MEARS, 1892

SISTER MECHTILD, 1895

MRS. MEILANDT, 1893
Néé Kathleen Devereux Bagnall. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

GERTRUDE MEINTJES, 1895 or earlier
Gertrude Margarett Meintjes, aged 16, was baptised on 6/9/95, according to the Dutch Reformed Church Baptismal Register, 1893. She came from Middelburg.

MRS. MEISTER, 1892
Néé Starke. Came with her husband, a member of the Berlin Mission Society. They settled at Gutu, but she died of malaria two months after arrival, and her husband died soon after. Information in letters from Miss Julia Heyman, Fort Victoria, dated 13/11/55, and Mrs. T. Krause, Ermelo, Transvaal, dated 1/2/56.

MRS. MELLETT, 1894

MRS. E. B. S. MERCER, 1895
Néé Annie Elizabeth Clarke. Arrived with her husband and family by Zeederberg's coach in August, 1895. Mrs. Mercer died at Rondebosch in October, 1947. Information from her son, Mr. V. S. B. Mercer, Salisbury, in letter dated 2/10/57, replying to my advertisement. Mrs. Mercer's son, Colin Cecil Beauchamp, was baptised on 16/2/96. Her husband, Edward Beauchamp Singleton Mercer, was a broker in Bulawayo. Information, Register of Baptisms, 1894, Parish of St. John, Bulawayo. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. MEREDITH, 1895 or earlier
Formerly Mrs. Rorke, née Melina da Fonseca. Came up as a young girl and was in the Bulawayo laager in 1896. Later she lived in London. Information from Mrs. Trevelyn of the Chronicle, Bulawayo, who met Mrs. Meredith at Rhodesia House in 1958.

MRS. MEYERS, 1896 or earlier
This lady was in the Bulawayo laager during the rebellion. Information from a cutting from the Bulawayo Chronicle through Mrs. Cummins.
MRS. MITCHELL, 1896, probably earlier

"A sumptuous supper had been prepared by that very able caterer, Mrs. Mitchell, for guests at a fancy dress dance in the new Courthouse, Gwelo". The Bulawayo Chronicle, 8/2/96.

MRS. MITCHELL, 1896

Neé Edith Rhodesia Hill. Was born in the Suburbs of Bulawayo and she and her mother were carried into the laager by Dr. Vigne's orders during the rebellion. Mrs. Mitchell later lived in Que Que. Information from her niece, Mrs. Smith of Bulawayo. Also letter from Mrs. R. J. Bester, Que Que, dated 27/6/59.

MRS. J. S. MOFFAT, 1859

Neé Emily Unwin. Came up with her husband, Rev. J. S. Moffat, when the Mission station was founded at Inayi. She was one of the first two white women to come to the country, and endured courageously the trials and privations of the long wagon journey and the very early years in Matabeleland. Mrs. Moffat's Journal and many of her letters are in the National Archives. She left in 1865 and died at the Cape in 1902. A description of her experiences is given on pp. 11-27 "First Steps in Civilizing Rhodesia" (Mrs. Boggie).

MRS. MONTGOMERY, 1895

Neé Elizabeth Marina van Niekerc. Came with her father, Mr. "Pony" van Niekerc, and her mother. She and her three sisters, with their mother, were in the Bulawayo laager during the rebellion. Information from her son, Mr. T. A. Montgomery, Bulawayo, 1958.

MRS. G. MONTGOMERY, 1896

Neé Claudie Scott. Arrived prior to the 1896 rebellion. On Roll of Women Pioneers. She became the second wife of Mr. G. C. C. Montgomery. Her husband bought land in the Figtree area and she died there in 1923. Information from Mr. L. R. Logan, Bulawayo.

MRS. G. C. C. MONTGOMERY, 1895

Neé Susanna Elizabeth Strydom. This lady was the first wife of Mr. George Charles Coleman Montgomery, an 1884 pre-pioneer. During the Matabele rebellion her husband tried to take her from their home at Semokwe to a mission where she could be cared for during her third confinement. However, the baby was born at a farm en route and Mrs. Montgomery died the next day, 27/5/96. She was buried "in what is now Special Native Area B of the Semokwe Reserve, very close to the Semokwe River". Information from her grandson, Mr. L. R. Logan, and from Mr. T. Culverwell, Native Agricultural Dept., through Mr. R. Summers, Bulawayo. On Roll of Women Pioneers. Mrs. Montgomery was the mother of Margaret Elizabeth (Mrs. Whiteford), George Charles Coleman Montgomery, and Susanna Elizabeth (Mrs. Logan).

MRS. MONTGOMERY, 1895

Neé Johanna Magdelena Kritzinger. Arrived with her parents from Vryheid on 1/1/95, having taken a year to do the journey on account of lions, locusts, etc. Information from herself. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. DUNBAR MOODIE, 1892

Neé Sarah Maria Moodie. Eldest daughter of Thomas Moodie (leader of the trek). She married her cousin, G. B. Dunbar Moodie at the house of Rev. Sylvester at Fort Victoria. Mr. Sylvester performing the ceremony. The two spent their honeymoon at Zimbabwe Ruins (the first couple to do so), living in Cecil Rhodes' wagonette. See p. 135 "A Study in Pioneering: The Moodies of Melsetter", by Edmund H. Burrows.

MRS. J. B. MOODIE, 1893 or earlier

Christian names, Margaret Agnes. Mrs. Moodie bore a son, Richard, on 6/4/93. Her husband, John Benjamin Moodie, was a farmer and their place of residence was given as Salisbury. Information, the Cathedral, Salisbury, Baptismal Register, Vol. I, National Archives.

MRS. THOMAS MOODIE, 1892

Neé Cecilia Jacomina Roberts. Travelled up to Gazaland with her husband (leader of the Moodie Trek), three daughters and seven sons. An interesting account of the journey is given on pp. 152-157 "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women" (Mrs. Boggie). The story was written by one of Mrs. Moodie's daughters, Mrs. Acutt. Mrs. Moodie was a very brave woman.

MRS. W. A. D. MOODIE, 1895 or earlier

The Rhodesia Advertiser of 27/12/95 stated that Mrs. W. A. D. Moodie and family had "come to swell the resident population of Umtali". Information, National Archives files.

MRS. J. J. MOOLMAN, 1895

Neé Maria Magdalena Ferreira. Came up with the Henry-Steyn Trek, which was the last recognised trek to the Chipinga district. Information from Mrs. M. Edwards, Chipinga. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. J. N. MOOLMAN, 1893

Neé Catharina Phyfer. Travelled up with the Webster-Moolman Trek, with two daughters, Jurie and Lettie. Information from Mrs. M. Edwards, Chipinga, 14/10/55. P. 162 "Many Treks Made Rhodesia" (Olivier).

MRS. MOORCROFT, 1895

Neé Nora King. Came up to join her husband. Was in the Bulawayo laager during the rebellion. She never left Rhodesia and died in Bulawayo in 1949. She was given a Pioneer funeral. Information from her son in Bulawayo, by telephone.

MRS. MORAISBY-WHITE, 1891

Neé Nora King. Came up to join her husband. Was in the Bulawayo laager during the rebellion. She never left Rhodesia and died in Bulawayo in 1949. She was given a Pioneer funeral. Information from her son in Bulawayo, by telephone.

MRS. K. MORRISON, 1896 or earlier

Neé Maria Elizabeth Remer. Mrs. Morisson had a son, Murdoch, who was born on 22/10/96 and baptised by Fr. A. M. Daignault in December, 1896. Her husband was Mr. Alexander Kenneth Morisson. Information, the Catholic Church, Bulawayo, Baptismal Register.

MARIA MORITY, 1896 or earlier

Maria Elizabeth Mority, daughter of Hans and Maria Elizabeth Mority, died of malaria and jaundice in Fort Victoria Hospital on 27/3/96. She was eight years old. Information, the Deaths Register, Vol. III, National Archives.

MRS. A. L. R. MORKEI, 1896

Neé Alice Southey. Information taken from Mr. Morkel's application form for joining the Pioneers' and Early Settlers' Society.

MRS. MORRIS, 1892

Neé Annie Zeffert. "... quite a leading figure in old Salisbury. Mrs. Morris was a beautiful Jewess and a very charming and popular woman ... Mrs. Morris was drowned with her two sons, Leon and Sidney, in the wreck of the Drummond Castle off Ushant in June, 1896 ... ". Extract from a letter to Mrs. Boggie from Mr. Marshall Hole dated 14/8/32.

MRS. MORRISON, 1895

Formerly Mrs. Fred Dreyer, neé Alice van Niekerc. Came with her parents, the "Pony" van Niekercs. Lived in Rhodesia most of her life and died about 1948. She was in the laager during the rebellion. Information from her nephew, Mr. T. A. Montgomery, Bulawayo.
MRS. MORRISON, 1894

COUNTESS MOSKE, 1891
Came up to Bulawayo when Zeederberg's Coach Service was first started, in company with Miss Albasini, who married Mr. Hazellhurst. Information from Mrs. R. Cranwick, Salisbury, daughter of Mrs. Hazellhurst.

MRS. MOUNTNEY, 1895 or earlier
Her husband was connected with the Moonie Creek Development Co. In November, 1895, Mr. and Mrs. Mountney rendered assistance to a man fatally injured in a blasting accident. Information, the Bulawayo Chronicle.

MRS. MULLALLY, 1896
Née Mary Teresa Diamond. Arrived with her parents. Information in letter from her grand-daughter, Mrs. Aylward, Bulawayo. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. MULLING, 1896 or earlier

MRS. NAUHAUS, 1895
Née Maria Aletta Jordaan. Arrived with relations at Fort Victoria in September, 1895. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. NAHL, 1894 or earlier
According to the Bulawayo Directory and Handbook of Matabeleland, 1895/96, pp. 71 and 121, this lady kept a tearoom in Bulawayo.

MRS. NEILSON, 1896 or earlier
Née Meyer. Came to Rhodesia in August, 1895. She was the wife of one of the first missionaries of the Berlin Missionary Society. Information from Mrs. T. Krause, Ermelo, Transvaal, letter dated 1/3/56.

MRS. NEITZ, 1895
Née Petronella van der Linde. Arrived with her husband and children, but died the following year "as the result of an accident caused by a wagon wheel running over her" on the Fort Tuli-Gwanda road. Information, the Deaths Register, National Archives. Her husband was Johannes Tobias Mynhardt from Winburg, O.F.S.

MRS. NEL, 1894
Née Johanna Bezuidenhout. Came with the Kruger-Bekker Trek. Information from Mrs. M. Edwards, Chipinga, 27/6/57, and p. 86 "Many Treks Made Rhodesia" (Olivier).

MRS. NEILSON, 1896 or earlier
Née Gertruida Louisa Kok. Travelled with the Martin Trek. P. 162 "Many Treks Made Rhodesia" (Olivier). On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. MELZ, 1895
Née Kitty Magdalena van Rooyen. The registration of this marriage is to be found in the National Archives. She was married in Bulawayo on 5/3/96. Mr. M. J. Nel was a transport rider.

MRS. MELZ, 1896
Née Magda van Rooyen. Arrived with her parents, but returned South and died there during the Boer War. Information from her brother in a letter to the Pioneers’ and Early Settlers’ Society.

MRS. MELSEN, 1895
Née Petronella van der Linde. Arrived with her husband and children, but died the following year "as the result of an accident caused by a wagon wheel running over her" on the Fort Tuli-Gwanda road. Information, the Deaths Register, National Archives. Her husband was Johannes Tobias Mynhardt from Winburg, O.F.S.

MRS. MELSEN, 1896
Née Magda van Rooyen. Arrived with her parents, but returned South and died there during the Boer War. Information from her brother in a letter to the Pioneers’ and Early Settlers’ Society.
MRS. NELSON, 1896
This lady was in the Salisbury laager in 1896 and left in convoy in November of the same year. Information, Mr. G. H. Tanser.

MRS. J. W. NESBITT, 1892
Neé Sarah Susanna (Sallie) Coleman. A niece of Thomas Moodie, leader of the Moodie Trek, in which she came up with her husband and three young children. She wrote an interesting account of their early adventures. which is to be found on pages 144-146 of "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women" (Mrs. Boggie). Mrs. Nesbitt was in the Umtali laager. She died in Salisbury in January, 1896. Information from her daughter, Mrs. Nora Jack, Goromonzi. On Roll of Women Pioneers. Mr. J. W. Nesbitt became Native Commissioner for the Umtali area, and the Umtali Advertiser of 30/4/95 reported that “Mrs. Nesbitt and Mrs. Fotheringham had the honour of interviewing Chief Umtassa the other day. They are the only two white ladies who have ever enjoyed the sight of the great potentate”. National Archives files.

MRS. RANDOLPH NESBITT, 1893
Neé Mary Sanders. Came from London University College Hospital in answer to Bishop Knight Bruce's advertisement for a sister and matron for Umtali Hospital. She was in the Umtali laager. Pp. 108, 112, 119 to 123 "Raiders and Rebels in South Africa", by Elsa Goodwin Green. At the time of their marriage in September, 1896, Mr. Randolph Nesbitt was an Inspector of Police. The bride was attended by Miss Lizzie Hewitt and the Misses Golding. Information, the Rhodesia Advertiser, 18/9/96, National Archives.

MRS. NEWBOLT, 1896
This lady and her husband arrived in Umtali from England about 1/9/96, according to the Rhodesia Advertiser of 4/9/96. National Archives files.

MRS. NORRIS-NEWMAN, 1894
The wife of Mr. Charles L. Norris-Newman, Special Commissioner in Matabeleland, and was a guest at the 1894-95 “Passing of the Year” dance organised by the Queen's Club in the Bulawayo Courthouse. The Bulawayo Chronicle, 4/1/95.

MRS. NICHOLSON, 1894 or earlier
In November, 1896, Mrs. Nicholson and her husband went from Gwelo to Port Elizabeth on holiday. There Mr. Nicholson fell into the sea from a rock and drowned while bathing immediately afterwards. He was a builder in Gwelo. Information, the Bulawayo Chronicle, 11/11/96.

MRS. NICHOLSON, 1894
Neé Elizabeth Anne Armstrong. Travelled up to Bulawayo with her husband and family. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. PETER NIELSEN, 1894
Neé Katherine Cumming. Came up with her parents and five sisters by ox wagon from Johannesburg in July, 1894. Married the well-known Native Commissioner, and the author of "The Matabele at Home". Information from her niece, Mrs. Long, Bulawayo, by telephone.

MRS. NORTON, 1894
While living at Porta, 15 miles from Salisbury, Mrs. Norton, her husband, and daughter, Dorothy, were murdered by the Mashona rebels in 1896. Pp. 71, 260 and 264 "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women" (Mrs. Boggie). Also p. 141 of the British South Africa Company's "Reports on Native Disturbances" in the National Archives, Salisbury.

MISS NORTON, 1895
Arrived with Miss de Trafford in Bulawayo in December 1895 by wagon to see "the wonders of Matabeleland". Information, The Bulawayo Chronicle.

MRS. NORTON, 1896 or earlier
In the Bulawayo laager during the Matabele Rebellion. Information from Mrs. Cummins, Bulawayo.

DOROTHY NORTON, 1894
Dorothy was murdered by Mashona rebels, together with her parents, on the farm Porta, 15 miles from Salisbury, in 1896. Information, p. 141 of the British South Africa Company's "Reports on Native Disturbances" in the National Archives.

MRS. NUNN, 1894
Neé Mary Alice Kinnear. Arrived with her parents in Bulawayo, March, 1894. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. T. O'BURN, 1896
This lady and her husband ran the Stokestown Hotel, Mangwe. She was in the laager there during the rebellion. Information from Mrs. A. M. O'Connor, Salisbury, in letter dated 4/10/57, replying to my advertisement. The name Jane O'Connor is in the Bulawayo Directory and Handbook of Matabeleland, 1895/96, as being the owner of Stand No. 62, Main Street.

SISTER OCTAVIA, 1894

MRS. ODENDAAL, 1894
Neé Hester van den Berg. Came up with the Mynhardt-Utrecht Trek. Her daughter, Sarah, was born during the journey up. Information from Mrs. M. Edwards, Chipiinga; also p. 162 of Olivier's "Many Treks Made Rhodesia".

MRS. D. ODENDAAL, 1894
Formerly van Heerden, neé Susanna Olwage. Came with the Martin Trek. Information from Mrs. M. Edwards, Chipiinga, 27/6/57; also p. 79 "Many Treks Made Rhodesia" (Olivier).

MRS. OGILVIE, 1894
Neé Catherine Alice Jones. Came up to be married, arriving 12/10/94. Her husband was the Mining Commissioner in Salisbury. She helped nurse the wounded in the laager there during the 1896 rebellion. Information on p. 202 "Women of South Africa", edited and compiled by T. H. Lewis and published in 1913 by le Quesne and Hooten Smith, Cape Town. On Roll of Women Pioneers. The Original Marriage Register in the National Archives records that Catherine Alice and Ogilvie Holling Ogilvie were married on 19/8/94 at All Saints Church, Salisbury, by J. Hay Upcher.
FRANCES OGLIVIE, 1895
Frances Patricia Ogilvie was born in Salisbury on 28/4/95. Her parents were Mr. and Mrs. O. H. Ogilvie, her father being described as a civil servant. Information, the Cathedral, Salisbury, Baptismal Register, Vol. I, National Archives. Mr. Ogilvie was Mining Commissioner in Salisbury.

MRS. O'GRADY, 1893 or earlier
On page 127 of Nora Kane's "The World's View" it is told that this lady was murdered by the native "Jim Zulu" near Marandellas. Also in a letter from Dr. Rand, dated 19/11/32, to Mrs. Boggie, he said: "... Mrs. O'Grady, killed with all the family at Wanderer's Drift upon the Umfolozi Road".

MISS OHLSON, 1895
The Umtali Advertiser of 1/7/95 stated that Miss Ohlson had arrived in Umtali from the coast. National Archives files.

MRS. C. OLSEN, 1894 or earlier
Née Alice Gifford. Travelled with her parents and family in the Edenburg Trek. Her first husband was Mr. J. W. Scott, also a member of the trek. Mrs. Otterson lived many years at Chipinga and had many memories of those early days. Information from herself. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. OLWAGE, 1894
Née Dirkie Jacoba van Eden. Arrived with the Martin Trek. Information from Mrs. M. Edwards, Chipinga. Also p. 162 "Many Treks Made Rhodesia" (Olivier).

MRS. O'MAKER, 1896 or earlier
This lady is mentioned in a letter dated 15/4/96, written by Mrs. Annie Fletcher, which said: "The Scouts picked up a Mrs. O'Maker who had been walking for four days without food, with her husband . . . ." P. 106 "The World's View" (Nora Kane).

MRS. OLSON, 1896 or earlier
Née Edith Mazoe Judson — formerly Bovell. Born in Salisbury 10/2/1896, daughter of Col. Dan Judson, well-known for his part in the Mazoe Patrol. She and her mother were in the condemned cell of the gaol, which was used as the laager in Salisbury during the rebellion. Mrs. Onslow-Robbs left Rhodesia to live at the Cape. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

CHRISTINA OOSTHUIZEN, 1894 or 1895
Christina Catherina Martina was born on 20/11/94 and baptised on 8/9/95. It is not stated if she was born in Rhodesia. She was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. F. M. Oosthuizen. Information, the Dutch Reformed Church Baptismal Register, 1893.

MRS. P. W. OOSTHUIZEN, 1895
Née Pieternella Wilhelmina Christina Kruger, arrived 1895. Her first husband was J. Z. Olivier, who died in 1898. She was in the Enkeldoorn laager during the rebellion and later lived in Bulawayo. Letters from her daughter, Mrs. J. C. Barratt, dated 17/7/59, and from her son at Filabusi, dated 4/8/59.

MRS. ORAN, 1894 or earlier
This lady was present at an Assembly Ball in the Masonic Hotel on 7/9/94. Information from Mr. G. H. Tanser, Salisbury.

MRS. ORTON, 1896
Had a wonderful escape from massacre by Mashona rebels, see p. 268 "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women", by Jeannie M. Boggie. Also mentioned on p. 58 of "Reports on Native Disturbances" as living between Salisbury and Marandellas.

MISS MINNIE OSBORNE, 1892
This lady is mentioned in the "Rhodesia Chronicle and Mashonaland Advertiser", 26/11/92, issue 30, as the proprietress of the Mashonaland Hotel, the Causeway, Salisbury. "Good accommodation for residents and travellers. Travellers can outspan at the hotel. Cattle grazed and kraaled free of charge . . . ." Letter from Mr. A. Cripwell, Salisbury, dated 26/8/57. The Umtali Advertiser of 24/3/94 refers to a Miss Winnie Osborne of Salisbury who had her curtains set on fire. The Editor of the Rhodesia Herald put the fire out and was invited to supper by Miss Osborne. National Archives files.

MRS. OTTERSON, 1894
Née Alice Gifford. Travelled with her parents and family in the Edenburg Trek. Her first husband was Mr. J. W. Scott, also a member of the trek. Mrs. Otterson lived many years at Chipinga and had many memories of those early days. Information from herself. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. T. C. S. OWEN, 1896
Née Kate Bailey. On 7/8/96 Mr. Timothy Carew Skene Owen married Miss Kate Bailey, "who has just arrived in this country", according to the Rhodesia Advertiser of 8/6/96. Three clergymen officiated at the wedding. They were the Ven. Archdeacon Uphere, the Rev. Jones and the Rev. J. A. Walker, "incumbent of Umtali". National Archives files.

MRS. PAGE, 1894

MRS. GREY PALMER, 1875
A young English lady who came out to marry a trader. They travelled up from the Cape by ox wagon, but Mrs. Palmer died soon after arrival and was buried at Hope Fountain Mission, near Bulawayo. Information from Mrs. Jessie Lovemoore. Also pp. 83-84 "First Steps in Civilizing Rhodesia" (Mrs. Boggie).

MRS. R. PALMER, 1894

SISTER PANCRATIUS, 1895
Surname Webster. One of the Dominican Sisters who opened the Convent School, Bulawayo, and who helped to keep it going until the rebellion, in spite of the heavy work entailed by too many pupils. When the rebellion broke out only Sister Sebastian continued to teach and Sister Pancratius helped with nursing the sick and wounded in the hospital. She died in South Africa in 1953. Information, letters from St. Dominic's Convent, Salisbury, and the "History of the Dominican Sisters in Bulawayo" written by Sister Mary Admirabilis.
LADY HENRY PAULET, 1894 or earlier
Mentioned as having distributed prizes at the Convent School, Salisbury. Page 78 "In God's White Robed Army", by a Dominican Sister. She was "afterwards Marchioness of Winchester". Letter from Dr. Rand to Mr. Marshall Hole dated 19/11/32, formerly in possession of Mrs. Boggie.

MRS. GEORGE PAULING, 1895 or earlier
Née Halliwell. Her husband was Minister of Mines and held other high offices. Mrs. Pauling and her sister acted in amateur plays in Salisbury. While driving a tandem alone in September 1895, she had a narrow escape. The horses bolted, the cart being upset, but Mrs. Pauling was only slightly injured. Information, the Bulawayo Chronicle and Mr. G. H. Tanser, Salisbury. Mrs. Pauling was a popular hostess and her house-warming in Salisbury in July 1895 was described by The Nugget as "the greatest success that Salisbury has yet seen". The drawing-room and verandah were decorated with Japanese lanterns, and Mrs. Pauling wore a salmon pink gown trimmed with lace.

MRS. PEARLMAN, 1891
Née Susannah van der Merwe. Arrived in March, 1891. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. PEARSON, 1896
Née Mary Ann Durham. Travelled up with four children with the Convent Sisters by ox wagon from Mafeking. Mrs. Pearson lived in Bulawayo until her death in 1904. Information from her daughter-in-law, Mrs. E. A. Pearson, Selukwe, in letters dated 22/7/59 and 5/8/59.

MRS. F. H. PELLATT, 1895 or earlier
Mrs. Pellatt's son, Joseph Butler, was baptised on 8/9/95. Her husband, Frederick Henry Pellatt, was manager of Queen's Reef, Bulawayo. Information, the Register of Baptisms, 1894, Parish of St. John, Bulawayo.

MRS. F. C. PENN, 1896 or earlier
Née Maria Catharine de Beer. Mrs. Penn's son, Thomas, was born on 9/1/96 and baptised by Fr. A. M. Daignault on 22/4/96. Her husband was Francis Claude Penn.

MRS. PERKIN, 1895
Née Henrietta van Niekerk. Arrived with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. "Pony" van Niekerk. Was in the Bulawayo laager during the rebellion and died in 1918. Information from her nephew, Mr. T. A. Montgomery, Bulawayo.

MRS. J. R. PERRINS, 1896
Née Kathleen Lucy Ashburner. She came up with her mother by ox wagon in 1896 and lived at Fort Rixon. She married Major J. R. Perrins. Information, Mr. A. M. Ewing. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. P. M. PETERS, 1894
Née Anna Maria Young. Her first husband was Mr. Storm, who died in South Africa. She then married Mr. P. M. Peters, and they arrived in Bulawayo in June 1894, three weeks before their son, Albert Simon, was born on 6/7/94. Mrs. Peters was also the mother of Mrs. Alice Elizabeth Barker. On Roll of Women Pioneers. Information, Rhodesia Pioneers' and Early Settlers' Society.
MRS. PHIPPS, 1892
Neé Elizabeth Cecilia Engelbrecht. On Roll of Women Pioneers. She was the daughter of Mrs. Johanna Maria Engelbrecht and was in the country in 1892. Information, Mr. A. M. Ewing.

MRS. H. J. PICKETT, 1895 or earlier
Mrs. Pickett was among those invited to Mr. Otto Siegrist's dance to mark the completion of Messrs. Fabre et Fils' premises in Umtali. The Rhodesia Advertiser also records that she was confirmed in Umtali Church by Bishop Gaul in September, 1895. Mr. H. J. Pickett was a government surveyor. National Archives files.

MARIA PIETERS, 1896 or earlier
Maria Susana Pieters was the daughter of Petrus Johannes and Maria Susana Pieters. She died of malaria and jaundice in Fort Victoria Hospital on 27/4/96, aged ten-and-a-half. Information, the Death Register, Vol. III, National Archives.

MRS. THOS. PITENDRIGH, 1895 or earlier
Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Pittendrigh attended the Spreckley-Borrow wedding in August, 1895. Mr. Pittendrigh was a general dealer in Bulawayo. Information, the Bulawayo Chronicle.

MRS. POHL, 1894

MRS. POSSELT, 1895
Neé Katherina Jacoba Koen. Arrived at Headlands where she and her husband had a store, wayside hotel and telegraph office. She was in the Umtali laager and died in 1935. Her name is mentioned in the B.S.A. Company's "Reports on Native Disturbances", 1896. Also pp. 125, 126, 130, 131 "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women" (Mrs. Boggie). On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. PRESCOTT, 1894
Neé Cloete. Travelled up by ox wagon with her husband and family and lived at Mangwe. She and her six children were in the laager there during the rebellion in 1896. A long article written by her daughter, Mrs. Black, is to be found in "First Steps in Civilizing Rhodesia" (Mrs. Boggie). Mrs. Prescott died at the age of 84. Letter from Mrs. Black dated 25/11/59.

MRS. PRETORIUS, 1893
Neé Katherina Jacoba Koen. Arrived at Headlands where she and her husband had a store, wayside hotel and telegraph office. She was in the Umtali laager and died in 1935. Her name is mentioned in the B.S.A. Company's "Reports on Native Disturbances", 1896. Also pp. 125, 126, 130, 131 "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women" (Mrs. Boggie). On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. D. S. PRETORIUS, 1894
Neé Sarah Isabella Bredenkamp. Arrived by ox wagon from Vryburg. Lived most of her life in Rhodesia and died in Bulawayo in 1936. Information from her daughter, Mrs. van der Struys, Bulawayo. Her husband's names were David Schalk Pretorius, and their son was baptised David Schalk on 8/9/95. Information, the Dutch Reformed Church Baptismal Register, 1893.

MRS. RAINSLOW, 1896 or earlier
This lady, a widow, was in the laager at Mangwe in the 1896 rebellion and later opened a laundry in Bulawayo. Information from Mrs. Black, Marula.

MRS. JAN PRINSLOO, 1894 or earlier
The story of the murder of Mr. Prinsloo and Mrs. Susie Prinsloo is told on pp. 269-271 "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women", by Jeannie M. Boggie, who states the details were given to her by her husband, Major Boggie, by a native in his employ.

MRS. PRINSLOO, 1896 or earlier
Neé Hillette Lovina A. J. Prinsloo. Came with her husband and family. She was in the Bulawayo laager, and she died about 1930. Information, Mrs. Grobler, Bulawayo.

MRS. W. PRINSLOO, 1895
Neé Hessie Synders. Travelled up with her husband and four sons in the Henry-Steyn Trek. See p. 163 "Many Treks Made Rhodesia" (Olivier).

MARY FLORENCE PURCELL, 1892 or earlier
This lady was in the Mangwe laager and her son was born in the fort there. Information, Mrs. Black, Marula.

MRS. PRATT, 1896
Neé Mayor. This young woman who died at the age of 20 in Salisbury Hospital on 26/6/92, was born in Liverpool, England, and her father's name was given as I. Mayor. She was a housekeeper, and left a minor child named Tuli Mayor. Information from the Deaths Register, Vol. I, in the National Archives.

MRS. QUIN, 1896
Neé Mary Maria Phillips. Arrived with her family via Mangwe. They lived in Bulawayo, where she died in 1916. Information from her grand-daughter, Mrs. Ketteringham, given to the Pioneers' and Early Settlers' Society, September 1959.

MARY FLORENCE PURCELL, 1892 or earlier
Neé Mary. This young woman died at the age of 20 in Salisbury Hospital on 26/6/92, was born in Liverpool, England, and her father's name was given as I. Mayor. She was a housekeeper, and left a minor child named Tuli Mayor. Information from the Deaths Register, Vol. I, in the National Archives.

MRS. T. W. QUESTED, 1886
Neé Johanna Catherine Greeff. Born at Mangwe 21/4/1886. Mrs. Quested lived near Plumtree for many years. On Roll of Women Pioneers. Her husband, Mr. T. W. Quested, came to Rhodesia with the 1890 Pioneer Column and later became a rancher in the Plumtree area.

MRS. QUIN, 1896
Neé Mary Maria Phillips. Arrived with her family via Mangwe. They lived in Bulawayo, where she died in 1916. Information from her grand-daughter, Mrs. Ketteringham, given to the Pioneers' and Early Settlers' Society, September 1959.

MARY FLORENCE PURCELL, 1892 or earlier
Neé Mayor. This young woman who died at the age of 20 in Salisbury Hospital on 26/6/92, was born in Liverpool, England, and her father's name was given as I. Mayor. She was a housekeeper, and left a minor child named Tuli Mayor. Information from the Deaths Register, Vol. I, in the National Archives.

MRS. P. J. RAAFF, 1893
Neé Gertrude von Oertel. Wife of Commandant Pieter Raaff, C.M.G., Commander of Raaff's Rangers. Mrs. Raaff was in Fort Victoria during the Matabele War. Information from the Pioneers' and Early Settlers' Society, Bulawayo. Also "The Downfall of Lobengula" (Wills and Collingridge).
MRS. A. C. RAATH, 1894
Neé Liebenberg. Is mentioned in the Bulawayo Directory and Handbook of Matabeleland, 1895-96, as living at Stand 690, Borrow St. Was a "friendly neighbour" of Mrs. Welensky (mother of the Federal Prime Minister). Later went to Salisbury district. Left Rhodesia in 1928 and died in Cape Town in 1930, aged nearly 79. Information in letters from her daughter, Mrs. Lewis, Standerton, in answer to my advertisement. Mrs. Raath was in the Bulawayo laager during the rebellion.

MRS. RAATH, 1894
Neé Frieda Matilda Herbst. Came with the Edenburg Trek. Information from Mrs. M. Edwards, Chipinga, 27/6/57, also page 163 "Many Treks Made Rhodesia" (Olivier).

MRS. ANDREW RAE, 1894

MRS. RAE, 1892
Neé Katherine Kuhn. Arrived in Bulawayo in December, 1895, with her husband, John Rainsford, and their son, John Albert Rainsford. Mrs. Rainsford died in the Bulawayo laager on 1st June, 1896, and is buried in the Pioneer Section of the Bulawayo cemetery. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. C. S. RAU, 1895 or earlier
Mrs. Margaret Rau had a son, Clarence Carol, born on 22/5/95 and baptised the following month by Father A. M. Daignault. Her husband was Mr. Carol S. Rau. Information, the Catholic Church, Bulawayo, Baptismal Register.

MRS. RAUBENHEIMER, 1885
Mother of Mrs. Kirk, whose name is on the Roll of Women Pioneers as having "arrived with parents".

MRS. RAUSCH, 1896 or earlier
Mrs. Rausch had a daughter, Emily, born in Bulawayo on 2/2/96. Information, the Registrar's Office, Salisbury.

EMILY RAUSCH, 1896
This child was born in Bulawayo on 2/2/96, according to information from the Registrar's Office, Salisbury.

MRS. RAYNER, 1895
Neé Florence Natalie Richardson. Arrived with her father. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MISS ADA RAYSON, 1896
Neé Christina Maria Mynhardt. Came up with the Mynhardt-Utrecht Trek. Information from Mrs. M. Edwards, Chipinga, 27/6/57, also page 163 "Many Treks Made Rhodesia" (Olivier).

MISS A. RADEMEYER, 1895 or earlier
Ran the Balmoral Tea Rooms at Stand 238, Abercorn Street, according to the Bulawayo Directory and Handbook of Matabeleland, 1895-96, p. 86.

MRS. RADER, 1894
Neé Miriam van Rooyen. Came up with the Martin Trek. Page 164 "Many Treks Made Rhodesia" (Olivier). On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. RADEMEYER, 1894
Neé Sarah Matilda Herbst. Came with the Edenburg Trek. Page 60 "Many Treks Made Rhodesia" (Olivier). On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. RAINSFORD, 1895
Neé Katherine Kuhn. Arrived in Bulawayo in December, 1895, with her husband, John Rainsford, and their son, John Albert Rainsford. Mrs. Rainsford died in the Bulawayo laager on 1st June, 1896, and is buried in the Pioneer Section of the Bulawayo cemetery. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. RAINSFORD, 1895
Neé Florencie Natalie Richardson. Arrived with her father. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. RAYMOND, 1895
Neé Florence Natalie Richardson. Arrived with her father. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MISS ANN MILDRED READ, 1894
 Came up with her parents. Lived in Johannesburg in her later years. Letter from her niece, Mrs. J. Webb, Salisbury, dated 2/10/57, in answer to my advertisement.

MRS. READ, 1894
Neé Florence Natalie Richardson. Arrived with her father. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. REDMOND, 1895
Neé Jane Miller Wood. Arrived with her parents by ox wagon and was in the Bulawayo laager during the Matabele rebellion. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. REDDRUP, R.R.C., O.B.E., M.B.E., 1896
Neé Gertrude Fenella Clarke. Came up with the P. D. Crewes towards the end of the Matabele Rebellion. A great and well-loved personality. An interesting article entitled "Nurse Fenella" is to be found in "Women of Central Africa". Soon after she arrived she went as Trilby to a fancy dress dance held in the Stock Exchange Buildings, and danced a polka there with Cecil Rhodes. She commented afterwards: "He did not dance very well. He was not a dancing man". After that occasion, Mrs. Redrup was always known as Trilby because of the costume she had worn. She died on 1/6/45. Information from her son, Mr. Aston Redrup, and from her own story in the souvenir magazine, "Occupation of Matabeleland". On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MISS REED, 1895
The Bulawayo Chronicle of 16/11/95 reported that Miss Reed played in the mixed doubles of a tennis tournament in Gwelo on Occupation Day, 1895.

MISS R. RAYSON, 1896
Miss Rayson performed in the first variety company to visit Bulawayo at the opening of the first theatre, founded by Mr. A. E. Wilson of the Caledonian Hotel. Information, the Bulawayo Chronicle, 4/11/96.

MRS. RAYNER, 1895
Neé Florence Natalie Richardson. Arrived with her father. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. RAUSCH, 1896 or earlier
Mrs. Rausch had a daughter, Emily, born in Bulawayo on 2/2/96. Information, the Registrar's Office, Salisbury.

EMILY RAUSCH, 1896
This child was born in Bulawayo on 2/2/96, according to information from the Registrar's Office, Salisbury.

MRS. RAYNER, 1895
Neé Florence Natalie Richardson. Arrived with her father. On Roll of Women Pioneers.
MISS FLORENCE RICHARDSON, 1896 or earlier
This lady took part in the play "Caste" at the Salisbury Masonic Theatre in 1896, according to a report in The Herald. Information from Mr. G. H. Tanser.

HELEN CLARA ROBERTS, 1896 or earlier
This name is in the Bulawayo Directory and Handbook of Matabeleland, 1895-1896, as being the owner of Stand No. 554, Grey Street.

MRS. L. F. H. ROBERTS, 1892
Née Eveline Frances Jemima Coleman. Came with her parents in the Moodie Trek. Was a niece of Thomas Moodie, leader of the Trek. She was in the Salisbury laager during the rebellion. Mrs. Roberts was married in 1897 and lived first in Salisbury, then in Melsetter, and other places in Rhodesia until her death in Salisbury in 1951. Information from her son, Mr. Farewell Roberts, Bulawayo. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. ROBINS, 1894

MRS. ROBINSON, 1896 or earlier
Was in the Salisbury laager during the rebellion and left in convoy in November, 1896. The names of those who left thus are in the National Archives records. Information, Mr. G. H. Tanser.

MRS. M. RODEN, 1892
Mentioned on p. 55 of "God's White Robed Army", by a Dominican Sister, as having adopted a child whose mother had died of fever in Salisbury. The name Mary Jacoba Roden, née Inley, is in the Deaths Register in the National Archives as having died of malarial fever in Salisbury Hospital on 12/6/96, aged 30 years. Her husband was Michael Roden.

MRS. RODGERS, 1894
Came from Australia to Umtali and was a well-known character in the early nineties. P. 76 "Raiders and Rebels in South Africa", by Elsa Goodwin Green, also pp. 116 and 129 "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women". Information from herself at Essexvale, April, 1958. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. RORKE, 1894
Arrived in July, 1894. By profession a nurse. She and Mrs. Redrup gave their services to the troops during the Boer War. P. 231 of Mrs. Boggie's book "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women". The Bulawayo Sketch of 29/12/94 mentions the "handsome costume of Mrs. Rorke" in a report of a ball given by the Bulawayo Athletics Club in "the new spacious Magistrate's Court, capable of holding 300". It was reported in the Bulawayo Chronicle of 19/3/95 that Mrs. R. Rorke, "a devotee of tennis", had gone to England for her health.

MRS. E. R. RORKE, 1896 or earlier
Née Ethelene Blanche Thomas. Miss Thomas was married to Mr. Ernest Robert Rorke, a transport rider, at the Cathedral Church of St. Mary and All Saints, Salisbury, on 14/11/96. Cornelia Bezuindenhouw witnessed the marriage. Information, the Cathedral, Salisbury, Marriage Register, National Archives. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. RENNIE, 1894
Neé Elizabeth Johanna Herbst. Came up with her parents in the Edenburg Trek and lived in Fort Victoria in later years. Interesting experiences of hers are given on pp. 62 and 70 of "Bid Time Return" by Basil Fuller. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. RENTON, 1895

MRS. RHYNAS, 1895

MRS. RICHARDS, 1894
Née Dora Maria Herbst. Came up with the Edenburg Trek. Was in the Fort Victoria laager. Information from herself at Essexvale, April, 1958. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. REED, 1891
Neé Camilia Applebee. Arrived with her first husband, Jimmy Mitchell, and was reputed to be the first women to settle in Fort Victoria. She was a nurse by profession. They trekked up by ox wagon, taking three months on the journey, and opened a restaurant in Fort Victoria. Pp. 78-79 “Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women" (Mrs. Boggie). On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. REED, 1893 or earlier
Née Elizabeth Lynn. In 1893 she married Lieut. Reed of the Artillery Troop of the Victoria Rangers. Members of the Troop attended as a guard of honour at the church entrance. The bride wore a pink "russel" cord dress with figured satin trimming and a wreath and veil. Her sister was bridesmaid. The honeymoon was spent at "The Farm". Information, the Mashonaland Times and Mining Chronicle, 2/9/93, National Archives.

MRS. REES, 1894
Née Susie Wesley Davies. Wife of Rev. Bowen Rees of Inyati Mission. Mrs. Rees was in the Bulawayo laager during the rebellion, and travelled down by coach with her two children to Palapye, where she stayed until the rebellion was over, then returned to the Mission. Pp. 61-65 "First Steps in Civilizing Rhodesia" (Mrs. Boggie).

MRS. REEVES, 1896
Née Christina Annandale Lamb, daughter of Mrs. James Lamb. She was born in Salisbury on 7/1/96 and her name is on the Voluntary Register of Births in the National Archives, Salisbury. She was in the laager there with her mother and two sisters. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. REILLY, 1894
Née Ethelene Blanche Thomas. Miss Thomas was married to Mr. Ernest Robert Rorke, a transport rider, at the Cathedral Church of St. Mary and All Saints, Salisbury, on 14/11/96. Cornelia Bezuindenhouw witnessed the marriage. Information, the Cathedral, Salisbury, Marriage Register, National Archives. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. REIMER, 1891
Travelled up with "Krienke's party" — herself and son. P. 52 of Mrs. Boggie's "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women".

MRS. REMMER, 1894
Née Engela Jacoba Heyns. Arrived with the Martin Trek. Information, Mrs. M. Edwards, Chipinga. Also p. 79 "Many Treks Made Rhodesia" (Olivier).

MRS. REINDERS, 1892
Née Tensina Christina de Klerk. Went to Enkeldoorn first. She was the daughter-in-law of Adam Rinders, who went to Zimbabwe in 1867. Mrs. Rinders died on 3/7/46. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. RENNIE, 1894
Née Elizabeth Johanna Herbst. Came up with her parents in the Edenburg Trek and lived in Fort Victoria in later years. Interesting experiences of hers are given on pp. 62 and 70 of "Bid Time Return" by Basil Fuller. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. RENTON, 1895
MRS. ROSENFELS, 1894
Neé Jessie Elizabeth Gibson. Arrived in Bulawayo from Nylstroom in August, 1894, with her husband and infant daughter, taking three months to do the journey. During the rebellion she was in the Bulawayo laager, where she gave birth to a son, Sigmund Julius. Her daughter, Rosa, died of blackwater fever at the age of 14. Mrs. Rosenfels was a fine and courageous character. She died on the farm at Marula in 1950, and was buried there next to her husband and her father. Information from her daughter-in-law, Mrs. Lois Rosenfels, in letter dated 20/7/60. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. ROSS, 1896 or earlier
Mr. and Mrs. Ross, and their adopted daughter (Agnes Kirk) were murdered by the Matabele rebels near Insiza. "Sunshine and Storm in Rhodesia", by F. C. Selous, pp. 209, 212-213.

MISS JOHANNA ROSS, 1896 or earlier
This lady was brought into Bulawayo by Captain Napier's Column from the Shangani area in April, 1896. Information, the Bulawayo Chronicle.

MRS. ROSSITER, 1895
Neé Aletia Elizabeth Coetzee. Arrived with her parents, Harm and Johanna Coetzee, with the Henry-Steyn Trek to Melsetter. P. 160 "Many Treks Made Rhodesia" (Olivier). On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. ROUBENS, 1894 or earlier
This lady was among those who attended the first subscription dance held in Bulawayo, at which Mr. Rhodes and Dr. Jameson attended. "Mr. Howard, manager of the Rhodesia Company (the Rhodesia Printing and Publishing Company) very generously gave the building for the occasion. Reported in the Matabele Times of 21/9/94. Information, Mr. A. M. Ewing.

MRS. RUBRIDGE, 1891
"An elderly lady who accompanied Mrs. Marriott and three children." Quoted from letter from Mr. Marshall Hole to Mrs. Boggie, dated 19/11/32.

MRS. RUNDLE, 1895
Neé Elizabeth Cornthwaite. Travelled up to Bulawayo by ox wagon to join her husband, and was in the laager there in 1896. Information from her daughter, Mrs. Oaten, letter dated 6/10/57 in answer to my advertisement. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. RUBSTEIN, 1896

MISS RUBRIDGE, 1891
"An elderly lady who accompanied Mrs. Marriott and three children." Quoted from letter from Mr. Marshall Hole to Mrs. Boggie, dated 19/11/32.

MRS. RUNDLE, 1895
Neé Elizabeth Cornthwaite. Travelled up to Bulawayo by ox wagon to join her husband, and was in the laager there in 1896. Information from her daughter, Mrs. Oaten, letter dated 6/10/57 in answer to my advertisement. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. RUNDLE, 1895
Neé Elizabeth Cornthwaite. Travelled up to Bulawayo by ox wagon to join her husband, and was in the laager there in 1896. Information from her daughter, Mrs. Oaten, letter dated 6/10/57 in answer to my advertisement. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. RUNKEL, 1896

MRS. SALMON, 1896 or earlier
This lady was in the Bulawayo laager during the Matabele Rebellion and gave birth to a son there. Information from Mr. J. S. McNeillie, Mayor of Bulawayo, 26/10/57.

LAURA SALMON, 1896
Laura Campbell Salmon was baptised on 9/9/96, according to the Register of Baptisms, 1894, Parish of St. John, Bulawayo. She was the daughter of William Colin Campbell Salmon and his wife, Emily. Mr. Salmon was a transport rider.

MRS. P. SALS, 1894 or earlier
Neé Ellen Howan. The registration of this marriage is to be found in the National Archives, Salisbury. The marriage took place in Bulawayo on 28/11/94. Mr. Pietro Sals was a miner.

MRS. SAVILLE, 1895 or earlier
This lady came to Bulawayo from Salisbury in May, 1895. She and her husband attended the wedding of Captain Spreckley and Miss Beatrice Borrow in August of that year. Information, the Bulawayo Chronicle.

MRS. SAIRLE, 1894
This lady attended an Assembly Ball in the Masonic Hotel, Salisbury, on 7/9/94. Information, Mr. G. H. Tanser.

MRS. SAIRLE, 1894
This lady attended an Assembly Ball in the Masonic Hotel, Salisbury, on 7/9/94. Information, Mr. G. H. Tanser.

MRS. SAWERTHAL, 1893
Neé Cecilia Josephine Fitzpatrick. Wife of Dr. Hans Sauer and sister of Sir Percy Fitzpatrick of "Jock of the Bushveldt" fame. Mrs. Sauer trekked up with her husband and only stayed a short time, but often went back to Rhodesia on visits. She arrived with two daughters. Information from her daughter, Mrs. Graham in Canterbury, England, through Mrs. Malise Graham, Bulawayo. The Matabele Times of 21/9/94. Information, Mr. A. M. Ewing.

MRS. HANS SAUER, 1893
Neé Cecilia Josephine Fitzpatrick. Wife of Dr. Hans Sauer and sister of Sir Percy Fitzpatrick of "Jock of the Bushveldt" fame. Mrs. Sauer trekked up with her husband and only stayed a short time, but often went back to Rhodesia on visits. She arrived with two daughters. Information from her daughter, Mrs. Graham in Canterbury, England, through Mrs. Malise Graham, Bulawayo. The Matabele Times of 21/9/94. Information, Mr. A. M. Ewing.

MRS. SAWERTHAL, 1893
Neé Emily Mabel Augusta Mann. Married to Mr. Marshall Hole to Mrs. Boggie, dated 19/11/32. She was married from his house. Monica Marshall Hole was her bridesmaid and Major Patrick Forbes was best man. Her wedding was stated to be the first in Salisbury. However, a certificate in the Original Marriage Register now in the National Archives shows that Emily Mabel Augusta Mann was married to Henry Emanuel Sauerthal (sic), a land surveyor, in the English Church at Salisbury on 7/6/93; and the earliest marriage date recorded took place on 5/12/91. Mrs. Sawerthal lived many years in Salisbury, but returned to the Cape after the death of her husband. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. SHLENKER, 1896 or earlier
Mentioned on p. 125 "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women" by Jeannie M. Boggie, as having gone into the Umtali laager from Headlands during the Mashona Rebellion.
MRS. SCHMIDT, 1896
Neé Amy Atherstone Cumming. Arrived with her parents, five sisters, and several brothers, in Bulawayo in July, 1894, having trekked from Johannesburg by ox wagon. Was the first woman to be married in the Presbyterian Church in Abercorn Street, Bulawayo. She was in the Bulawayo laager and is on the Roll of Women Pioneers. Information supplied by her son, Mr. Eric Scott-Russell.

SISTER SEBASTIAN, 1895
Surname Hill. One of the two Sisters who taught at the Convent School, Bulawayo, when it opened in October, 1895. When the rebellion broke out in 1896, Sister Sebastian continued teaching on her own while her colleague, Sister Pancratius, helped at the hospital. Letters from the Dominican Convent, Salisbury, dated 18/11/55 and 13/8/57. Also the "History of the Dominican Sisters in Bulawayo", written by Sister Mary Admirabilis.

MRS. F. C. SELOUS, 1895
Neé Maddy. Daughter of the Dean of Gloucester and wife of the famous hunter. Arrived in Salisbury with her husband and Miss Beatrice Borrow in July, 1895, and proceeded to Bulawayo almost immediately via Hartley. She "accompained" Miss Borrow at her wedding to Captain Spreckley at St. John's Church, Bulawayo. About 30/8/95 Mr. and Mrs. Selous left town for their home at Essexvale. The Chronicle of 28/3/96 reports that "about midday Mrs. Selous and her husband arrived in town, having ridden posthaste from their house in Essexvale with the alarming information that the Kaffirs were mobilising in force and that both of them had had a narrow escape." Mrs. Selous was very much knocked up by her hard ride". She and her husband left Bulawayo by coach for the South about 23/8/96 for a brief stay in the Cape Colony, then went on to England, thence on a big travelling expedition. Information, the Bulawayo Chronicle 19/8/96. They sailed from Cape Town in the "Scot" on 4/11/96. Some of their experiences during the Matabele Rebellion are given in chapter 4, "Sunshine and Storm in Rhodesia", by F. C. Selous.

MRS. SHEAR, 1896
Neé Elizabeth van Helsbinden. Came to the country with her husband, Edward Shaw. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. H. A. SHAWE, 1894 or earlier
Christian name, Alethea. Mrs. Shawe give birth to a daughter, Hermia Frances Shawe, on 7/12/94, in Salisbury. Her husband was Henry Adrian Shawe, a transport rider. Information, the Cathedral, Salisbury, Baptismal Register, Vol. I, National Archives.

MRS. J. H. SHELL, 1894 or 1895
Neé Caroline Elizabeth Elliott. Her husband, George Scott, was a trader. They trekked to Rhodesia in 1895 and Mrs. Scott was in the Bulawayo laager in 1896. She had four daughters, including Mrs. Claudie Montgomery and Mrs. Effie McPherson, who was born during the trek to Bulawayo. The family came from East London. Mrs. Scott was buried in the Semokwe area. Information from her daughter, Mrs. McPherson, 1974.

MRS. W. SCOT-RUSSELL, 1894
Neé Amy Atherstone Cumming. Arrived with her parents, five sisters, and several brothers, in Bulawayo in July, 1894, having trekked from Johannesburg by ox wagon. Was the first woman to be married in the Presbyterian Church in Abercorn Street, Bulawayo. She was in the Bulawayo laager and is on the Roll of Women Pioneers. Information supplied by her son, Mr. Eric Scott-Russell.

MRS. A. M. SCHONVELD, 1894 or earlier
Information, the Bulawayo Chronicle 19/8/96. They sailed from Cape Town in the "Scot" on 4/11/96. Some of their experiences during the Matabele Rebellion are given in chapter 4, "Sunshine and Storm in Rhodesia", by F. C. Selous.

MRS. FRIKKIE SCHOULTZ, 1895

MRS. LOUIS SCHUTT, 1894

MRS. SCOTT, 1895 or earlier
An advertisement in The Nugget of 19/12/95 (National Archives) drew attention to "Mrs. Scott's dining-rooms and restaurant, Market Buildings," Salisbury.

MRS. SHERRY, 1895
Neé Eliza Yoxall. Came up as a lady's maid to Mrs. (later Lady) Bourchier Wrey. She was in the Bulawayo laager during the Matabele Rebellion. She died in 1942. Information from her daughter-in-law, Mrs. Sherry, Bulawayo, 1959.
**MRS. SHINN, 1894**
Neé Edith Maud Millvina Gifford. Traveled up with her parents in the Edenburg Trek, which is described on pp. 158-166 "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women" (Mrs. Boggs). Mrs. Shinn, after many years spent near Chipinga, moved to Bulawayo. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

**MISS BEATRICE SIMPSON, 1896**
Beatrice Maud Simpson was born in Bulawayo on 8/7/96. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

**MISS SIMPSON, 1896**
Neé Mary Ellen Dunn. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

**MISS SOUTHEY, 1894**
Born in Beira, then left Rhodesia. Mrs. Southey was among the ladies invited by the Queen's Club to attend the 1894-1895 "Passing of the Year" dance held in the Bulawayo Courthouse. Information, the Bulawayo Chronicle, 4/1/95. Miss Southey was a nurse and when the Exchange Hospital was broken up, she and Miss Healy started private nursing in people's homes in Bulawayo. They took up quarters in 9, Wanderer's Chambers. Information, the Bulawayo Chronicle 8/7/96.

**MISS SLATER, 1895 or earlier**
This lady was among those who assisted at the St. John's Church Bazaar in July, 1895. Information, the Bulawayo Chronicle. She left Bulawayo for England on 23/11/95, together with Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Slater and Mr. Oswald Slater.

**MRS. E. A. SLATER, 1895 or earlier**
Left Bulawayo with Mr. E. A. Slater and Mr. Oswald Slater for England on 23/11/95. Information, the Bulawayo Chronicle. The Rhodesia Weekly Review of 20/2/95 mentioned that "Mr. and Mrs. Slater and family are still detained at Tuli by the bad weather". Mr. Slater was an auctioneer and proprietor of Tattersall's Hotel, Bulawayo. Later, the Weekly Review stated that when the Slaters were able to leave Tuli and reached Pouri-Pouri, a store and wayside hotel 50 miles farther on, the manager not only had nothing to sell them, but begged for food for himself. National Archives files.

**MISS LUCY SLEEMAN, 1891**
One of the three English nursing Sisters who walked from Beira to Umtali and established a hospital there, helped by Mr. Rhodes. With Rose Blennerhasset she wrote "Adventures in Mashonaland". Pp. 97-101 of Mrs. Boggie's "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women" and p. 130 "The World's View" by Nora S. Kane.

**MRS. RENS-SLOT, 1893**
Neé Ann Pullen. Arrived with her husband by ox wagon from Middelburg. Was in the 1893 laager in Fort Victoria and in the 1896 laager in Bulawayo, where she did nursing with Mrs. Redrup. She and her husband had a narrow escape from being murdered by the Matabele. Information from her daughter, Mrs. Cummins, Bulawayo, 1957. Also pp. 82 and 269 "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women" (Mrs. Boggie). On Roll of Women Pioneers.

**MRS. SLY, 1896**
Neé Beatrice Sanders. Came to Bulawayo to join her husband, travelling by coach. Information from Mr. A. Sanders, Bulawayo.

**MRS. W. SMIT, 1895**
Neé Nellie Wilderman. Arrived with the Kruger-Bekker Trek, with her husband and five children, including two daughters, Lettie and Johanna. Information from Mrs. M. Edwards, Chipinga; also p. 163 "Many Treks Made Rhodesia" by S. P. Olivier.

**MRS. DUNCAN SMITH, 1895**
Came up by coach to join her husband. Gave birth to a daughter (Mrs. Oliver) in the Salisbury laager during the rebellion. Died about 1916. Information from her daughter, Mrs. Slaven, Bulawayo.

**MRS. SMITH, 1896**

**MRS. ROLAND-SMITH, 1895**
Neé Florence Kate Hill. Came up in one of Mr. To m Meikle's wagons with her mother and a baby six months old, from Barberton. She lived in Bulawayo until her death in 1947. Information from Mrs. R. Smith, by telephone. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

**MRS. SNELL, 1896**
Neé Madeline Leonora Almendro. Came up with her parents and was in the Bulawayo laager. In more recent years she went to live in Cape Town. Information from the Secretary, Pioneers' and Early Settlers' Society.

**MISS SOUTHEY, 1894**
"Arrived with parents" in Bulawayo. Her father was the well-known hunter. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

**MRS. CHRIS SPARROW, 1895**
Neé Maylor Reed. Trekked up from Mafeking with her husband, Mr. Chris Sparrow, who came from America to the Seventh Day Adventist Mission at Solusi, near Bulawayo. Information from Mr. Langley Staples to Mr. Jewell, late of the S.D.A. Mission, dated 17/5/57. Mr. Slater was an auctioneer and proprietor of Tattersall's Hotel, Bulawayo. Later, the Weekly Review stated that when the Slaters were able to leave Tuli and reached Pouri-Pouri, a store and wayside hotel 50 miles farther on, the manager not only had nothing to sell them, but begged for food for himself. National Archives files.

**MRS. D. SPARROW, 1895**
Neé Sally Pittaway. Trekked up from Mafeking with her husband, Mr. David Sparrow, who came from America to the Seventh Day Adventist Mission at Solusi, now the Solusi College. Information from Mr. Langley Staples in a letter to Mr. Jewell, late of the S.D.A. Mission, dated 17/5/57. Information, the Bulawayo Chronicle 8/7/96.

**MRS. SOUTHWELL, 1894**
Neé Ethel Finaughty. "Arrived with parents" in Bulawayo. Her father was the well-known hunter. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

**MRS. CHRIS SPARROW, 1895**
Neé Maylor Reed. Trekked up from Mafeking with her husband, Mr. Chris Sparrow, who came from America to the Seventh Day Adventist Mission at Solusi, near Bulawayo. Information from Mr. Langley Staples to Mr. Jewell, late of the S.D.A. Mission, dated 17/5/57.

**MRS. D. SPARROW, 1895**
Neé Sally Pittaway. Trekked up from Mafeking with her husband, Mr. David Sparrow, who came from America to the Seventh Day Adventist Mission at Solusi, now the Solusi College. Information from Mr. Langley Staples in a letter to Mr. Jewell, late of the S.D.A. Mission, dated 17/5/57.

**MRS. TOM SPEIGHT, 1896**
Neé Charlotte Emily Spranger. Her mother, Mrs. Spranger, became the first wife of Mr. W. E. Thomas, the well-known Native Commissioner. Charlotte came first to Bulawayo, then in 1910 moved to Gadzema, where she died in 1950. Information from her son, Mr. C. S. Speight, Bulawayo, by telephone.

**MRS. SPENCE, 1894**
"Arrived with parents" in Bulawayo. Her father was the well-known hunter. On Roll of Women Pioneers.
MRS. J. S. A. SPRECKLEY, 1895
Neé Beatrice Borrow. A sister of Captain Henry Borrow, who was killed with the Shangani Patrol. She came to Bulawayo in August, 1895, with Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Selous, and was married in St. John's Church a few days later. The wedding was a glittering social occasion. A detachment of B Troop of the Rhodesian Horse, which Captain Spreckley commanded, lined the aisle of the church. A mounted escort surrounded the carriage in which the bride drove to the church, with Dr. Jameson, who gave her away, and again on the way to the reception in "the beautiful grounds of Mr. C. Jefferson Clark's home". The bride, who was accompanied by Mrs. F. C. Selous, wore a tulle veil with real orange blossoms given by the Rev. C. D. Helm of Hope Fountain. The Rev. Hammick and Bishop Gaul took the service.

MRS. SPRING, 1894
This lady was invited to the first subscription dance, held in Bulawayo in September, 1894, at which Mr. Rhodes and Dr. Jameson were present. Information, Mr. A. M. Ewing.

MRS. SQUAIR, 1895
Neé Ellen Thompson McNeilage. "Arrived by coach". On Roll of Women Pioneers. The Bulawayo Chronicle of 9/12/96 states that she and Mr. James Squair were married in the Wesleyan Church, Bulawayo. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. SQUAIR, 1894
Neé Mary McIntosh. Arrived with her husband and family on 1/3/94, after being detained in Macloutsie for nine months owing to the Matabele War in 1893. The family occupied pioneer farms in the Khami district. Letter from her daughter, Mrs. Moseley, dated 27/6/59, in answer to my advertisement. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. STAINES, 1895
Neé Martha Johanna Ferreira. Was in the laager in Enkeldoorn. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. STAMPER, 1896
Neé Florence May Yeatman. Arrived by ox wagon and lived in Bulawayo for many years. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. STANTON, 1896

NURSE STANTON, 1896
Mentioned on p. 59 of "Raiders and Rebels in South Africa" by Elsa Goodwin Green, as having travelled with their party.

MRS. STEAD, 1894

MISS NITA STEELE, 1896
Miss Steele performed in the first variety company to visit Bulawayo at the opening of the first theatre, founded by Mr. A. E. Wilson of the Caledonian Hotel. The Bulawayo Chronicle 4/11/96. The Bulawayo Sketch of 14/11/96 described the company as "the London Variety Company of specially selected artistes", and Miss Steele as being "from the Theatre Royal, Drury Lane, London".

MRS. STEENKAMP, 1895

MRS. STEPHENS, 1893 or earlier
Christian name, Lucinda. Mrs. Stephens gave birth to a son, Alexander Murray, on 2/9/95. Her husband, James Stephens, was a clerk and they lived in Salisbury. Information, the Cathedral, Salisbury, Baptismal Register, Vol. I, National Archives.

MRS. F. STEVENS, 1895
Neé Martha Elizabeth Muller. Married in Bulawayo, 3rd September, 1895. The registration of this marriage is to be found in the National Archives, Salisbury. Mr. Frederick Stevens was a transport rider.

MRS. STEYN, 1895
Neé Aletta Elizabeth van Heerden. Arrived with the Henry-Steyn Trek at Melsetter in December, 1895. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. H. STEYN, 1895
Neé Christina Coetzee. Arrived in Bulawayo, 3rd September, 1896. The registration of this marriage is to be found in the National Archives, Salisbury. Mr. Frederick Stevens was a transport rider.

MRS. STEYN, 1896
Neé Johanna Christina du Preez. Arrived with the Martin Trek. Information from Mrs. M. Edwards and p. 163 "Many Treks Made Rhodesia" (Olivier).

MRS. J. STEYN, 1895
Neé Sannie van Heerden. Arrived with the Henry-Steyn Trek. Brought one son and one daughter. Information from Mrs. M. Edwards, also Olivier's "Many Treks Made Rhodesia", p. 163.

MRS. J. STEYN, 1895
Neé Annie Malan. Came with the Henry-Steyn Trek and brought three daughters — Martha, Herculina and Anna. Information from Mrs. M. Edwards, Chippinga; also p. 163 "Many Treks Made Rhodesia" (Olivier).

MRS. JOHANNES STEYN, 1894
Neé Johanna Sophia van Heerden. Came with the Henry-Steyn Trek and brought her daughter, Maria. Information, Mrs. M. Edwards and p. 163 "Many Treks Made Rhodesia" (Olivier).

MRS. M. STEYN, 1895
Neé Cornelia Lombard. Came with the Henry-Steyn Trek. Her daughter, Annie, was born in the Transvaal during the trek. Information from Mrs. M. Edwards, Chippinga, and p. 163 of Olivier's "Many Treks Made Rhodesia".

MRS. P. E. STEYN, 1894
Neé Christina Rautenbach. Travelled up with the Martin Trek. Information from Mrs. M. Edwards, Chippinga. Also p. 163 "Many Treks Made Rhodesia" (Olivier).

MRS. P. W. STEYN, 1895
Neé Cornelia Lombard. Came with the Henry-Steyn Trek, bringing nine children, including three daughters, Susanna, Anna and Cornelia. Information, Mrs. M. Edwards and p. 163 of Olivier's "Many Treks Made Rhodesia".

MRS. STIDOLPH, 1892
Neé Josephine Annie Moody Nesbitt. Came with her parents in the Moodie Trek, a niece of Thomas Moodie, leader of the trek. She was in the Salisbury laager during the rebellion. Mrs. Stidolph was educated overseas. She was married in Salisbury in 1910 and lived there until her death in August, 1921. Information from her daughter-in-law, Mrs. Stidolph, Bulawayo. On Roll of Women Pioneers.
MRS. F. STOPFORTH, 1895
Mentioned on page 80 of "Pioneers of Gazaland" (in Afrikaans) by S. P. Olivier, as having come with her in the second Du Plessis Trek. Also p. 163 of the English Translation "Many Treks Made Rhodesia" (Olivier).

MRS. STRICKLAND, 1893
Neé Jeannie V. G. Meikle. Eldest of the well-known Meikle family, she trekked up with her husband from Natal and lived first for two years at Charter. Then they moved to "Inodzi" near Penhalonga, where they remained until Mrs. Strickland's death in 1957. Information from Sir Ian Wilson, through Mrs. Rosen, Bulawayo.

IDA STRIKE, 1893
Ida Eggert Strike was born at Tuli on 27/10/93 and died of fever at her parents' house on the Shashi, aged one year, seven months. She was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Strike, her father being a merchant. Information, the Deaths Register, Vol. III, National Archives.

MRS. J. R. STRIKE, 1893
Neé Susanna Jacoba Montgomery, daughter of Thomas Adrian Montgomery. Her husband, John Russell Strike, was a merchant. They lived at Tuli, but after losing two children there, Mrs. Strike appealed to Mr. Rhodes for land in a healthier area. They moved nearer Bulawayo and built a wayside hotel and store at Figtree, where the original fig tree stood. Mrs. Strike left Rhodesia about 1902 and died at Intinzini, Zululand. Information from Mr. L. R. Logan, Bulawayo.

MRS. STROBEL, 1893
Neé Anna Maria Emmerich. First came in 1893, but returned to Johannesburg because of the theft of so many of their cattle. They came to Rhodesia again, via Beira, in 1897. Pp. 185-191 "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women" (Mrs. Boggie).

MRS. STUART, 1896
Neé Ann Nancy Robinson. Arrived in 1896 just after the rebellion to join her husband. Lived in Rhodesia until 1937. She died at Somerset West at the age of 85. Information from Mrs. Wilson, Somerset West, in answer to my advertisement (1957), letters dated 7/10/57 and 24/10/57.

MISS LILIAN STUTTAFORD, 1896
Miss Lilian Emily Stuttaford arrived with her parents in January, 1896, and lived many years in Bulawayo. Information from Mrs. W. Stuttaford. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. STUTTAFORD, 1896

MRS. L. SVENDSEN, 1895
Mentioned on p. 130 of Mrs. Boggie's "First Steps in Civilizing Rhodesia" as being in Bulawayo in 1895. The Register of Baptisms, Parish of St. John, Bulawayo, mentions that Percival Wilfrid Laurence, son of Laurence and Agnes Robinson Svendsen, was baptised on 29/9/95. Mr. Svendsen was a draper.

EDITH JOHANNA SWAIN, 1895
This child's name is in the Voluntary Register of Births as "born in Bulawayo 3/5/95". Obtained from the Registration of Births Office, Salisbury.

MRS. SWAIN, 1894

MRS. SWART, 1895
Neé Elizabeth Helena Joubert. Arrived with her parents. Her father was killed at Enkeldoorn during the rebellion. She was in the laager there. Mrs. Swart died in childbirth in 1913. Information from her sister, Mrs. S. M. Botha, in letters dated 27/8/59 and 6/7/59 in answer to my advertisement.

MRS. G. J. SWART, 1896 or earlier
Neé Johanna Helena Maria Botina. Mrs. Swart died on 26/3/96 at the farm Ellen Berry, aged 31 years. Her husband was Gideon Johannes Swart. She left a daughter, Maria Petronella Swart, aged 13. Information from the Deaths Register, Vol. III, National Archives.

MRS. W SYKES, 1860
Neé Margaret Charlotte Kolbe. Wife of the Rev. William Sykes of Inyati Mission. She knew Mzilikazi and patched his blanket for him once. He was so pleased that he gave a sheep for each patch. Mrs. Sykes went down to the Cape after the death of her husband in 1887, but returned to Matabeleland and died at the age of 91. She is buried at Hope Fountain Mission, near Bulawayo. Information from her grand-daughter, Mrs. J. Lloyd. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. SYMINGTON, 1895
Neé Johanna de Klerk. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. TALBOT, 1894
Neé Florence Marion Bain. Arrived by ox wagon. Was in the laager in Bulawayo during the rebellion and lived in that town for many years. Information from her niece, Miss Gladys Howard, Bulawayo. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

JESSIE TAPSELL, 1896
Jessie Millicent was the third daughter of Mrs. Blann, formerly Mrs. Clara June Tapsell. Jessie was born in February, 1896, and died of bronchitis in Salisbury laager during the rebellion a few months later. Her father, Edward Tapsell, was appointed butcher for the laager and started a biltong store. Her uncle, Walter Tapsell, was murdered by the rebels. "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women", by Jeannie M. Boggie.

MRS. TARR, 1894
Neé Philipina Johanna Scheffer. She lived in Salisbury in her later years. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. TAYLOR, 1894
Came up with her husband, Adjutant Taylor of the Salvation Army, from Swaziland to Salisbury by ox wagon. They had to return to Natal two years later for health reasons. Letter from Col. V. Thompson, Salvation Army, Salisbury, dated 8/10/57.

MRS. "BULALA" TAYLOR, 1871
Neé Phoebe Clark. Originally came up with her parents, who were traders. She returned South and married Mr. A. Wolfenden, who was also a trader. They lived in Matabeleland until her husband's death, then in 1887 she married Mr. Taylor, and they were in the Mangwe laager during the rebellion. A long article by Mrs. Taylor is to be found on pp. 169-180 of Mrs. Boggie's "First Steps in Civilizing Rhodesia".

MRS. G. A. TAYLOR, 1892
MRS. H. K. TAYLOR, 1896 or earlier
The registration of the birth in Salisbury of this lady's daughter, Lily Frances, on 3/5/96, is to be found in the Registrar's Office, Salisbury. Mrs. Taylor's Christian names were Frances Mary, and her husband was Mr. H. K. Taylor, although his initials are not written clearly.

LILY TAYLOR, 1896
The registration of the birth in Salisbury of Lily Frances Taylor is to be found in the Registrar's Office, Salisbury. The Deaths Register, Vol. II, in the National Archives, records that she died in the Salisbury laager on 28/7/96, aged two-and-a-half months. Her parents were Mr. and Mrs. H.K. Taylor.

MRS. M. TEMPOFSKY, 1894
Her daughter, Mrs. Elliott, was the first white baby to be born in Bulawayo, on 4/4/94. The Matabele Times wrote enthusiastically about the arrival of the baby, hailing it as "the first white production born on the soil of Bulawayo since the occupation by the Chartered Company". The paper added it was not to be wondered at that prospectors for miles around should come into camp specially to congratulate "the lucky Moses". Mr. Moses Tempofsky was a baker and grocer in Bulawayo. Information, National Archives files.

AMY THACKWAY, 1894
Amy Constance Thackway was born in the Salisbury district on 18/3/94. Her parents were Mr. and Mrs. J.M. Thackway. Information, the Cathedral, Salisbury, Baptismal Register, Vol. I, National Archives.

MRS. J. M. THACKWAY, 1892 or earlier
Mrs. Margaret Thackway was the mother of Margaret Elizabeth Thackway, who was born on 2/12/92. Her husband was James Mortimer Thackway, a transport driver. Information, the Cathedral, Salisbury, Baptismal Register, Vol. I, National Archives, Salisbury.

MARGARET THACKWAY, 1892
Margaret Elizabeth Thackway, born 2/12/92, was baptised by the Ven. James Hay Upcher, Archdeacon of Mashonaland. Her father, James Mortimer Thackway, was a transport driver and contractor, and her mother was Mrs. Margaret Thackway. They lived in Salisbury. Information, the Cathedral, Salisbury, Baptismal Register, Vol. I, National Archives, Salisbury.

MRS. A. THEODORA, 1896 or earlier
This lady kept a tearoom, according to the Bulawayo Directory and Handbook of Matabeleland, 1895-1896, pp. 71 and 121.

ANNIE THOMAS, 1862
Third child of Rev. T.M. and Mrs. Annie Thomas. She died of fever at Inyati on 7/6/92, shortly before her mother, and they were buried in the same grave in the Mission cemetery.

MRS. CAROLINE THOMAS, 1864

MISS CATHERINE THOMAS, 1879
Catherine Margaret Thomas was the daughter of Rev. T.M. Thomas of Inyati Mission. She was born at Shiloh. She left Matabeleland with her family in 1889, then returned in 1896. Miss Thomas eventually went back to South Africa and died there in April, 1959. Information from Sir Eric Thomas, Salisbury.

MRS. T. M. THOMAS, 1859
Née Annie Morgan. First wife of Rev. T. M. Thomas. She came up with him by wagon from the Cape to Inyati, Matabeleland, where the London Missionary Society's first Mission was started. She died at Inyati in 1862. Much is written about Mrs. Thomas's brave life in Matabeleland on pages 16-28 of "First Steps in Civilizing Rhodesia", by Jeannie M. Boggie.

MRS. W. E. THOMAS, 1896
Née Ellen Prim Poultney (first husband Mr. Spranger). Wife of the well-known Native Commissioner. She died in Bulawayo in 1906. Information from her son, Sir Eric Thomas, Salisbury.

MRS. THOMPSON, 1891
Trekced up from Vryburg by ox wagon with her husband and seven children. Died in Salisbury in 1935. Letter from her son, Mr. J.A. Thompson, Salisbury, dated 25/6/58.

MRS. THOMPSON, 1893
Wife of Dr. William L. Thompson. They came up with a party of eight American missionaries, two children, and four Zulu evangelists and families, to start the American Mission at Mount Selinda. Information received from Rev. W.D. Webb, Mount Selinda, in answer to my enquiries, 1956. Later Dr. and Mrs. Thomas returned to America, where they both died. Information from Mrs. M. Edwards, Chipping.

MRS. J. B. THOMSON, 1870
Née Elizabeth Edwards. Wife of Rev. J.B. Thomson, who was the first missionary at Hope Fountain, near Bulawayo. They worked there for six years and were then transferred to Ujiji. P. 10 of "A Brief Historical Survey of the London Missionary Society in South Africa", by Rev. A.H. Haile.

MRS. J. MUDIE THOMSON, 1896 or earlier
She was present with her husband at a concert at the Hospital in Bulawayo in October, 1896. The Bulawayo Chronicle 3/10/96.

MRS. THWAITES, 1895
Née Hilda Inez Botton. Arrived with her parents in June, 1895. Lived in Bulawayo, but for health reasons went down to the Free State and lived there until her death. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. L. M. TICHTON, 1896 (this name may not be quite correct as it is partially illegible), 1891
Née Clara Longbottom. She was married to Louis Montague Tichton (or Tishton?) on 5/12/91 in Salisbury, according to the rites of the Church of the Province of South Africa. The Rev. Francis Balfour, Canon of Bloemfontein, performed the ceremony. The bridgroom's occupation was given as "speculator". This marriage certificate bears the earliest date to be found in the Original Marriage Register in the National Archives. The gown's surname is carelessly written and the spelling given above is doubtful.

MRS. J. TILBURY, 1894
Née Helen Hawke. Arrived with her parents in June, 1895. Lived in Bulawayo, but for health reasons went down to the Free State and lived there until her death. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

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MRS. J. TILBURY, 1894
Née Helen Hawke. Arrived in September, 1894. On Roll of Women Pioneers. Mrs. Tilbury had a son, Thomas John Mangwe, who was born in a bullock wagon at Mangwe Pass on 8/9/94. Her husband, John, was first a carpenter and later a very successful smallworker. Information, the Register of Baptisms, 1894, Parish of St. John, Bulawayo. Also from Mr. Thomas John Mangwe Tilbury through Mr. Dick Fuller.

MRS. TITUS, 1895
Née Jacoba M. Matthysen. Was born 8/8/95 on "Matabele" Wilson's farm, near Bulawayo, and lived in Bulawayo for many years. Information from herself in July, 1959, as a result of my advertisement.
MRS. TURNBULL, 1895
Née Wild. Came to Mashonaland via Beira as a nurse, together with two other nurses. Stopped first at 77-mile peg to help Sir Arthur Lawley's hospital for men who were constructing the railway. Later, with Miss Bertram (Mrs. Hodges) she started a private nursing home in Pioneer Street, Salisbury, and nursed in the laager there during the rebellion. Mrs. Turnbull is mentioned in the British South Africa Company's "Reports on Native Disturbances" (p. 67) as having rendered good services. Information from Mrs. Hodges, Bulawayo.

SISTER UDALRICA, 1894
Surname Schneider. Information in letters from St. Dominic's Convent, Salisbury.

MRS. VAN DER MERWE, 1891
MRS. H. J. VAN DER MERWE, 1893
Christian names, Catherine Cornelia. Mrs. van der Merwe was the mother of Helena Gesina Johanna, who was baptised on 3/9/93. Her husband was Hendrik Johannes van der Merwe, and they lived at Fort Victoria. Information, the Dutch Reformed Church Baptismal Register, 1893.

SUSAN VAN DER MERWE, 1894 or earlier
This little girl, the daughter of Mr. B. I. van der Merwe and Mrs. Elizabeth van der Merwe, died at her father's house in Bulawayo on 10/8/94, aged three years and four months. Cause of death, dysentery and whooping cough. Information, the Deaths Register, Vol. I, National Archives.

MRS. S. M. VAN DER SPUY, 1891
Née Jeanette Andrina Dalton. Was the wife of Stephanus Malan van der Spuy. She was at the Ruwazi Inn at the time of the rebellion with her baby son, Johannes Sybrand. They were taken to the Umtili laager by Mr. Sam Dalton and Mr. Harry Windall. Mrs. van der Spuy died about 1935 at the Sherwood Star Mine, Que Que. Information from Mr. Johannes Sybrand van der Spuy, 1974. Also p. 125 "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women" (Mrs. Boggie). On Roll of Women Pioneers.
MRS. VAN DER STRUYS, 1894
Neé Petronella Kathleen Pretorius. "Arrived with Parents" by ox wagon from Vryburg. An article about her is to be found on page 45 "Women in Central Africa", compiled by the National Council of Women of Rhodesia and published in 1953. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

DINA VAN EDE, 1895 or earlier
Dina Caroline van Ede, aged 18, was baptised at Bulawayo on 30/11/95. She came from Cape Town. Information, the Dutch Reformed Church Baptismal Register, 1893-1921.

MRS. VAN EDEN, 1896

MRS. P. J. VAN GRIM, 1895
Neé Maria de Jager. The registration of her marriage is to be found in the National Archives, Salisbury. She was married in Bulawayo on 13/9/1895 to Mr. Petrus Johannes van Grim, a Sanitary Board officer.

MRS. VAN NIEKERK, 1895
Mother of Mrs. Moorcroft, who is registered on the Roll of Women Pioneers as having "arrived with parents" at Fort Victoria in October, 1895.

MRS. VAN NIEKERK, 1892
Neé Margaret Agnes Brown. Her first husband was John Moodie, and they came up with the Moodie Trek. An article by Mrs. van Niekerk is to be found on pp. 38 and 40 of "Women in Central Africa", compiled and published in 1953 by the National Council of Women of Southern Rhodesia. Mrs. van Niekerk died at Inyanga, aged 91. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. "PONTY" VAN NIEKERK, 1895
The wife of Captain "Pony" van Niekerk, who did valiant work during the rebellion and was allowed by Mr. Rhodes to choose two farms, one in Mashonaland and one in Matabeleland. She was married in Bulawayo on 11/11/1895.

MRS. S. W. J. VAN RENSBERGH, 1895 or earlier
Neé Susanna Abigail Elizabeth Jacomina Fourie. She was the wife of Schalk Willem Jansen van Rensburg, and their son, Ebenezer, was baptised on 7/12/95. Information, the Dutch Reformed Church Baptismal Register, 1893.

MRS. CORNELIUS VAN ROOYEN, 1890
Wife of the famous hunter. She, with her husband, son and daughter, were in the Mangwe laager during the Matabele Rebellion. Her son died of enteric in the fort. Information from Mrs. A. Black, Marula.

MISS DOROTHY VIGNE, 1895 or earlier
This girl was bridesmaid at Mrs. Harry Harper's wedding. She wore "A simple but tasteful confection of nun's veiling". Information, The Nugget, 22/10/95, National Archives.
MRS. VILJOEN, 1894 or earlier
A lady of this name was invited to the Pioneer Dance which was attended by Cecil Rhodes and Dr. Jameson. Information from Mr. A. M. Ewing. This was the first subscription dance held in Bulawayo, and was reported in the Matabele Times of 21/9/94. Mrs. Viljoen was also invited to attend the Queen's Club "Passing of the Year" dance held in the Bulawayo Courthouse at the end of 1894. Information, the Bulawayo Chronicle 4/1/95.

MRS. J. W. VILJOEN, 1872
Née Messer. A hunter's wife. She and her husband are mentioned several times as being with Mr. Selous in Mrs. Boggie's "First Steps in Civilizing Rhodesia", pp. 144-153. Mrs. Viljoen had 15 children. She was a daughter of a German Missionary working for the London Missionary Society. Her husband, Jan Willem, Veldcornet of the Marico district in the Transvaal, was distinguished both as a politician and a hunter. In "The Far Interior" Tabler mentions Selous meeting the Viljoens "Five days beyond Inyati . . . with their wives and children, all their livestock, and many servants" (pp. 272, 384-385).

REV. MOTHER VINCENT, 1894
Surname Schneider. One of the four pioneer Dominican Sisters who arrived in Bulawayo from Macloutsie on July, 13, 1894. They came at the request of Cecil Rhodes to nurse the sick and injured. Those four pioneers — Mother Jacoba and Sisters Frances, Vincent and Frederica — spent their first year nursing and living in unimaginable, uncomfortable conditions in Old Bulawayo near Lobengula's burnt and abandoned kraal. In July, 1895, they moved to the new town with its comparatively imposing Memorial Hospital. Sister Vincent and her fellow nuns remained at their posts there during the rebellion, and in recognition of her services she was presented with the Matabeleland War Medal. Later Mother Vincent was at the Gwelo Convent. She lived many years in Rhodesia. Pages 20, 21, 29 and 33 "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women". Letter from St. Dominic's Convent, Salisbury, 13/8/57. Also the "History of the Dominican Sisters in Bulawayo" written by Sister Mary Admirabilis. A very good photograph of Mother Vincent, aged 89, is on page 280 of Mrs. Boggie's book.

BARONESS VON ABELEFELDT, 1866

MRS. E. A. F. VON HIRSCHBERG, 1895
Née Carine Emma Olsen. Arrived first in Bulawayo and travelled by coach to Salisbury, where she got married. She was in the Salisbury laager during the rebellion. She and her husband left for South Africa after the First World War, then lived in the Congo from 1922 to 1937. Mrs. von Hirschberg died in Springs, Transvaal, in 1936. "She had inordinate courage, humour, generosity and kindness". Information from Mrs. G. King in letter dated 3/9/1960, whose address was given to me by Mrs. Honey, Salisbury. Emil Albert Felix von Hirschberg was a bank clerk. They were married in Salisbury on 4/7/1895. According to the Original Marriage Register in the National Archives, Mrs. von Hirschberg's maiden name was spelt Ollsson.

MRS. J. VORSTER, 1894
Née Jacoba Steyn. Travelled up with the Martin Trek and later lived in Umtali. Information from Mrs. M. Edwards, Chipinga, in a letter dated 27/6/1957. Also p. 79 "Many Treks Made Rhodesia" (Olivier).
MRS. J. S. WARREN, 1896
Neé Frances Garrod. Arrived with her first husband, Mr. John Knox, from Port Elizabeth by ox wagon. She was a qualified nurse and was in the Bulawayo laager. In 1907, many years after the death of Mr. Knox, she married Mr. John Simco Warren, the well-known Scout personality. Information from her daughter, Mrs. W. Stuttaford, Bulawayo.

MRS. WARREN, 1896

MRS. WATMORE, 1894

MRS. WAYLAND, 1895
The Bulawayo Chronicle of 16/11/95 reported that Mrs. Wayland played in the mixed doubles of an Occupation Day tennis tournament held in Gwelo.

MRS. WEBB, 1894 or earlier
This lady was present at an Assembly Ball in the Masonic Hotel, Salisbury, on 7/13/94. Information, Mr. G. H. Tanser.

MRS. WEBB, 1896 or earlier
According to a report in the Bulawayo Chronicle, Mrs. Webb returned to Bulawayo by coach at the end of May, 1896. Her husband was one of the Jameson Raiders.

MRS. WEBB, 1894 or earlier
Neé Sarah Gobey. She, her husband, and two daughters, Hannah Louise and Mary Alice, trekked up from Marico in the Zeerust district. Theirs was known as the Webster Trek. Information from Mrs. M. Edwards, Chipinga; also p. 164 "Many Treks Made Rhodesia" (Olivier).

MRS. WEBSTER, 1895
Neé Annie Bezuidenhout. Came up with the Kruger-Bekker Trek. Lived in North Melsetter. Information from Mrs. M. Edwards, Chipinga, 27/6/57. Also p. 86 "Many Treks Made Rhodesia", by S. P. Olivier.

MRS. WEBSTER, 1894
Neé Sarah Odendaal. Was born on the journey up with the Mynhardt-Utrecht Trek. Later she lived at Chipinga. Information from Mrs. M. Edwards. Also p. 162 "Many Treks Made Rhodesia" (Olivier).

MRS. WEBDEPOHL, 1894

MRS. WEINAND, 1896
Neé Ada Johanna Carinus. Came with her parents. She lived mostly in Rhodesia and died December, 1956. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. WEINBERG, 1893 or earlier
This lady arrived in Umtali "by coach, down" in December, 1893. Information, the Umtali Advertiser, National Archives.

MRS. WELENSKY, 1895
Neé Leah Ferreira. Came with her children from the Willowmore district of South Africa to join her husband. They lived first in Bulawayo, and after the rebellion went on to Gwelo, then to the Globe and Phoenix Mine. About 1904/05 they moved to Salisbury, where her son, Roy, who became Prime Minister of the Federation of the Rhodesias and Nyasaland, was born in 1907, the 13th of Mrs. Welensky's 14 children. Mr. and Mrs. Welensky returned to South Africa for two or three years, but came back to Salisbury in 1913. Mrs. Welensky was born in 1865 and died and was buried in Salisbury in 1918. Information from her son, Sir Roy Welensky.

MRS. WELLANDSEN, 1896 or earlier
Was rescued with her child in early March, 1896, by T. Casperenthus. Her husband was ill in Bulawayo, and Mrs. Wellandsen and the child had been left on the farm near the junction of the Khami and Gwaai Rivers. It was the time the Matabele Rebellion broke out. Information, Mr. A. M. Ewing, from a letter written by Jack Carruthers.

MRS. C. E. WELLS, 1896
Neé Dorothy Gladys Whyte, born in Rhodesia. Her parents were Brewster Lewis (Masher) Whyte and Florence Marion Cowdray Whyte (née Easton).

MRS. WENTWORTH, 1894 or earlier
The Umtali Advertiser of 16/6/94 stated: "Passengers by today's Salisbury cart are Mr. and Mrs. Judson and Mrs. Wentworth". (National Archives files).

MRS. G. WESTBEECH, 1875
"In 1875 a party was got up to visit the Falls, consisting of Mr. and Mrs. Westbeech . . . they travelled first by ox wagon, then by donkey cart owing to tsetse fly, and finally on foot with carriers . . .". Their exciting adventures are told on p. 223 of Mrs. Boggie's "First Steps in Civilizing Rhodesia". Mr. and Mrs. George Westbeech were married a few months before they arrived with their large party at Pandamutenga at the end of August, 1875. They had journeyed from Shoshong, and moved on to the Falls. Mrs. Westbeech was the daughter of a Transvaal farmer. George Westbeech was the well-known British trader who established Britain's foothold in Barotseland. Information, "Trade and Travel in Early Barotseland", edited by Edward C. Tabler. Mrs. Westbeech and Mrs. Francis, who travelled in the same party, were the first white women to see the Falls. They were both Afrikaners. King Sepopo presented the two of them with fifty pounds of ivory. Information, p. 406 "The Far Interior" (Tabler).

MRS. V. J. WHITFORD, 1894
Formerly Mrs. C. S. Cooper, neé Margaret Elizabeth Montgomery. Arrived with her parents, Mr. George Charles Coleman and Mrs. Susanna Elizabeth Montgomery, from Crocodile River. On Roll of Women Pioneers.
MRS. H. E. WHITEHEARD, 1895
A son, John Arthur, was born to Mrs. Johanna Whiteheard of Gwelo on 23/3/95. Her husband, Homan Edward Whiteheard, was a mason. Information, the Cathedral, Salisbury, Baptismal Register, Vol. I, National Archives.

MRS. WHITTLE, 1896 or earlier
Née Kate Eady. She died in the Exchange Hospital, Bulawayo, on 28/6/96 of typhoid fever. Mrs. Whittle was a widow, aged 32 years. Information, the Death Register, Vol. III, National Archives. Her funeral was conducted by the Rev. E. A. Hammick, according to the Register of Burials, Parish of St. John, Bulawayo.

MRS. WHYTE, 1895

MRS. WIGHT, 1895
Née Katharine Mary Williams. Mr. Williams was a blacksmith in Bulawayo.

CHARLOTTE WILLIAMS, 1895
The name Charlotte Anne Ethelrida Williams appears in the Register of Baptisms, 1894, Parish of St. John, Bulawayo. Charlotte, who was baptised on 19/12/95, was the daughter of Michael Edward and Johanna Mary Williams. Mr. Williams was a blacksmith in Bulawayo.

MRS. H. H. WILLIAMS, 1893
Née Bertha Austin. Accompanied her parents to Rhodesia and was in the Bulawayo laager during the rebellion. Letter from Mr. Eric Muir, her nephew, dated Bulawayo 29/6/1959.

MRS. M. E. WILLIAMS, 1895 or earlier
Johanna Mary Williams was the wife of Michael Edward Williams, a blacksmith in Bulawayo. Their daughter, Charlotte, was baptised on 19/12/95. Information, the Register of Baptisms, Parish of St. John, Bulawayo.

LADY RALPH WILLIAMS, 1883
"An interesting early visitor to the Falls," she trekked from Grahamstown with her husband and little son as far as the wagons would go, then completed the journey on foot with carriers, and reached the Falls on 16/8/1883. They lived there for a while in a grass house. P. 224 "First Steps in Civilizing Rhodesia" (Mrs. Boggie). According to records quoted by Mr. E. C. Tabler in 'The Far Interior', Lady Williams was the first Englishwoman to see the Falls.

MRS. ROBERT WILLIAMS, 1895
This lady arrived in Bulawayo in August, 1895, and attended the wedding of Captain Spreckley and Miss Beatrice Borrow.

MRS. E. WILLIS, 1896 or earlier
This lady is mentioned in the Bulawayo Directory and Handbook of Matabeleland, 1895-1896, as being the owner of Stand No. 565, Grey Street, Bulawayo.

MRS. WILDE, 1890
Née Cornelia Aletta van Rooyen. Daughter of the famous hunter, and arrived with her parents. Mrs. Wilde was in the Mangwe laager during the 1896 Rebellion (on the list supplied by Mrs. Black, Manlua), and later lived at Plumtree. On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MRS. G. A. WILDER, 1893
Wife of Dr. G. A. Wilder. They came with a party of eight American missionaries, two children, and four Zulu evangelists and families to start the American Mission at Mount Selinda. Information in pamphlet sent by Rev. W. D. Webb, Mount Selinda, in reply to my enquiries, January 1956.

MRS. WILEY, 1893
Née Grace Hurrell. She was born in Johannesburg in December, 1891, and came up with her parents the following year. Pp. 242-249 "Experiences of Rhodesia's Pioneer Women" (Mrs. Boggie). On Roll of Women Pioneers.

MISS WILLS, 1894
Came up by ox wagon with her parents. She was in the Bulawayo laager during the rebellion. Miss Williams, a cripple, later lived in Sauerstown. Information from herself, 28/7/59.

MISS WILLIAMS, 1895
"Arrived with mother" to join her father in Bulawayo. On Roll of Women Pioneers.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
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<th>Details</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LADY WREY, 1895</td>
<td></td>
<td>Wife of Sir Bourchier Wrey, née Alice Barton. As Mrs. P. S. B. Wrey she arrived with her daughter,</td>
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<td>Muriel, by ox wagon to join her husband. They were in the Bulawayo laager during the rebellion and</td>
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<td>lived many years in Hillside, Bulawayo. Lady Wrey died in 1952. Information from her daughter, Lady</td>
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<td>Strachan, Salisbury.</td>
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<td>ROSE WRIGHT, 1894 or</td>
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<td>Rose Bell Maud, born 29/6/94, was baptised on 1/9/95, according to the Register of Baptisms, 1894,</td>
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<td>1895</td>
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<td>Parish of St. John, Bulawayo. It does not state whether she was born in Rhodesia. Her parents were</td>
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<td>Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Wright. Mrs. Wright's Christian name was Mary.</td>
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<td>MRS. WILSON, 1894</td>
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<td>Neé Margaret Maria Blackler. Arrived in Bulawayo with her mother, December, 1894. On Roll of Women</td>
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<td>Pioneers.</td>
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<td>MRS. WINSHIP, 1895 or</td>
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<td>At the St. John's Church bazaar held in Bulawayo in July, 1895, Mrs. Winship and her husband supervised</td>
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<td>earlier</td>
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<td>the receipt and despatch of telegrams. The Bulawayo Chronicle 26/7/95.</td>
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<td>MRS. WITHERS, 1893</td>
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<td>Neé Rebecca Nason. Arrived in February, 1893, by ox wagon. Was in the Bulawayo laager during the</td>
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<td>rebellion. Information from herself, May 1957. On Roll of Women Pioneers. Mrs. Withers was a</td>
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<td>foundation pupil of the Convent School, Bulawayo. In rainy weather she found the river a serious</td>
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<td>threat on her stouterheal walk to school. Her problem was solved by an African who waited regularly for</td>
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<td></td>
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<td>her and swam her across so that she got to school on time. Information, the &quot;History of the Convent</td>
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<td>School&quot;, written by Sister Mary Adminibrilis.</td>
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<td>MRS. WOOLACOTT, 1895</td>
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<td>Neé Dorcas Barber Cook. Travelled by Zeederberg's coach, arriving in Bulawayo in October, 1895. It was</td>
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<td>in the laager during the rebellion. Died in Bulawayo in 1949. Information from her son. On Roll of Women</td>
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MRS. MEREDITH, 1895 or earlier
Melina was my great-grandmother. She immigrated permanently to the United States in 1912. She was a decorated Boer War nurse who received the Royal Red Cross in 1902. She remarried in 1907 to the noted stage and silent film actor Charles Wellesley. Melina acted on stage and in Hollywood throughout her teens and twenties. She died in 1944 in New York. Mrs. Meredith is emphatically not Melina Da Fonseca Rork. She is an impostor who pretended to be Melina long after her death.

Information Source: April Blakely, South-Africa Mailing List at Rootsweb.com.

MRS. R. FAIRBRIDGE, 1896
According to my records, Mrs. R. Fairbridge's maiden name was Rosalie Helen Ogilvie, not Lovemore. Her mother was a Lovemore. Was it possible her maiden name was Rosalie Helen Lovemore Ogilvie? I show that she was born 5th June 1864. That date came from the IGI.

Information Source: Jennifer Bell, South-Africa Mailing List at Rootsweb.com.

MRS. HAMILTON BROWNE, 1893
The following summary is made from an article entitled "Colonel" George Hamilton-Brown(s): A case of False Pretences. Written by Dr. L.H. Barber, Senior Lecturer in History, University of Waikato New Zealand, and published in the New Zealand Law Journal January, 1982.

Dr. Barber was first alerted to the fraud when he noted Hamilton-Brown’s insistence in sporting the New Zealand Medal in photographs that accompanied two of the three books he wrote. With the Lost Legion in New Zealand (London 1911) Camp Fire Yarns of the Lost legion (London 1913) and A Lost Legionary in South Africa. The photograph together with a published article in the British Army Historical Research Journal which gave undue deference to Colonel Hamilton-Brown as a reliable authority on the New Zealand Wars, (also called the Maori wars) started Dr. Barber’s research.

Colonel George Hamilton-Brown writes Barber is an impostor... He was not a colonel, nor did he win the New Zealand Medal nor did he fight in the New Zealand Wars.

Research revealed that not only was no award of the medal made to an officer of that name but no one of that name had served in the NZ Wars during the period 1860-1872. There was an Irishman, G. Hamilton-Brown who enlisted in the Constabulary in 1872 to be discharged, still a trooper in 1875. He would not have been awarded the NZ Medal, a campaign medal only. He emerges as an Irishman, in the Armed Constabulary for three years and three months during which he apparently gathered many barrack-room yarns, obviously for later use. At his discharge he became a publican until in deep debt he fled to South Africa. Here, what with the influx of imperial troops for the annexation of the Transvaal and the invasion of Zululand, his self-promotion paid dividends (for him). Known as "Maori" Brown, Chelmsford gave him command of 1/3 Natal Native Contingent. Unpopular with hisloyd (London 1973) was unreliable, a makeshift soldier. Nor did he know how many of his native contingent had been lost crossing the Buffalo River, as he had never bothered to count them. After the war he ravaged and most brutally attacked the kraals (D.R. Morris The Washing of Spears. New York 1979.)

Hamilton-Brown claimed to have fought in the Basuto and Timbuki Wars, 1880-81, in Warren’s expedition 1884, as adjutant to the Diamond Fields Horse 1886-09, Dinizulu Rebellion, Matabele War 1893, Mashonaland rebellion 1896-7.

In London 1909 a newspaper article referred to Colonel Hamilton-Brown, a veteran Officer of the Colonial Regulars... was willing to black shoes for a living and later sold his medals.

A wealthy widow offered marriage because she believed he was the man who had saved the life of her soldier lover later to fall at Khartoum. Hamilton-Brown accepted the widow and her fortune, but left Sara in London in strained circumstances to appear in Jamaica in 1916. Dr. Barber’s references other than Lloyd and Morris quoted above, include:

D.A. Corbett The Regimental Badges of New Zealand, Auckland, 1980.

Mrs Barbara Cooper for information from the papers of Gilbert Mair NZC.


In my own reading I have come across three other references to this astonishing man. In Colonel R.S.S. Baden-Powell’s book The Matabele Campaign 1896, (Methuen London, 1897), pp. 483/4, dated 9th December, from Untiali is a letter to his mother. He says Tonight we had dinner with "Maori"B., who was with me with the Native levy in Zululand in 1888. Celebrated over Africa for his yarns of fighting and adventure. Originally of a fine old Irish family – arrested while a schoolboy from Cheltenham on his way to shoot at Wimbledon, on suspicion of being a Fenian: enlisted as a gunner; blew up his father with a squib cigar; shot his man in a duel in Germany; hiked into Lake Geneva; went to New Zealand where for twelve years he fought the Maoris; ate a child when starving; afterwards hunted the bushrangers in Australia; took a schooner in search of copper island or anything else of value; next a Papal Zaaove; under Colonel Dodge in America fought the Sioux. When with Pullen’s troops in South Africa, his men shot at him while bathing; he beat them with an ox-yoke; they stole an ostrich and hid it; a row among themselves followed, begun by a Kentish navvy who complained he did not get his fair share of the "duck"... B denies that in the Maori war the Maoris displayed a flag of truce for more ammunition, but to ask the troops to stop firing shells into town, so as to let them have water – "else how can you expect us to fight?" they said. Then he became a gold digger; fought in the Galeka war, Dinizulu, first Matabele campaign and lastly present operations, in which he is a major in the Untiali forces.

Information Source: Pat Frykberg, South-Africa Mailing List at Rootsweb.com.